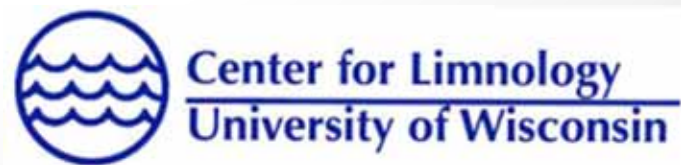


Citizen Scientists Help Identify Long-term Trends in Water Clarity Across the United States

Noah R. Lottig

University of Wisconsin Center for Limnology

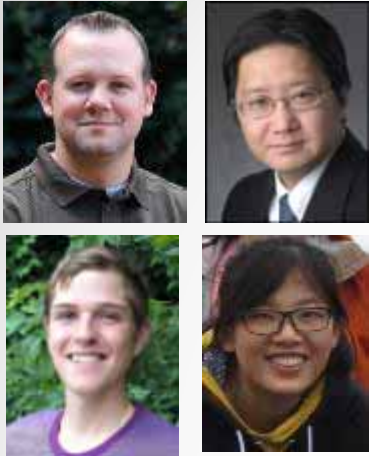


What are the long-term patterns of water clarity



Pietro Angelo Secchi

Ecoinformatics



GIS science



FW science



Statistics & machine learning



LAke GeOSpatial temporal database



Data volume

State & tribal agencies

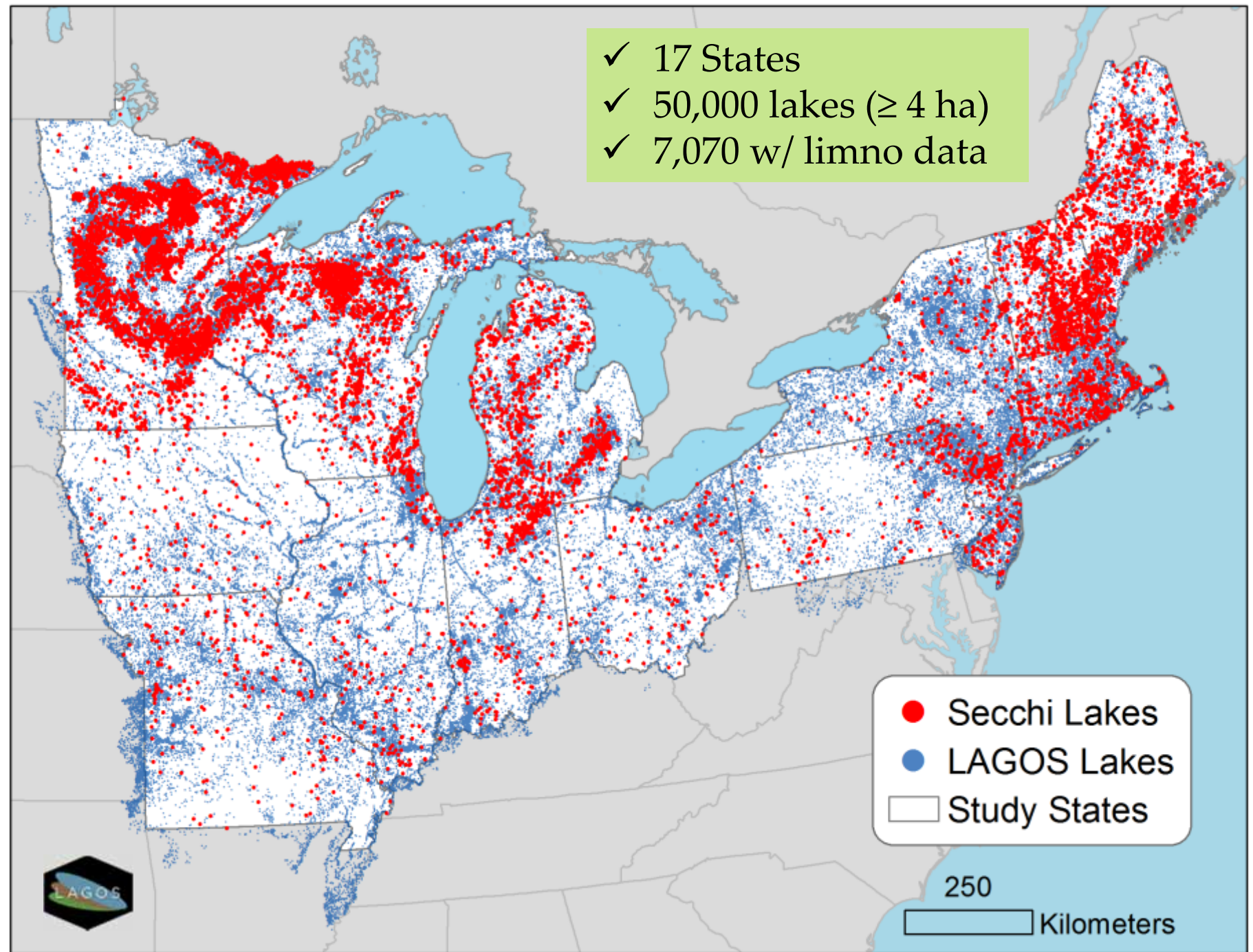
Citizen monitoring programs

Federal agencies

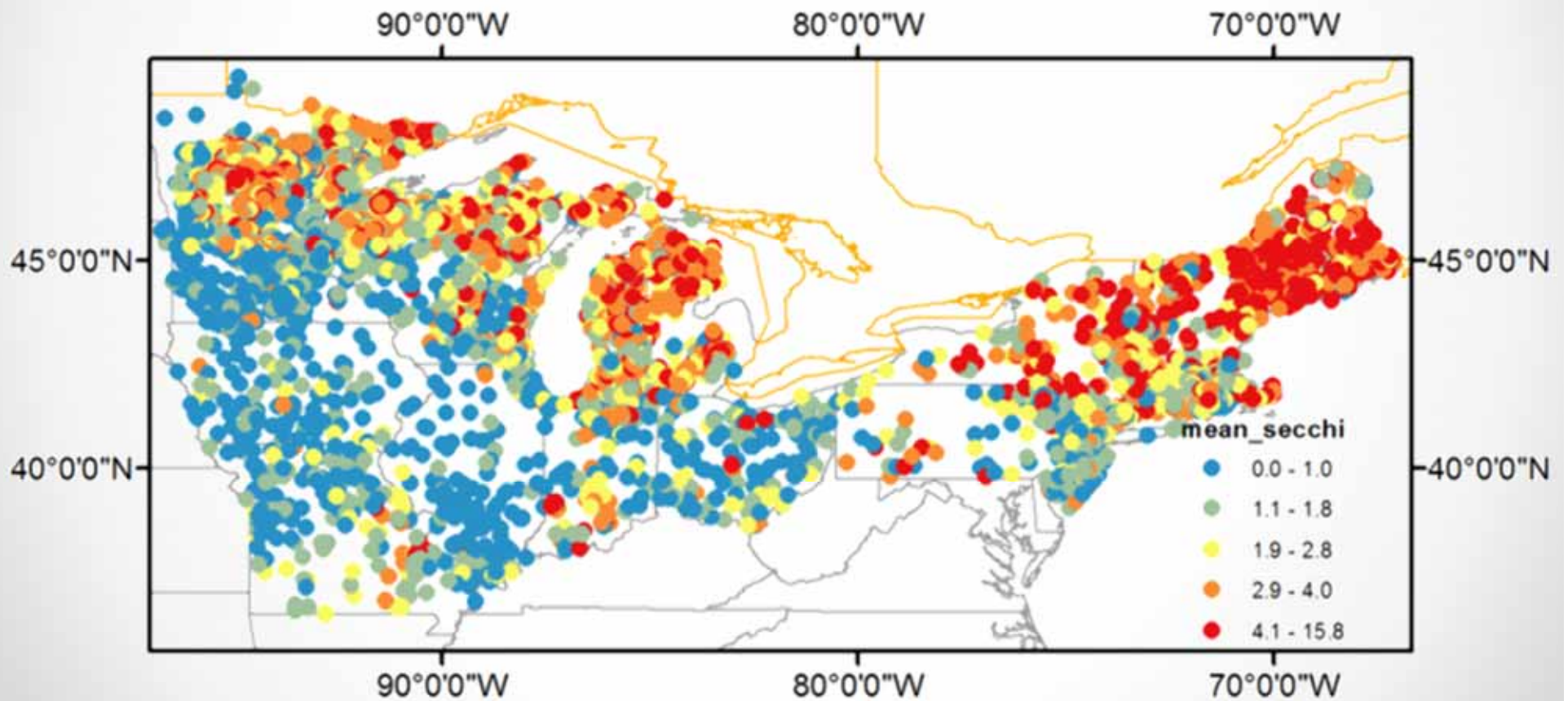
University researchers

Limnological data sources (*~90 total*)

- ✓ 17 States
- ✓ 50,000 lakes (≥ 4 ha)
- ✓ 7,070 w/ limno data



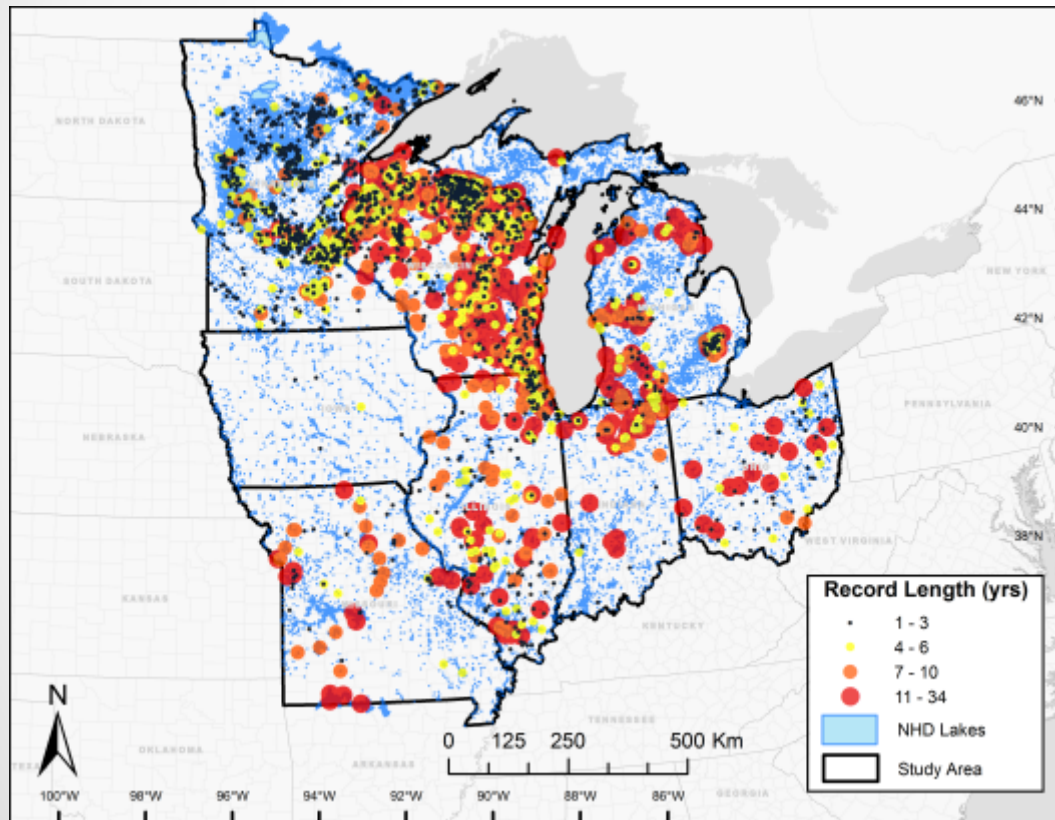
Average Secchi



Research Questions

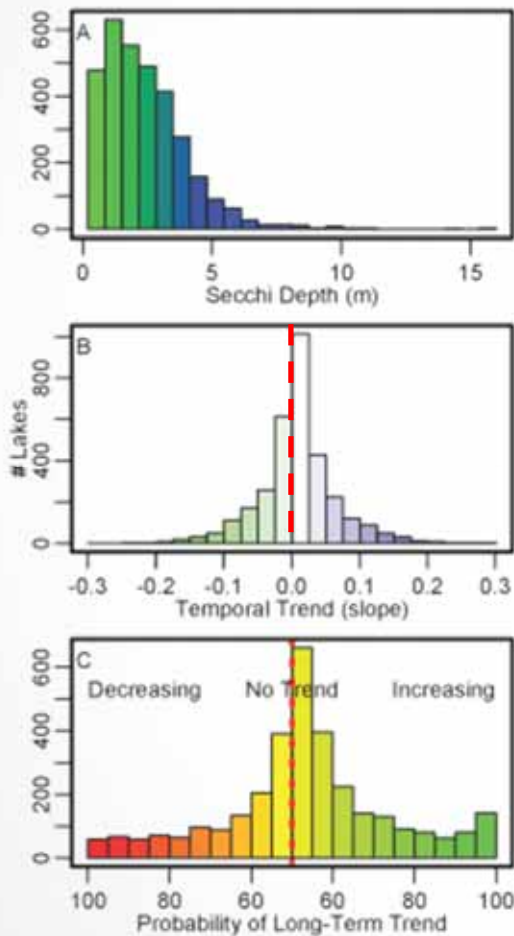
- What are the long-term trends in water clarity across a broad spatial extent
- How does spatial location, size, and monitoring time period influence long-term trends

Long-term lake clarity trends



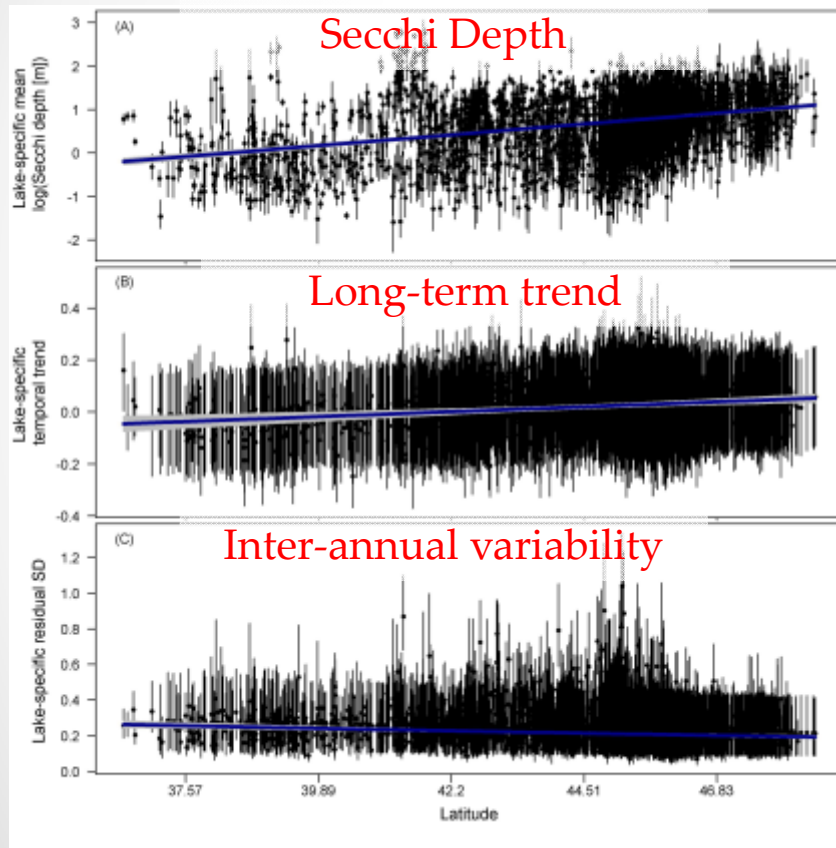
- Citizen Data!
- 8 States
- 239,741 observations
- Summer Observations
- 21,020 annual values
- 3,251 different lakes

Long-term lake clarity trends

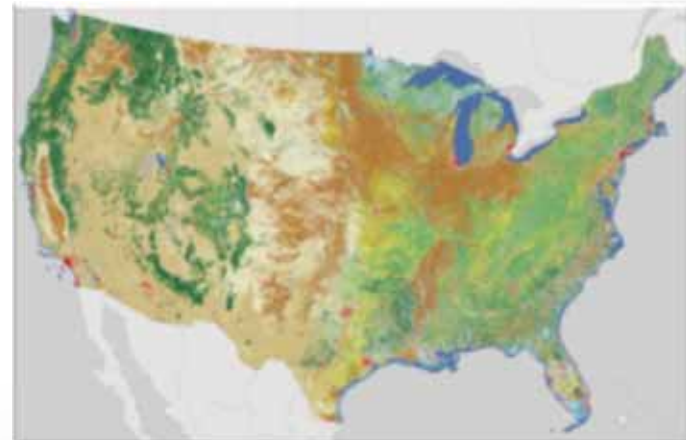


- Average Secchi (2.4m)
- Low inter-annual variability (30%)
- 1% yr⁻¹ increase in Secchi depth
- Few lakes with significant long-term trends
 - 7% increasing
 - 4% decreasing

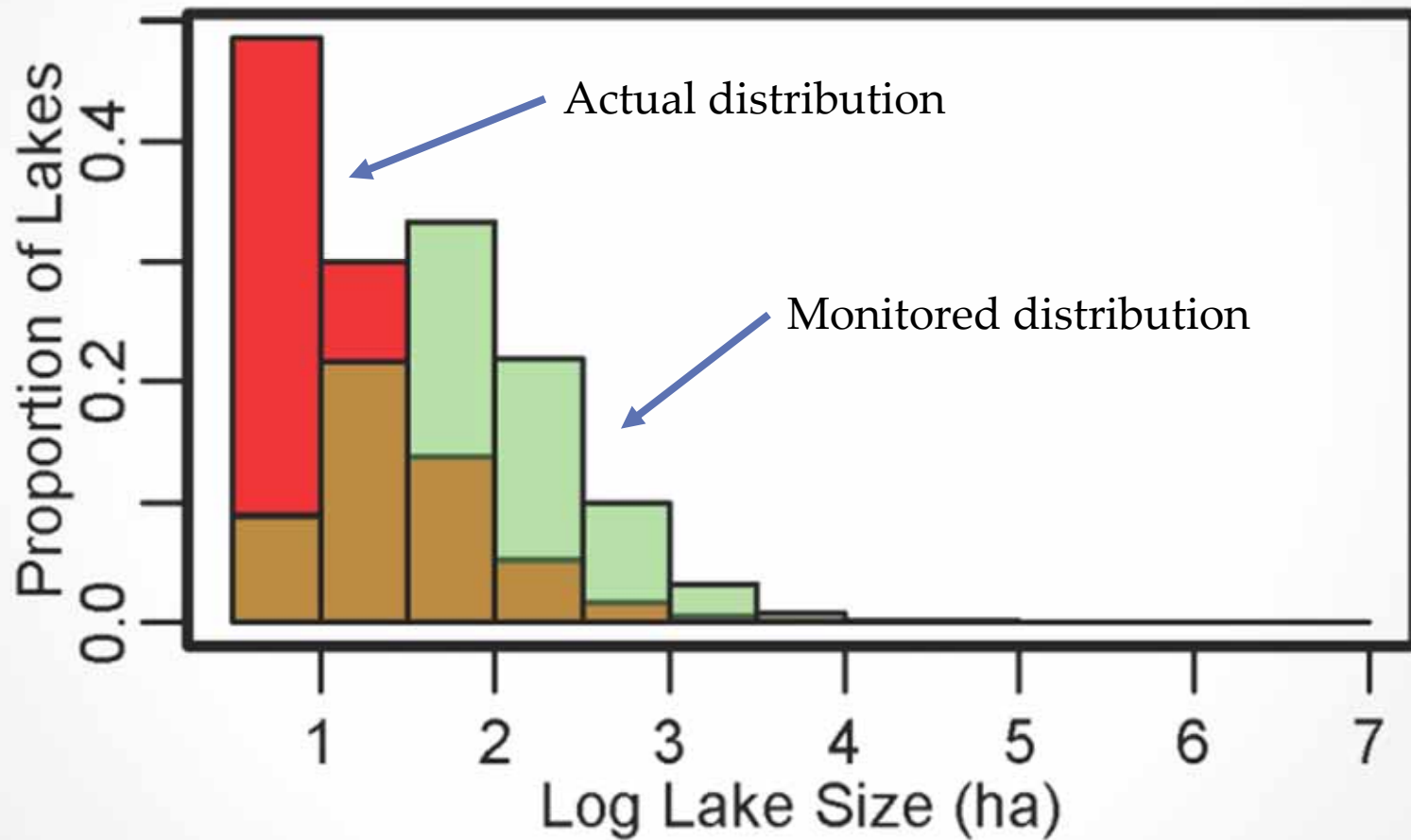
Long-term lake clarity trends – Spatial Location



1. Latitudinal gradients in Secchi depth
2. Latitudinal gradients in long-term trends
3. Latitudinal gradients in inter-annual variability

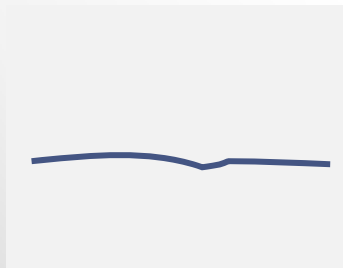
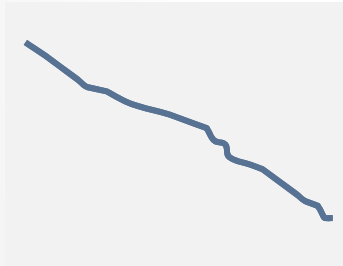
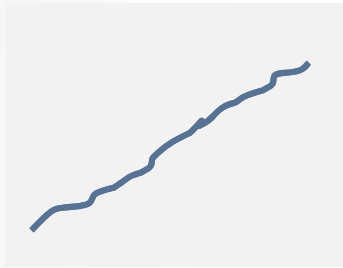


Not monitoring small lakes!

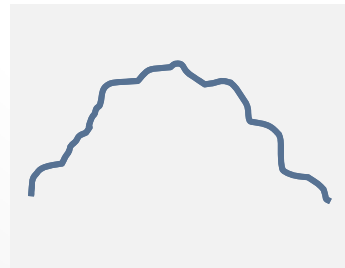
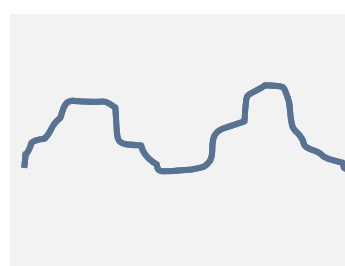
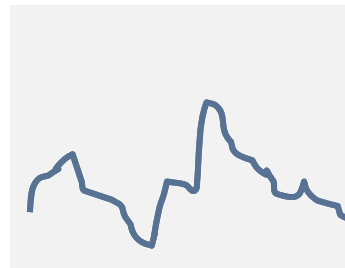


What are the long-term secchi patterns?

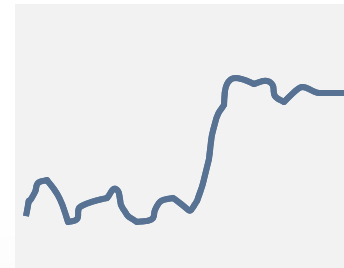
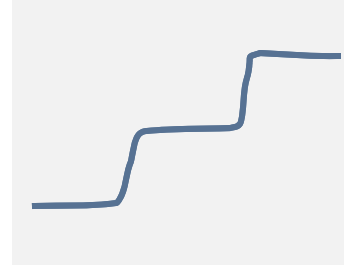
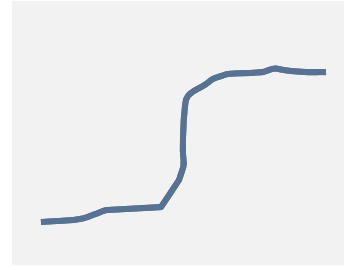
Linear-trend



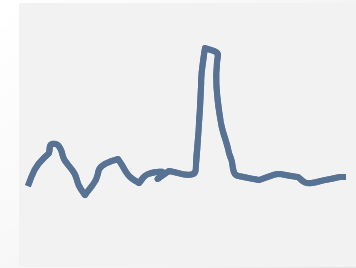
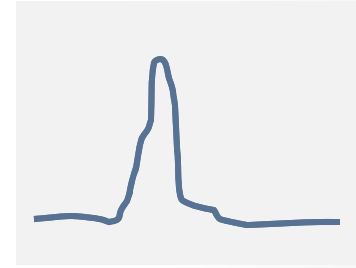
Non-linear



Threshold



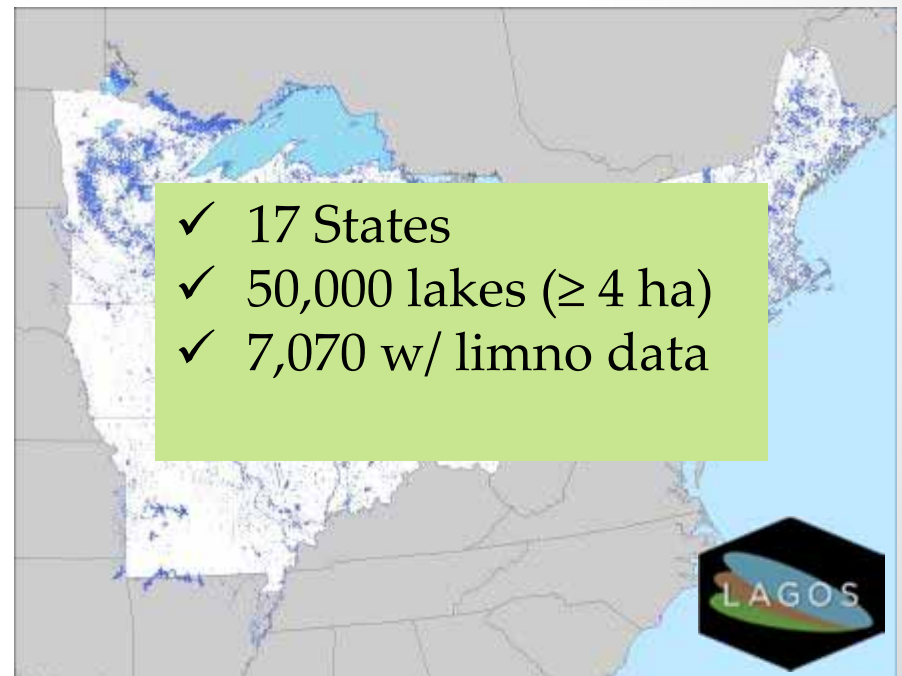
Anomalous event



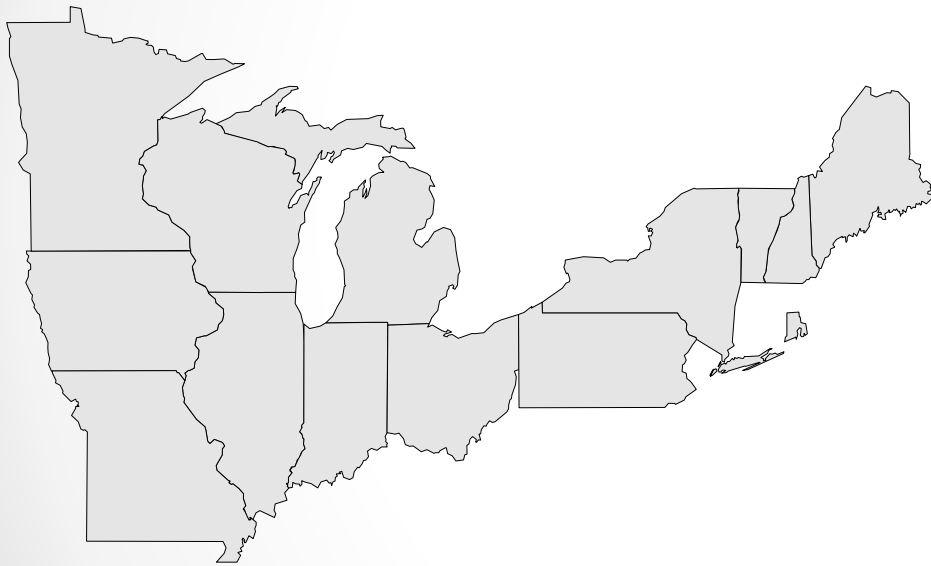
Research Questions:

1. What are secchi patterns across large spatial scales?
2. Do lakes exhibit similar patterns?
3. Can we identify factors influencing patterns
 - Spatial
 - Local
 - Regional

LAke GeOSpatial
temporal database

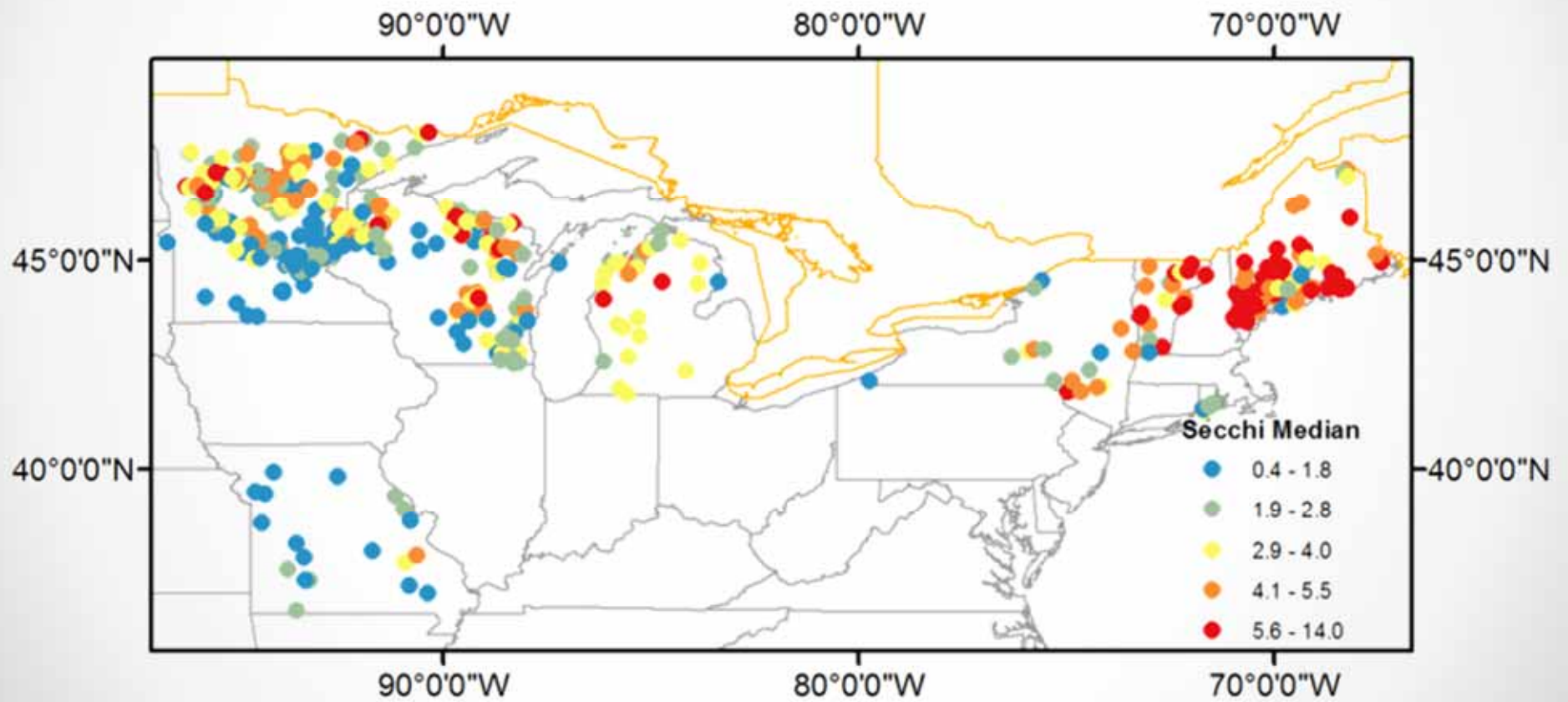


Long-term Secchi data



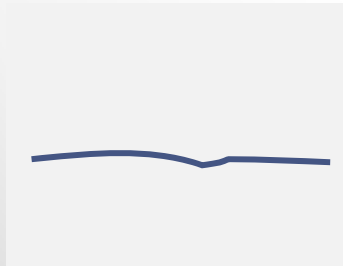
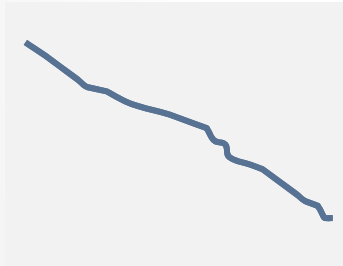
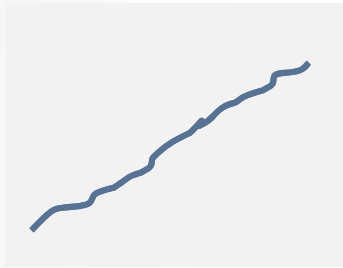
- 22+ years of data
- 1987 – 2012
 - $\geq 88\%$ overlap among time-series
- Annual median value
 - 15 June – 15 September
- 601 lakes / 8 states

Average Secchi

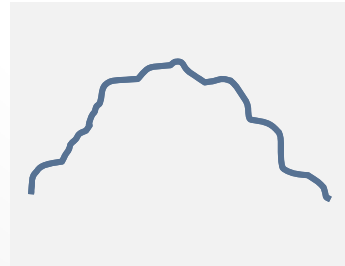
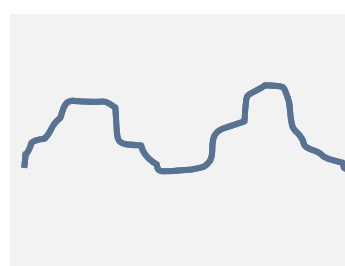
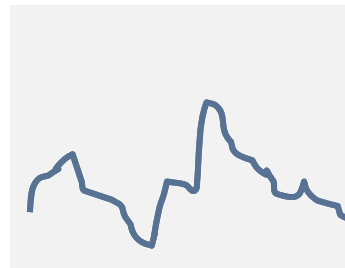


What are the long-term secchi patterns?

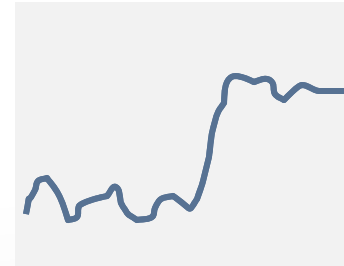
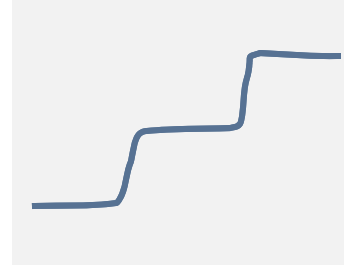
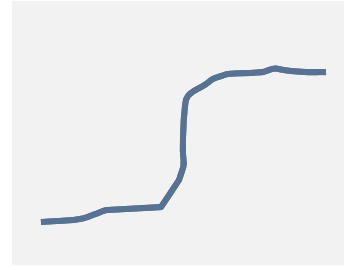
Linear-trend



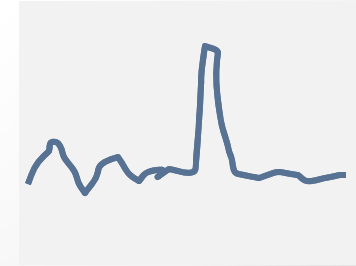
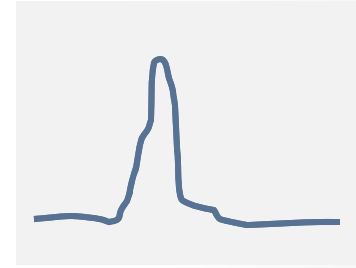
Non-linear



Threshold



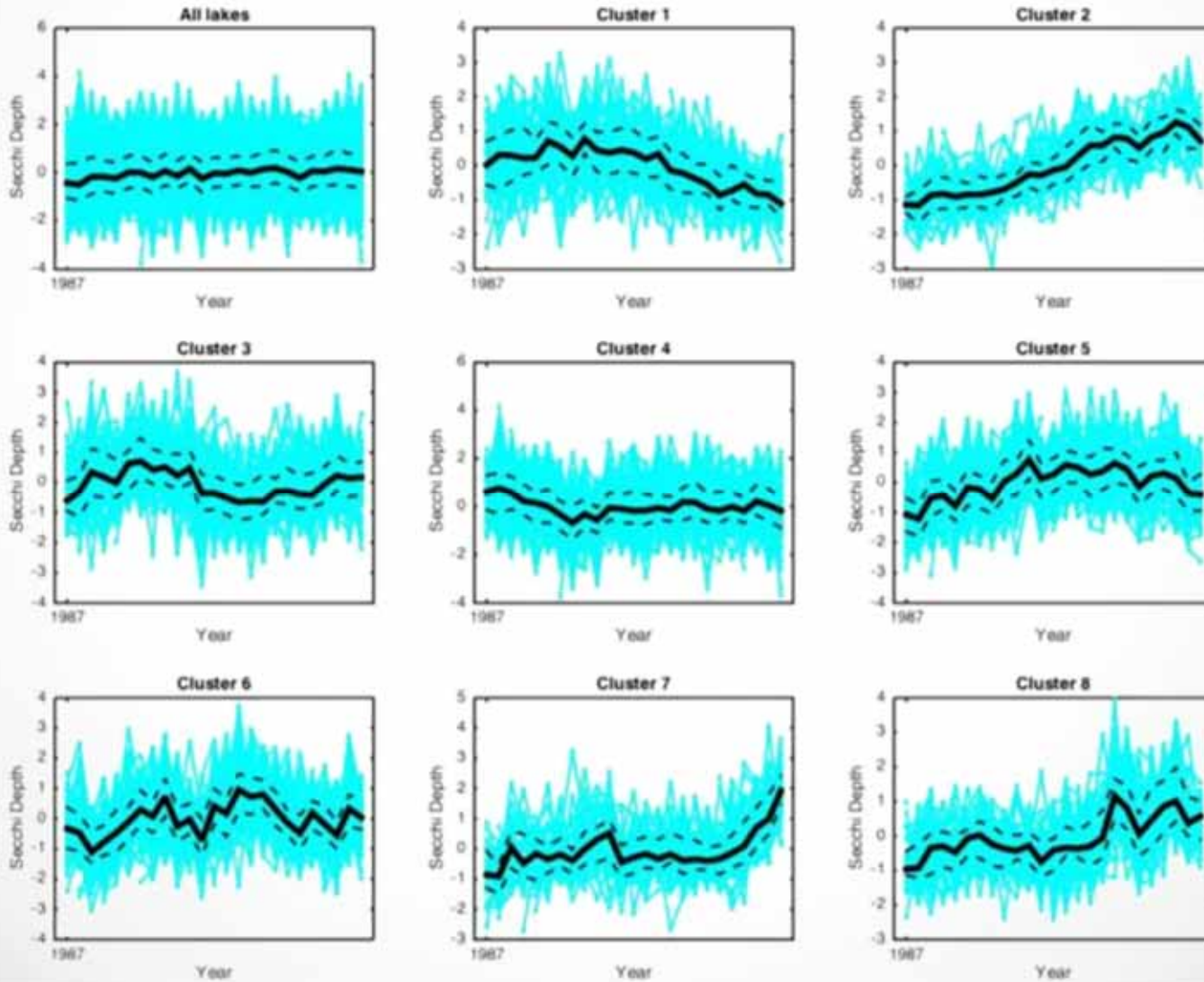
Anomalous event



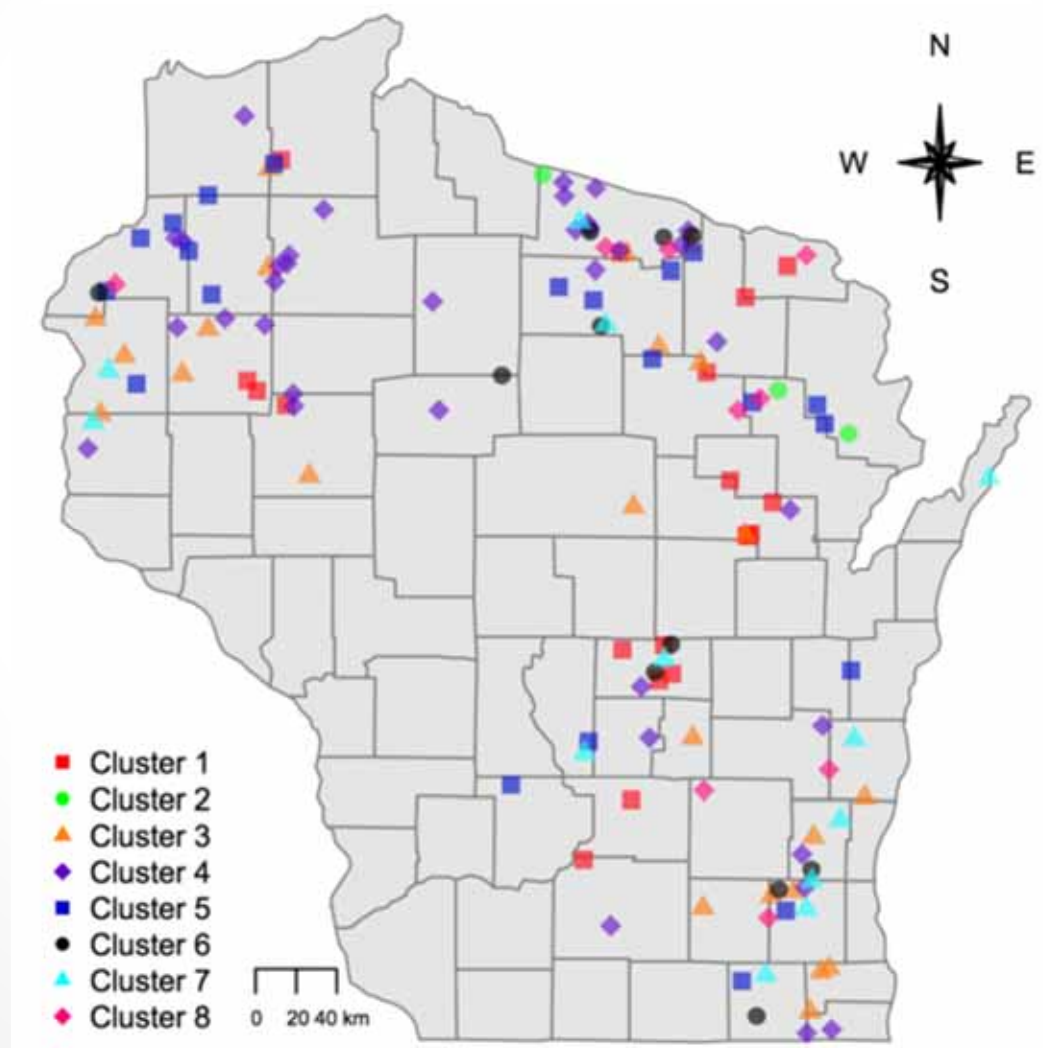
Finding Patterns in a Noisy Environment



Long-Term Secchi Trends

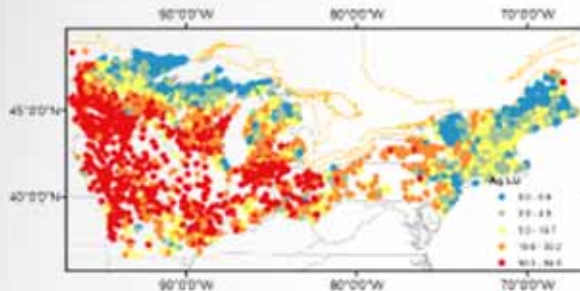


Cluster Locations

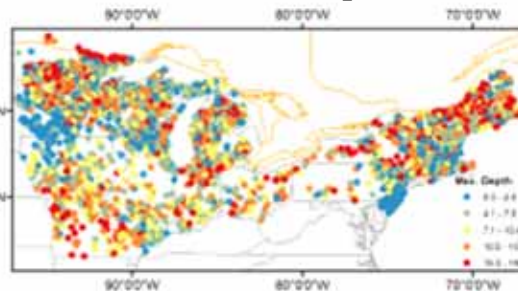


Drivers of Long-Term Change

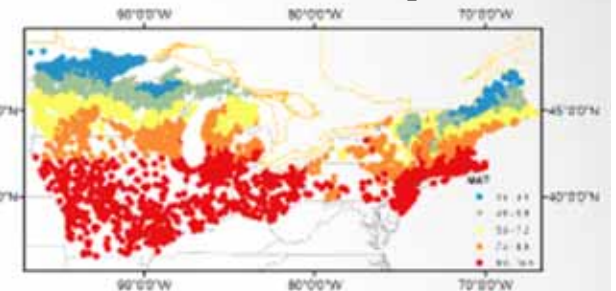
Ag



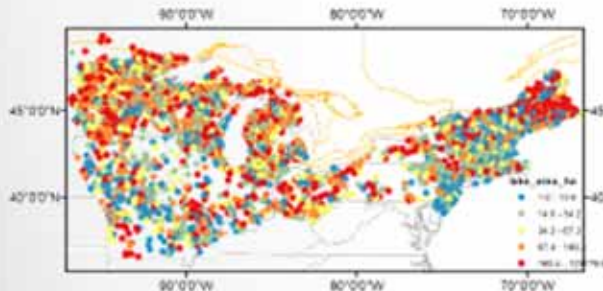
Max Lake Depth



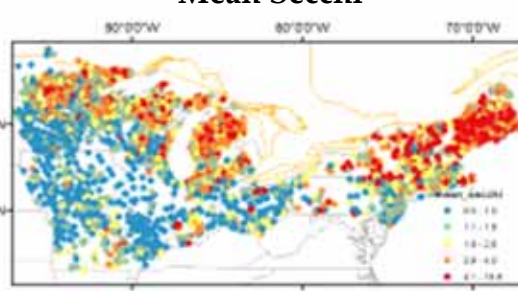
Mean Annual Temp



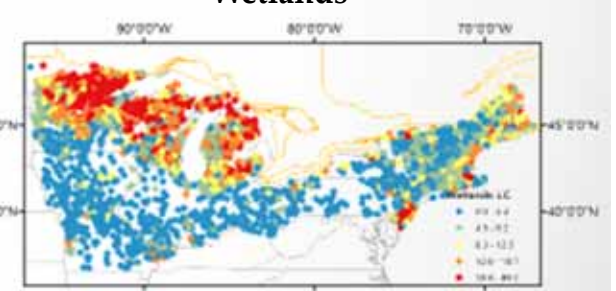
Lake Size



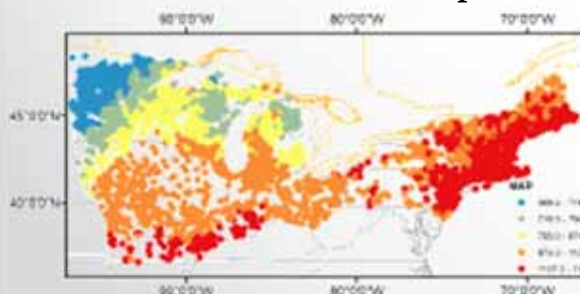
Mean Secchi



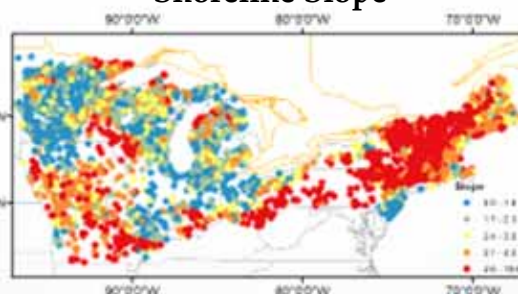
Wetlands



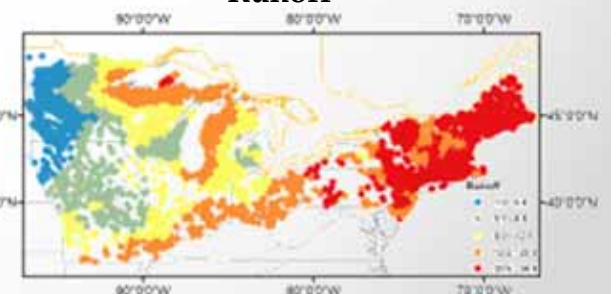
Mean Annual Precip



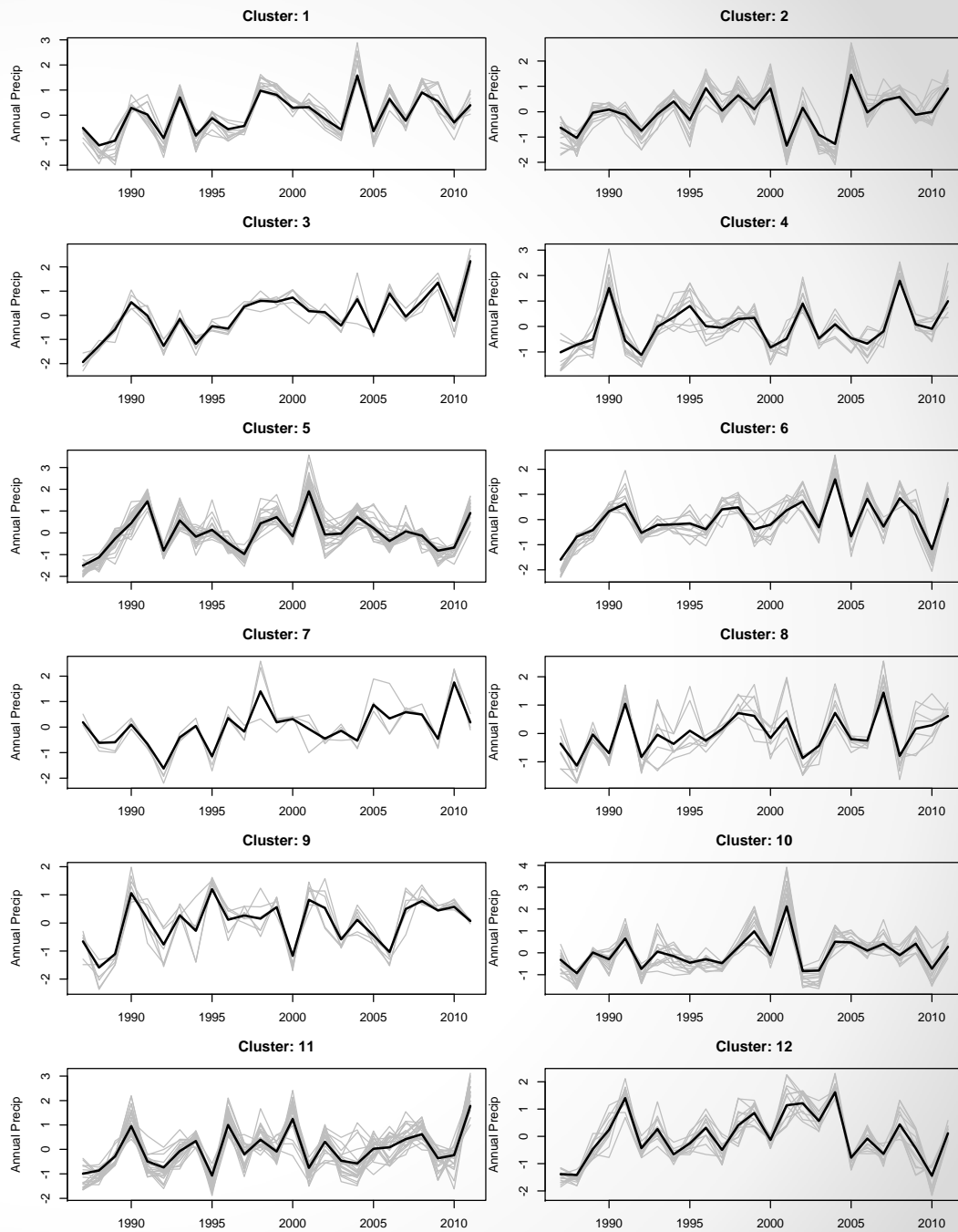
Shoreline Slope



Runoff



Long-Term Precip Patterns



Drivers of Long-Term Change

Confusion Matrix and Statistics

	Reference							
Prediction	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
1	8	1	4	8	4	4	3	5
2	1	7	12	15	9	3	6	12
3	10	1	21	13	12	6	15	3
4	14	7	11	45	17	9	7	7
5	10	7	15	21	21	5	11	16
6	17	9	13	25	10	49	2	5
7	4	4	11	6	5	2	1	3
8	1	8	5	5	6	1	1	2

Overall Statistics

Accuracy : 0.2562
95% CI : (0.2218, 0.2931)
No Information Rate : 0.2296
P-Value [Acc > NIR] : 0.0077162

Kappa : 0.1333
McNemar's Test P-Value : 0.0005477

Statistics by Class:

	Class: 1	Class: 2	Class: 3	Class: 4	Class: 5	Class: 6	Class: 7	Class: 8
Sensitivity	0.12308	0.15909	0.22826	0.32609	0.25000	0.62025	0.021739	0.037736
Specificity	0.94590	0.89587	0.88212	0.84449	0.83559	0.84483	0.936937	0.950730
Pos Pred Value	0.21622	0.10769	0.25926	0.38462	0.19811	0.37692	0.027778	0.068966
Neg Pred Value	0.89894	0.93097	0.86346	0.80785	0.87273	0.93631	0.920354	0.910839
Prevalence	0.10815	0.07321	0.15308	0.22962	0.13977	0.13145	0.076539	0.088186
Detection Rate	0.01331	0.01165	0.03494	0.07488	0.03494	0.08153	0.001664	0.003328
Detection Prevalence	0.006156	0.10815	0.13478	0.19468	0.17637	0.21631	0.059900	0.048253
Balanced Accuracy	0.53449	0.52748	0.55519	0.58529	0.54279	0.73254	0.479338	0.494233

Existing data does a poor job explaining long-term patterns

Conclusions

1. Citizen monitoring is critical!
2. Lakes are dynamic...
3. Small changes in overall long-term trends
4. Lack data to describe long-term patterns