



AUGUST, 2016

TEAM MEMBERS: RON ADAMSKI, ELLEN WINN-GOLOMSKI, DARCY LOOMIS BOB MEDO, DOREEN PELTIER



#### FACILITY SERVICES ANNIVERSARIES

CONGRATULATIONS TO THE FOLLOWING EMPLOYEES WHO ARE CELEBRATING AN ANNIVERSARY AT UWSP IN AUGUST

> MIKE HIGGINS Custodian 20 years of service

TAMMY LARSON Academic Custodial Program Manager 5 years of service

> THANK YOU FOR YOUR SERVICE!



UWSP Facility Services recently hosted the **Wisconsin Sports Turf Managers Association, 2016 Summer Field Maintenance Clinic** on the UWSP campus and at Stevens Point's City Field.







### **Can You Identify This Building?**

Think you know where this photograph was taken? Send your answer to jkluck@uwsp.edu for a chance to win a free snack or soda from T.E.A.M.! One winner with the correct answer will be chosen. Good luck!

# Q: Why does a chicken coop have two doors?

A: Because if it had four, it would be a chicken sedan.

# Q: Why do engineers constantly feel cold?

A: Because they're always surrounded by drafts.

#### Q: A man arrived in a small town on Friday. He stayed for two days and left on Friday. How is this possible?

A: His horse's name is Friday!



Every time the Swift-Tuttle comet goes around the sun, it deposits a trail of particles which we call a meteor stream. Over time, the gravitational influence of Jupiter and other giant planets (but mainly Jupiter) changes the particle orbits, and as a result, their close approach distances to Earth will vary.

If the change for a given stream is towards Earth's orbit, we may see greater than normal activity when our planet passes the trail's nodal crossing.

This year Jupiter's influence has moved the meteor streams closer to Earth, so all forecasters are projecting a **Perseid** outburst with double the normal rates on the night of **August 11-12**. Astronomers expect an outburst of Perseid meteors! The prediction is for 200 meteors per hour seen on the peak night (the evening of August 11, morning of August 12). That's about double the usual rate!

The hours just before dawn are the very best for watching the Perseids, in most years.

- COURTESY EARTHSKY.ORG

