#### 2014 Wisconsin Lakes Convention

# Lake District Commissioner Training Workshop Part One

Meetings & Operations



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## We'd like to meet you...

Every lake district is unique and will have its own unique situations —

- nothing is too trivial
- we are always learning from each other "networking"

#### Lake Districts are:

- Specialized Units of Government
- Powers and Operations are set by law
- Governed under Chapter 33 of Wis. Stats.
- Governed under Municipal Law (Chapter 66, Wis. Stats.)

#### Lake Districts are not:

Voluntary associations

### Lake Associations are:

- Organizations, similar to homeowners groups
- Typically voluntary
- May be incorporated
- May be tax exempt
- "Qualified" lake associations are grant eligible

### Qualified Lake Associations

- Incorporated under Ch 181, Wis. Stats.
- In existence for at least 1 year
- Formed for the purpose of lake improvement
- Membership open to anyone within 1 mile of the lake
- At least 25 members
- Annual dues between \$5 \$50

### What's Best?

- Whatever type meets your needs
- Districts & associations can work together
- What starts as an association may transition into a district in the future

### Forming a Lake District

- Petition signed by property owners whose names appear on tax roll.
- Petition must contain statement of benefit, necessity, and public welfare; description of boundaries; and, proposed name for district.
- Resolution from any city or village with land to be included within the district.
- Government approval.

# A lake district is governed by:

- The Board of Commissioners
- The Annual Meeting



- Standard board:
  - 3 elected commissioners
    - One must be a district resident
  - 2 appointed commissioners
- Enlarged board:
  - 5 elected commissioners
    - Can not be reversed
  - 2 appointed commissioners

- Elected commissioners:
  - 3 year staggered terms
  - secret ballot is required even if there is no contest
- Vacancies filled by appointment
- Are considered local government officials
  - May take oath of office



#### 2 appointed commissioners:

- Appointee of the city, village or town with the largest equalized valuation
- Appointee nominated by county Land and Water Conservation Committee & appointed by county board

#### Officers of the District:

- Chairperson, secretary, & treasurer
- One year term
- Elected by the board of commissioners

### **Duties of Commissioners**

- Chairperson presides at all meetings of district
- Treasurer receives & takes charge of all monies
- Secretary keeps minutes & other district records, prepares
   & sends notices of meetings
- The board shall
  - Meet quarterly, not including the annual meeting
  - Manage the day-to-day activities of the district
  - Schedule the annual meeting
  - Propose an annual budget

#### **Ethical Standards for Commissioners**

As local government officials...

#### you are prohibited from:

- Taking action on something in which you have a financial interest
- Accepting a gift that could influence vote/action
- Using position to obtain financial gain
- Using position to benefit yourself

#### Legal Responsibilities of Commissioners

As local government officials...

you are required to follow:

- Open Meetings Law
- Public Records Law
- Grievance procedure in Ch 66, Wis. Stats.
- Budget & accounting laws in Ch 33, Wis. Stats.

Different from lake associations, clubs, and other civil organizations

# Is this a walking quorum?



#### What is required by the Open Meetings Law?

- Advance public notice of a meeting at least 24 hours
- Sub-groups of the board must also post meetings
- All business must be conducted in open session unless otherwise noticed
  - Special requirements for closed sessions [Ch 19.85(1), Wis. Stats.]



http://www.doj.state.wi.us/dls/OMPR/2010OMCG-PRO/2010\_OML\_Compliance\_Guide.pdf.

#### Requirements for "open session"

- The meeting must be held in an area that is large enough and reasonably accessible to members of the public
- Meetings should not be held in private homes, private rooms in restaurants
- Meetings should be held in locations near the public that is being served

### The Public Must Be Notified

- Notice may be posted at three different locations in the area frequented by members of the district,
   or
- Notice may be given in a newspaper
- Email & internet notices **may not be used** in place of postings or publication

### A Public Notice Includes:

- Time
- Date
- Place
- Subject matter
  - The agenda needs to contain enough detail for someone to understand the issue and decide whether or not they need to attend the meeting.
  - It's not enough to say "boating." Specific nature of agenda item should be spelled out: "discussion and possible action on the hiring of water safety patrols".
- Good idea to include time for public comment.



### Record Keeping

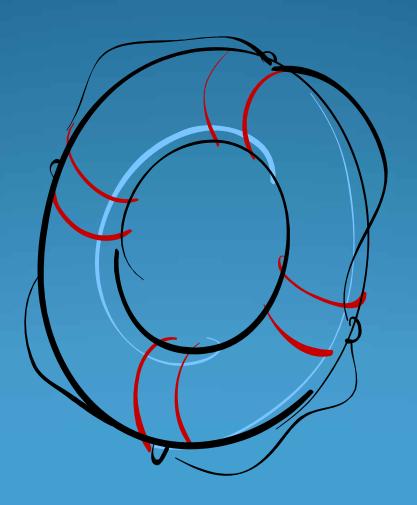
#### Open Records Requirements

- Keep minutes at least of motions and votes
  - Requests for records
  - Must provide
  - May charge for this service
- Options for making records easily available
  - Website
  - Post at library, public launch, town hall, post office...



http://www.doj.state.wi.us/dls/OMPR/2010OMCG-PRO/2010\_Pub\_Rec\_Outline.pdf

### Insurance and Grievances



### **Employee Compensation Fund**

- Commissioners as Employees
  - In the case of elected or appointed officials in the service of the State of any Municipality, a minimum individual payroll of \$1,560 per year will apply.
    - Section 102.01(2)(d), Wis. Stats.
    - Section 102.07(1)(b), Wis. Stats.
  - Districts can "self-insure" [NOT RECOMMENDED] or purchase a policy from a licensed insurance carrier in the State of Wisconsin.

# Employee Grievance Policy

- As of October 2011, a local governmental unit, not having a civil service system, must have:
  - A grievance policy
  - A disciplinary policy
  - A workplace safety policy

Section 66.0509(1m)(c), Wis. Stats.

## Employee Grievance Policy

- The grievance policy must include:
  - A written document specifying the process that a grievant and an employer must follow.
  - A hearing process before an impartial hearing officer.
  - An appeal process in which the highest level of appeal is the governing body of the local governmental unit.

# Annual & Special Meetings



# Annual & Special Meetings

- Property owners & electors have voice
- Notices Open Meetings Law
  - Extra requirements
- Records Public Records Law
  - Same as for commissioner meetings
- Time annual meeting must occur between May
   22 & September 10, unless another date is selected at the previous annual meeting

### Notice of Annual Meeting

- 14 days before meeting:
  - Mail to property owners (required)
  - Mail to electors (option: may vote to use legal ad)
- Publish paid legal notice in two successive issues of official paper (resolution needed to substitute)
- Mail notice to WDNR
- Provide notice to any media that requests it

#### Annual Meeting Example Timeline





## Notice of Annual Meeting

- Time, date, place
- Agenda
  - List of items to be considered, be specific
  - Public comment period
- Proposed budget
  - Detail
  - Proposed levy
- Candidates not required

### Who can vote?

- A person whose name appears on the **tax roll**.
- A person who owns title to real property a "spouse" may vote.
- One official **representative** of a trust or corporation in the district.
- A qualified voter resident in the district.
- Owners of multiple properties can only vote once.

### The Voting Process



- Be prepared
  - Have a copy of the tax roll
  - Voters self-certification example
  - Color coded ballots or voter ID cards
- Organize the process
  - Have a formal check-in process
  - Get enough help
  - Serve refreshments, have exhibits
  - "Complaint department"
- No absentee ballots or proxies

### **Funding Lake Districts**

- Workshop 2 will cover
   Budgeting, Bookkeeping, & Financing
- The Government 4-Step
  - appropriation asking for the money
  - allocation assigning the money for a specific purpose
  - authorization allowing the money to be spent
  - accounting reporting that the money has been spent for the designated purpose

### Financing Lake District Operations

- General property tax (mil levy)
   For general operating expenses
- Special charges
  - For activities with temporary benefits to individual properties
- Special assessments
  - For very large projects usually involve financing

# WIS. DEPT. OF REVENUE SPECIAL DISTRICT CERTIFICATION OF 20XX VALUES 10/04/XX BUREAU OF INFORMATION SYSTEMS TX27110A

64 8030 HONEY LAKE PRO & REHAB DIST	FULL VALUE	% TOTAL
51 014 T ROCHESTER	\$14,942,789	47.828052
64 024 T SPRING PRAIRIE	\$16,299,941	52.171948
SPECIAL DISTRICT TOTAL	\$31,242,730	100.000000

#### Example:

Levy: \$10,000  $$10,000 \times 47.8\% = $4,780$  T Rochester

 $10,000 \times 52.2\% = 55,220 \text{ T Spr. Prairie}$ 

Current mill rate: \$10,000 / \$31,242,730 = 0.00032 mills (\$0.32/\$1000)

Maximum levy:  $\$31,242,730 \times .0025 \text{ mills} = \$78,107.00$ 

(\$2.50/\$1000)

# The Budget

- General operating expenses
- Capital fund
- Grants
- Projects \$10,000 or greater
- Attendees may consider and vote on amendments before approving budget

### The Audit

- Prepared annually
- Presented at annual meeting
- Usually done by an internal committee or an accounting firm

## Special Meetings - 1

- May be held at any time of the year
  - May be scheduled by the board
  - May be scheduled upon petition of 10% of the property owners & electors
- Subject to same notice requirements as annual meeting

## Special Meetings - 2

- Can NOT approve an annual budget
   May amend the budget
- Can NOT dissolve the district
- Can NOT reconsider a matter resolved during another special meeting.

# Odds & Ends

## Bylaws – yes / no / maybe...

- Drawbacks
- They are adopted & revised by the annual meeting
- The simpler, the better
- Need to comply with Chapter 33 & other laws
  - Cannot conflict / Ch 33 supersedes
- Provide for making changes
- Alternatives
  - Operating policies



## Bids Required

- If enter into a contract for the performance of work over:
- The purchase of any materials exceeding:
- Lowest responsible bidder
- Typically Written request for proposals sent to local paper and distributed to contractors/vendors
- Don't be afraid to ask contractors/ consultants for references...

...and follow up on them.



#### Professional Services vs. Work

- Professional services
  - Define task requiring specialized knowledge
  - Examples: lake management plan, APM plan, insurance evaluation, legal advice
  - Bids not required
- Work
  - Define repetitive tasks
  - Examples: dredging, purchase of insurance, aquatic plant treatments,
  - Bids are required

### Robert's Rules

- Purpose is to help conduct an orderly meeting
- Become familiar with basics
  - But don't become bogged down in procedure
- Order of motions on CD
- www.robertsrules.com

### Communications

- How do you communicate with your electors and property owners?
  - Newsletter
  - Website
  - Other... grapevine, blog?

### Districts should have an Identity

- What's your name and where do you live?
  - Be consistent with what you call your lake district
    - Are you Bass Lake District, Bass Lake PRD, District of Bass Lake, Bass Lake District of Polk County, or ...
  - Establish a P.O. Box for district mail

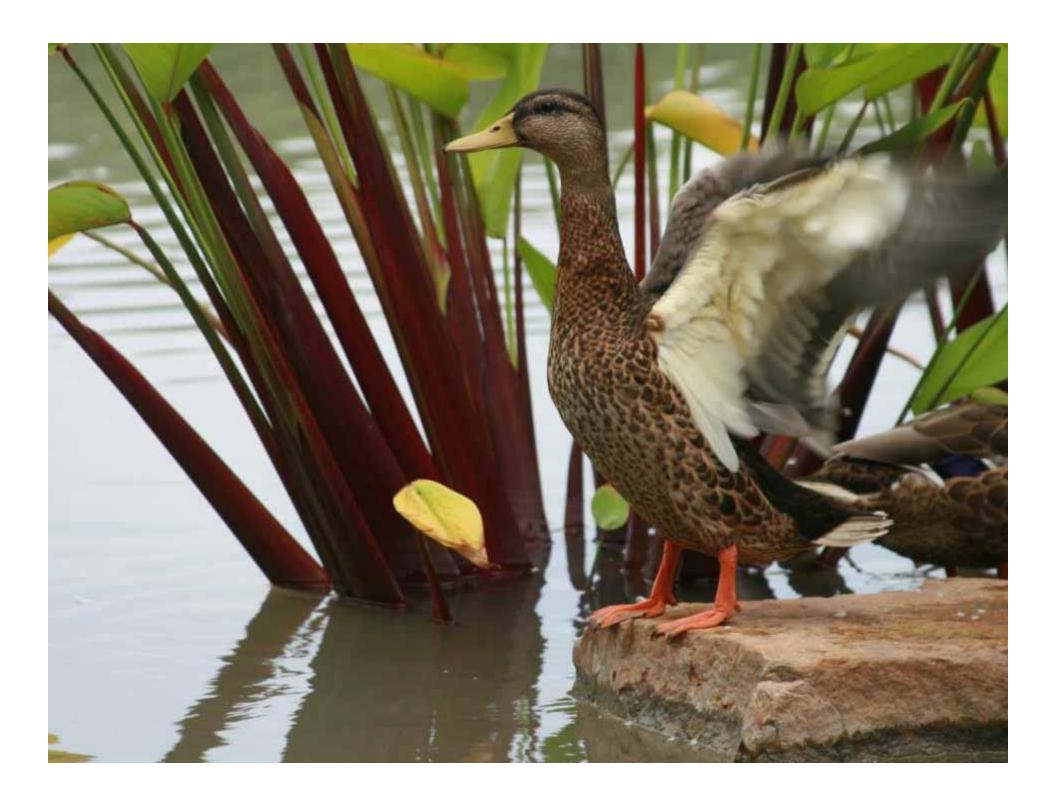
## Networking

- Wisconsin Lakes
- WDNR
- UW-Extension -- Lakes Partnership
- Each other
- Lake Leaders
- Lakes Convention
- Lake List <u>www.uwsp.edu/cnr/uwexlakes</u>
- North American Lake Management Society









### Contact us...

- Send questions or suggestions
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