## Healthy Lakes Planning Workshop



# Agenda

- Welcome introductions with goals, resources
- Healthy Lakes Overview with examples of sites that are not appropriate for these projects
  - 5 Best Practices fish sticks, 350ft<sup>2</sup> native plantings, diversion, rock infiltration, rain gardens
  - Healthy Lakes Grants application & administration
- Planning Tools how to prepare for Healthy Lakes projects
- Habitat: DNR's Shoreland Habitat Inventory
- People: Social Surveys, Messaging, One-on-One, and More
- Site Specific: Decision Tool: Managing Runoff with Healthy Lakes Best Practices
- Site Specific: 350 ft2 Native Planting Guidance

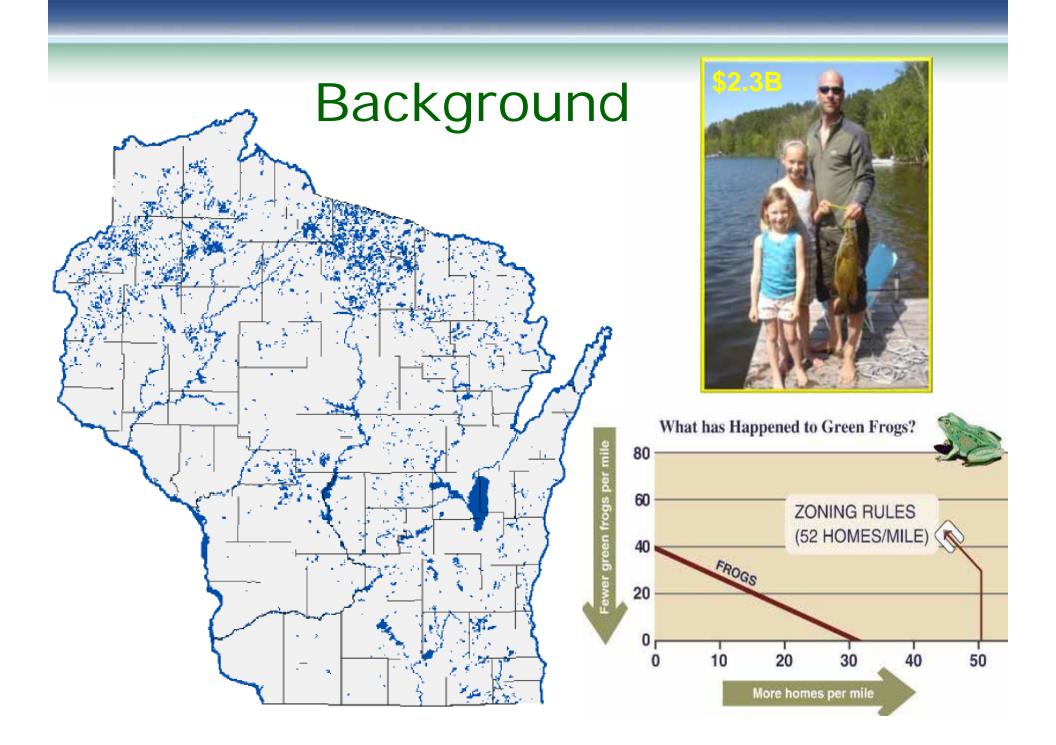




### RESOURCES

- www.healthylakeswi.com
- Professional Shoreland Habitat Training (UW-Extension)
- Future workshops we're here to help!







### Wisconsin's 2014-2017 Healthy Lakes Implementation Plan

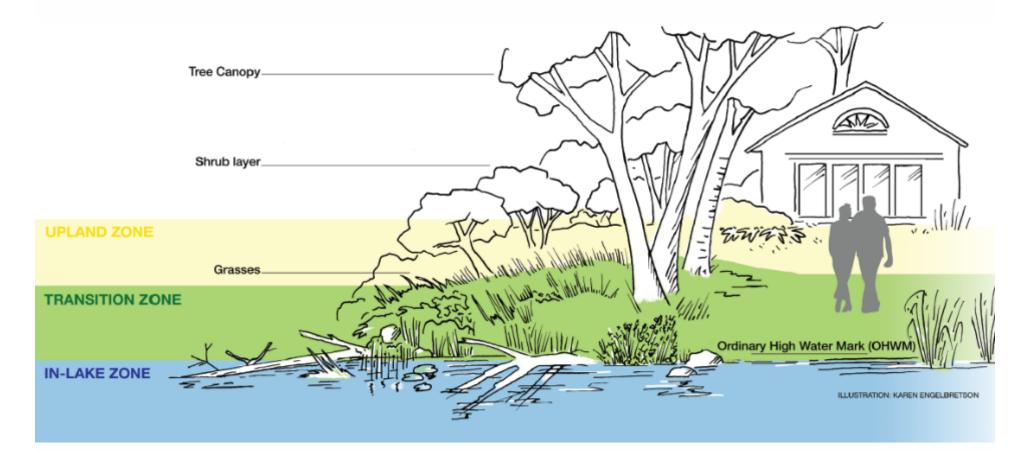
<u>Goal:</u> protect and improve the health of Wisconsin lakes by increasing lakeshore property owner participation in habitat restoration and runoff and erosion control projects.



### Wisconsin's 2014-2017 Healthy Lakes Implementation Plan

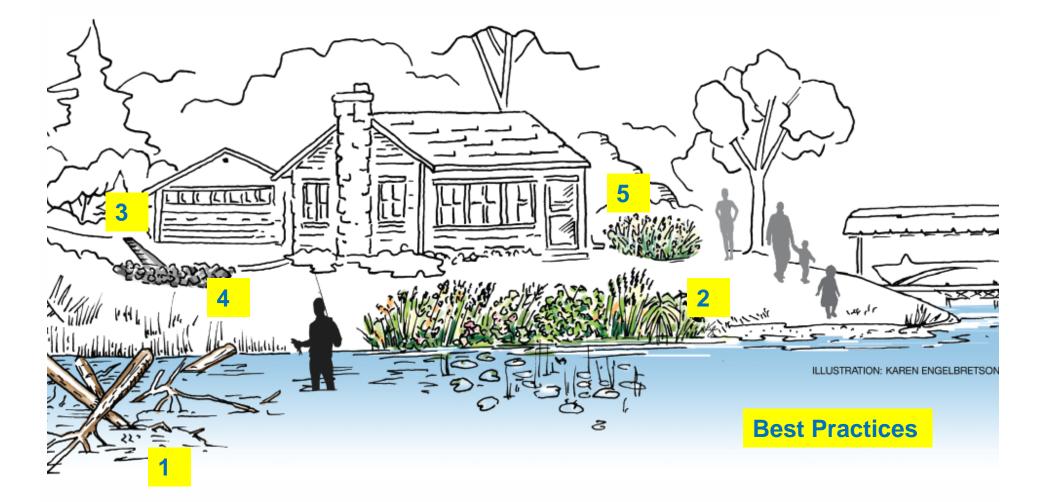


### Wisconsin's 2014-2017 Healthy Lakes Implementation Plan



### Healthy Lakes project participation is voluntary. <sup>9</sup>

### Healthy Lakes Best Practices



# Healthy Lakes isn't for everyone or everywhere.

# Not intended for complex sites where engineering design/review needed

Managing Runoff - Design Tool

### Seek Engineering Assistance When...

- Construction occurs on slopes >20%.
- More than 20,000 square feet are cleared.
- More than two acres drains to an eroded area.
- Severe gully erosion (at least one foot deep) is present.
- You are not comfortable implementing solutions on your own.

## NOT for steep slopes



### NOT for largely cleared parcels



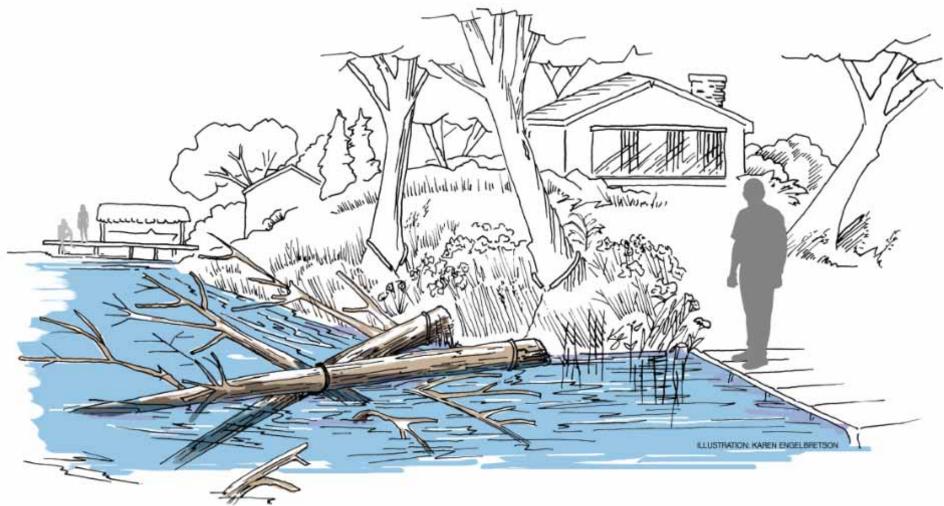
### NOT for >2 acres draining to eroded area



## NOT for severe gullies



### Practice #1: Fish Sticks



🖌 Healthy

17

Lakes

### Practice #1: Fish Sticks



Pewaukee Lake, Waukesha County (Tom Koepp)

 Commit to no-mow or 350 ft<sup>2</sup> native planting at the base







State of Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources dnr.wi.gov HABITAT STRUCTURE – FISH STICKS General Permit Application Checklist (11/2013)

#### **GENERAL PERMIT APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS**

To apply for this General Permit, submit all of the required information listed below. A complete submittal with detailed plans will allow us to make a decision about your permit application. Permit processing review times begin when the application is received by the Department and is determined to be complete.

Please note that you are responsible for obtaining all necessary local (e.g. city, town, village or county) and U.S. Army Corps of Engineer permits or approvals in addition to any applicable state permits prior to commencing any work at the project site.

The Department offers the opportunity to apply electronically for all waterway and wetland permits. The Water Permits portal page can be found at <a href="http://dnr.wi.gov/Permits/Water/">http://dnr.wi.gov/Permits/Water/</a>

#### Informational Requirements:

- Application form. A complete, signed application form "Water Resources Application for Project Permits (WRAPP)" (Form# 3500-53) <u>http://dnr.wi.gov/files/PDF/forms/3500/3500-053.pdf</u>.
- Application fee. Checks should be made payable to "Wisconsin DNR." A list of fees can be found at <u>http://dnr.wi.gov/topic/waterways/Permits/PermitProcess.html</u>.
- Site maps which clearly illustrate the location and perimeter of the project site, and its relationship to nearby water resources (e.g. lakes, rivers, streams, wetlands), major landmarks and roads.
- Photographs that clearly show the existing project area. Remember that too much snow cover or vegetation may obscure important details. If possible, have another person stand near the project area for size reference.
- Project plans and specifications reflecting the General Permit Eligibility Standards as listed in the projectspecific checklist below. If your project does not meet all of the eligibility standards, you will need to apply for an Individual Permit.
- 6. Electronic documents. If you are applying on paper, all documents listed above must also be submitted in an electronic format, either by enclosing a disk with your application materials, providing a link to an ftp site, or by other electronic methods. If possible, please create a separate file for each component of the application (i.e., forms, photos, maps, plans, etc.). Each file must be less than 15 megabytes in size, and the total size of the files combined must be less than 30 megabytes.

If you are applying electronically, you may be prompted for some of these items separately during the electronic submittal process.

#### Don't Forget! Additional Requirement:

 An applicant who applies for coverage under this general permit for the placement of fish sticks must indicate in the application materials whether you will allow, as part of your permit coverage, to let new fish sticks sites on the same lake to be afforded coverage under your general permit at a later date with no additional fee required. HABITAT STRUCTURE – FISH STICKS

### General Permit Application Checklist

http://dnr.wi.gov/topic/waterw ays/documents/PermitDocs/ GPs/GP6-FishSticks.pdf

#### **NEWSFLASH:**

Permitted Fish Sticks structures are immune from civil lawsuits, thanks to recent legislation initiated by Rhinelander area lake groups!



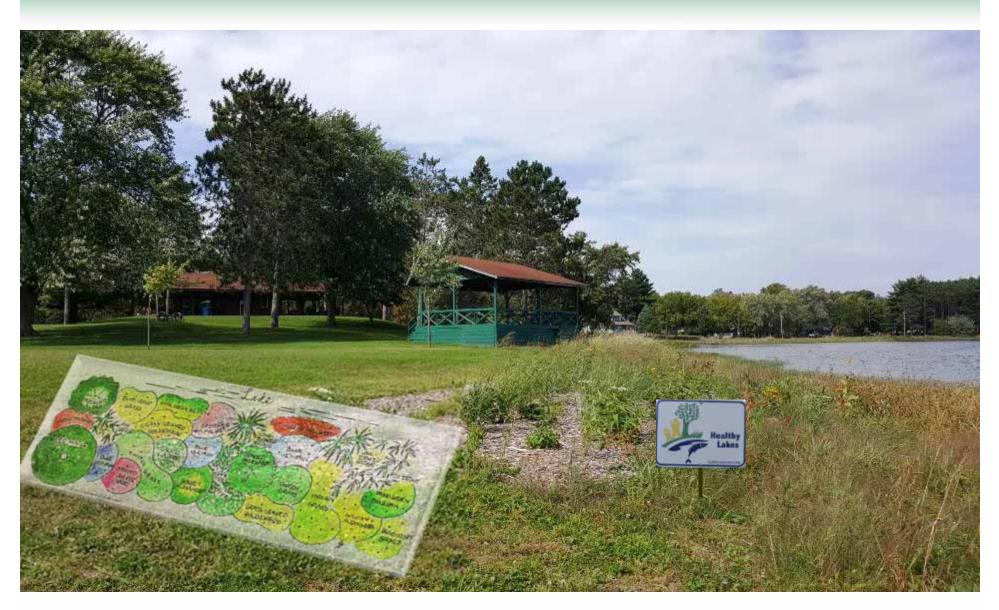
### Practice #2: 350 ft<sup>2</sup> Native Plantings



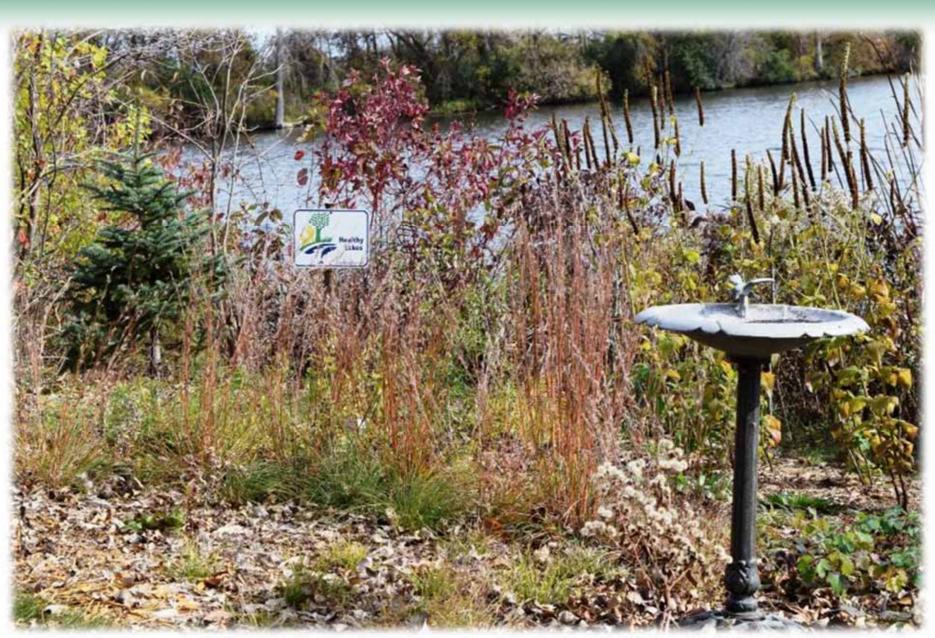
(Robert Korth)

- 350 contiguous ft<sup>2</sup> at least 10 feet wide
- One 350 ft<sup>2</sup> native planting per property per year





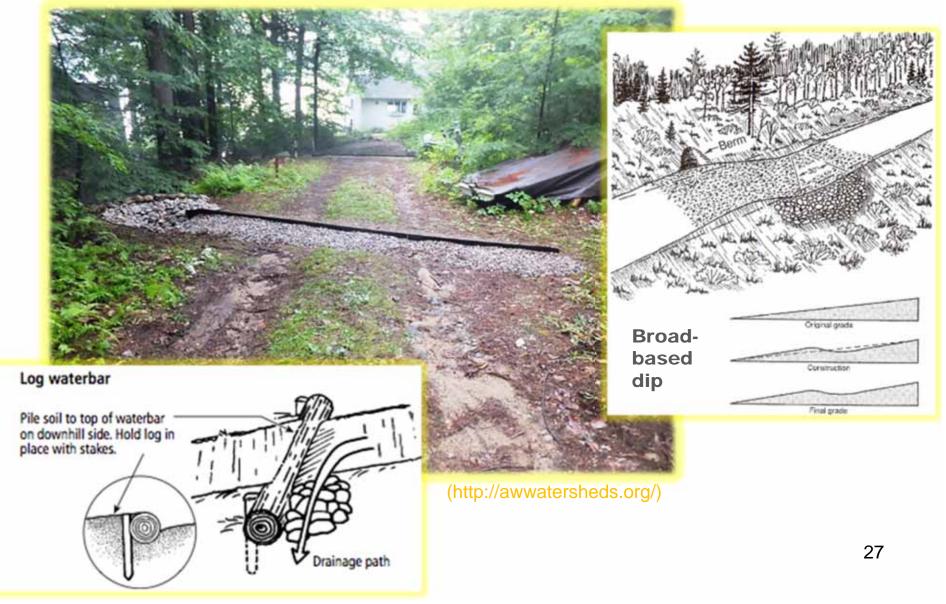
Village of Frederic, Coon Lake, Polk County



Beaver Dam Lake, Dodge County

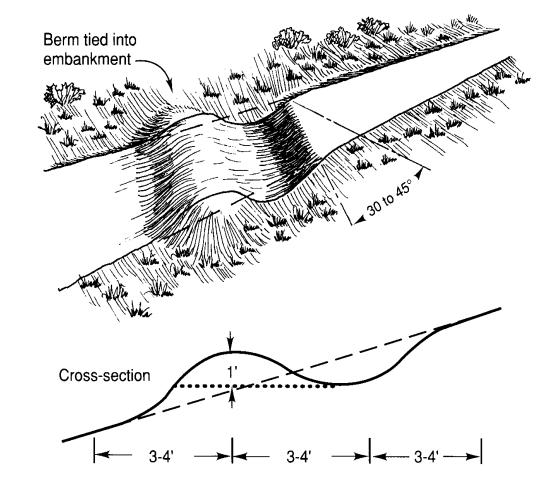
11111 10' X 35' block Stay away from foot traffic areas and septic field Look for erosion prone areas in need of rehabilitation: bare ground; rilled or rutted areas; slumped banks

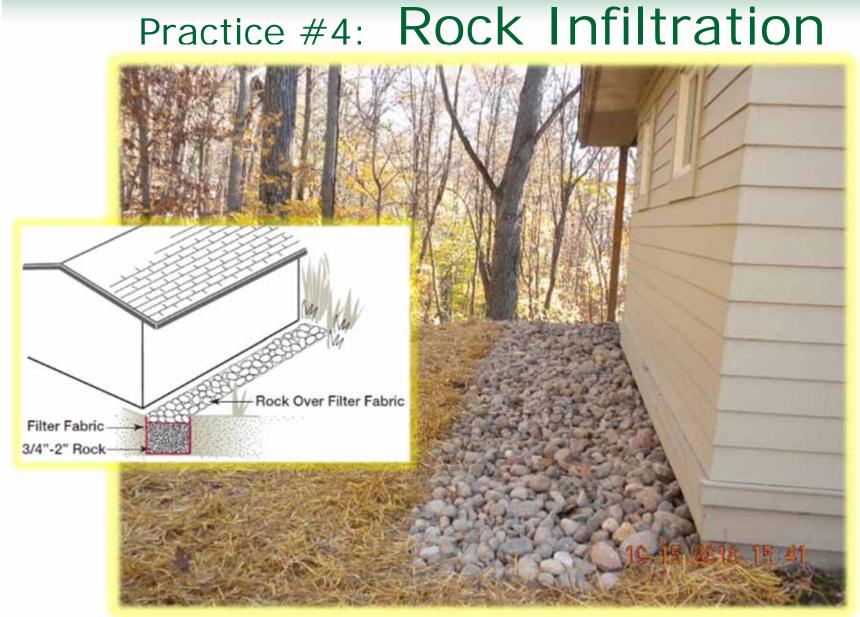
### Practice #3: Diversion



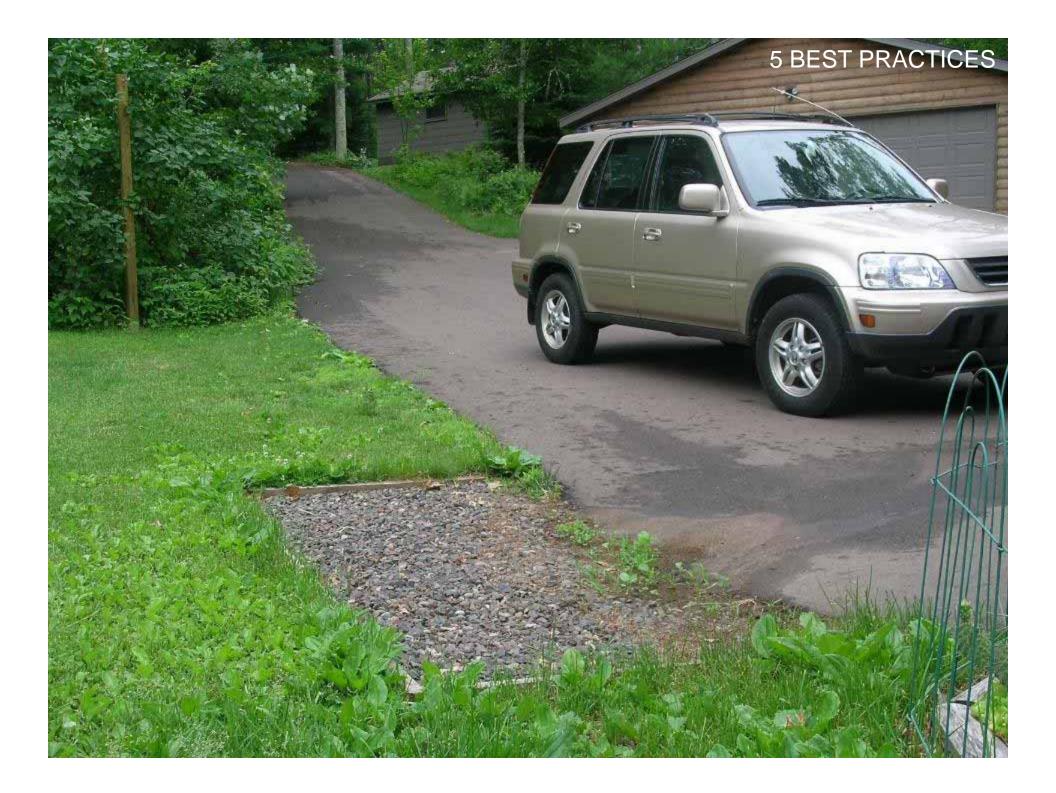
### Pathway and Driveway Diversions

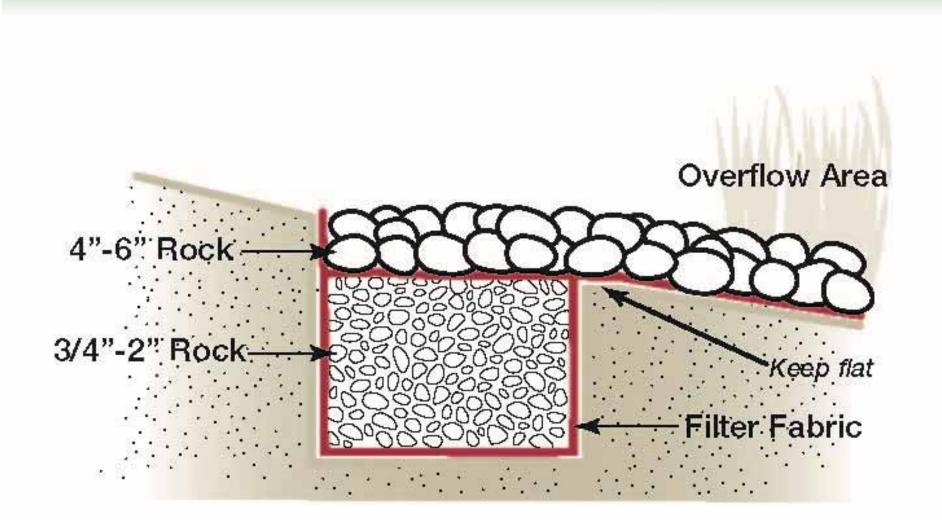
### S Broad Dip S Water Bars





Deer Lake, Polk County (Cheryl Clemens)





### Practice #5: Rain Garden





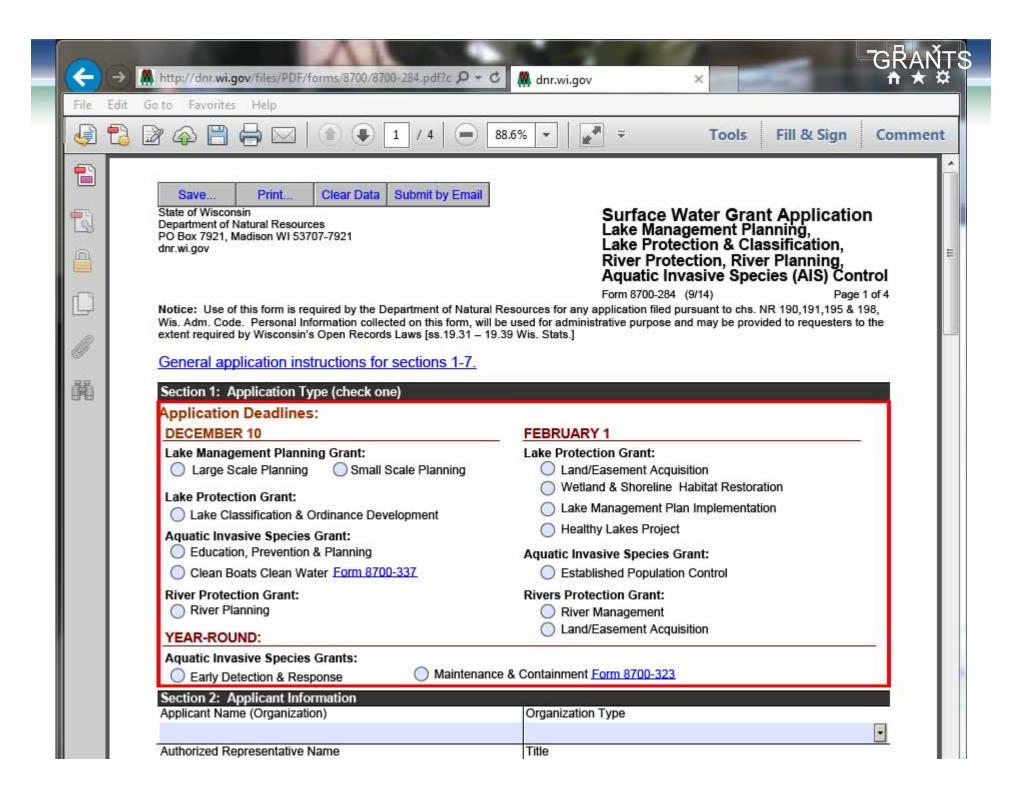


Nagawicka Lake, Waukesha County

#### GRANTS

# Healthy Lakes Grants

- Annual deadline February 1
- \$25,000 state cap with up to 10% of it for technical assistance and project management
  - 75/25% state/sponsor match reimbursement grant
  - Eligible sponsors, including qualified lake associations, lake districts, counties and other local government units, may apply on behalf of multiple landowners
  - Standard **2-year** grant agreement
- Each best practice capped at \$1000 state share
- 10-year contract with standard operation & maintenance details described in grant agreement
  - Grant sponsor develops and administers contract that landowner signs
- Self-reporting or site visits on 10% of projects annually



#### GRANTS

### Lake Management Plan Implementation Healthy Lakes Project Application Surface Water C

Application Instructions

Surface Water Grant Application Lake Management Planning, Lake Protection & Classification, River Protection, River Planning, Aquatic Invasive Species (AIS) Control Form 8700-284 (9/14) Page 5 of 5

	Application Type: L		2		,			1
	A. Project Area, Landowner and Practice Information (Provide a parcel map showing property location of all participating landowners.)							
	Name of Lake							Add
								Lake
	Landowner Name Parcel Number							Add
								Landownei
	Has the landowner signed a participation pledge? O Yes O No Practices to be Installed and Costs							_
								[
	Zone 1: In-lake	Cost	Zone 2: Transition		Cost	Zone 3: Upland	Cost	_
	Fish Sticks		Native Planting	5		Rain Garden	s	
			Diversion Practices	\$		Diversion Practices	\$	
Changing						Rock Infiltration Prac	s	
Changing!	Provide a parcel ma	p showing parop	erty location of all parti	cipatin	g landowners	-		-
	B. Products and Delive	erables						
Signed Conservation Commitment w/ completed installation checksheet & O&M plan								

Pre and Post project installation photographs

Summary of other education activities

Summary of publicity events to promote the Lake Heath Initiative project

C. Data to be Collected All practices have standardized data reporting requirements as defined in the Conservation Commitment and as explained in the grant application guidance.

#### D. Role of project in planning and/or management of lake

Has the Statewide Healthy Lakes Implementation Plan been adopted? If so, identify how the plan was adopted:

By resolution (provide date of resolution):

Through a local planning process (provide name of plan and date of adoption):

Other – Specify:

Describe:

#### GRANTS

# Participation Pledge (optional)



#### HEALTHY LAKES PARTICIPATION PLEDGE

I/we Mr. and Mrs. Lake-Lover pledge to participate in Wisconsin's Healthy Lakes initiative. More property owners implementing the suggested best practices over time may eventually add up to significant success and healthier lakes for current and future generations.

I/We pledge to work with DNR Lake Protection Grant sponsor <u>Healthy Lakes Association</u> to install the following best practice(s) to restore fish and wildlife lakeshore habitat and/or prevent storm water runoff and erosion. (check practices to be installed on the property)

- Fish Sticks
- 350 square feet native plantings
- Diversion practice(s)
- Infiltration practice(s)
- Rain garden

I/We understand that by signing this Pledge I/we am/are indicating a strong interest to follow through with a Healthy Lakes project on my/our property, but this is not a legal requirement to do so.

Describe Personal Participation Goal (optional):

Name: John and Jane Lake-lover (please print)

Phone #: (123) - 456-7890

E-mail address: lovinglakes@yoohoo.com

Signed: John Lale-Lover and Jane Lake-Lover

Date: 01/01/2015

### Grant Review/Ranking

- LPT 191.07 <u>Priorities (4)</u> The department *may* consider the following factors when developing a project priority list:
- The degree to which the project provides for the protection or improvement of water quality
  - E.g. ORW/ERW, impaired?
- The degree to which the project provides for protection or improvement of other aspects of the natural ecosystem such as fish and wildlife habitat, native vegetation or natural beauty
  - E. g. sites adjacent to sensitive area, support from fisheries, wildlife, etc.
- The availability of public access to, and public use of, the lake.
  - E. g. public property or demonstration sites
- The degree to which the proposed project complements other lake and watershed management efforts including local comprehensive plans and the level of support from other affected management units or organizations
  - E. g. partner support, other plans
- The likelihood of the project to successfully meet the stated project objectives and 2-year timeline and the degree of detail in the application
  - E. g. landowner commitment, neighbors participating together, costs, baseline monitoring/inventory completed, compliance monitoring/maintenance assistance

### **RESULTS**

### 2015-2017: 407 Best Practices, 267 Properties, 56 Lakes, 21 Counties \$377K state investment

