A Survivor Informed Approach to Working with Intimate Partner Violence (IPV)

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Survivor Experiences Seeking Help

Helper Beliefs, Experiences, & Biases

 Assessment for IPV in Mental Health and Substance Abuse Work

Essential Elements of Survivor Therapy

AGENDA

Survivor Experiences with Seeking Help

- * What society sees as success
- * "Are you safe?" responses
- * What survivors want from therapy

What Does

Society Think

Success Is for

Survivors?

- Telling people
- Leaving
- Calling the police
- Setting limits with the abusers

What does this focus on?



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What

Interferes

with Decisions

and Doing?

Safety

Survivor Circumstances

• Injuries/Effects of Trauma

Stages of

Change

Prochaska's Model

- Pre-contemplation
- Contemplation
- Preparation
- Action

Maintenance

Influential Factors

- Victim's Reality
- Attachment to abuser vs.perceived threat
- Children

Are you being abused?

Are you safe?

Common Survivor Responses:

- •No, because they don't see it as abuse
- No, they view themselves as strong
- •No, because they feel responsible
- No, because too dangerous; not trusting us
- Yes; this represents being ready to talk about it

CLARITY &
MENTAL SPACE

Whitney: "I thought I was in a tightly controlled environment. However, I was confused if I was just not being a good wife or mother like my spouse said."

Ainsley: "I was hoping to find support, . . . And to gain clarity from the reality I had been living in. . . I felt like I was drowning."

VALIDATION

Randy:

"Just getting up the courage to see a therapist and have someone validate my feelings was huge. Helped me see it wasn't all in my head and that I wasn't crazy."

UNDERSTANDING

Kasey:

"You listen first and then share ideas. I feel heard and supported. You have a very calm, gentle, non-judgmental voice."

COPING SKILLS

Bess: "To find help in coping, to find myself, to learn how to like myself, gain confidence, to learn why me, to get information and resources . . .

Ainsley: "I appreciate the emphasis on reframing negative thoughts or perspectives."

Kasey: "You allow me the time I need to heal." (not a limited time like ten sessions)

Ainsley: "I had some time to process."

CONNECTION

Bess:

"You aren't pushing me and yet you are making me do some thinking. I feel we are connecting and that is important."

What Randy found helpful:

"Consistency with the messages, the validation of my feelings, having a safe place to cry, a place to trust. Having information on paper to take home to remind myself what we talked about, what I can focus on."

What Wasn't Helpful

Bess:

"It was kind of like make a decision or stop therapy."

What Wasn't Helpful

Kasey:

{In couples therapy} "it was clear from the beginning that I was the problem and everything was in my head; I was ignored.

I felt more trapped than ever."

Helper Beliefs, Experiences, & Biases

- * Preconceived Ideas
- * Helper History
- * Counter-transference

Examples of Preconceived Ideas and Beliefs

- Gender stereotypes
- Victims are weak, submissive, don't fight back
- IPV occurs with poor, uneducated

- Abusers are not likeable
- The problem is poor self-esteem, addiction, depression, etc.

Helper History

• What did you learn about conflict or violence growing up or as an adult?

• How does that influence you when working with IPV victims or abusers?

Uncovering Bias About

Victims

creativeinterventions.org
Toolkit

•Is the victim acting with anger, meekness, manipulation, or other ways that feel repellant to us?

• Have we believed stories about the victim without checking them out?

• Are injuries from abuse being misunderstood as personal defects?

Uncovering

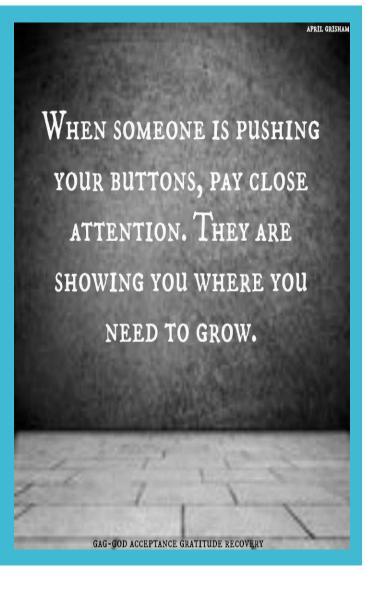
Bias About

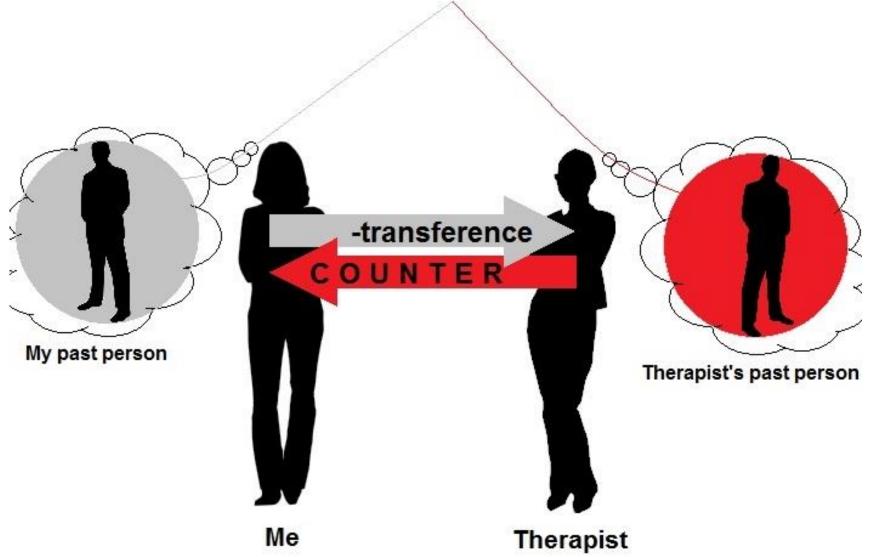
Perpetrators

creativeinterventions.org • Has a charming client made it difficult to believe they are abusive?

•Do I see childhood victimization or substance use as the cause of abusive behavior?

•Do I get uncomfortable confronting a person who has been violent?





Common

Buttons



Feeling powerless or loss of control

Need to be an authority

Fear of emotions

Perfectionism

Discomfort with dependency

More

Buttons



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- Black/white thinking
- Their experience is dissimilar to ours "People really only believe in what they've seen before." Orson Scott Card, *The Xenocide*
- Their experience is similar to ours
- They don't do what you recommend

How do we

react when

our buttons

are pushed?

Simplifying

Disbelief

Blaming

Minimizing

Dissociating or blocking

• Over-identifying & over-involvement

Poll



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• How may prior experiences or beliefs help you in your client relationships?

• How may they interfere with your client relationships?

Assessment

IPV in Mental Health and Substance Abuse Therapy



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Meeting

Clients

Where They

Are

Most Important Interventions:

Hearing their story

•Establishing it's safe to be with you

Assessing their immediate safety

• Treating the effects of trauma

Violence &

Trauma

Measurement

• Conflict Tactics Scale (1979, Straus)

Severity of Violence Against
 Women/Men Scales (1992, Marshall)

• Trauma Symptom Inventory (1996, Briere)

Checklists for Clients

• Controlling Behavior Checklist (Schechter/Jones, When Love Goes Wrong)

Coercive Control Checklist
(handout taken from upcoming book *Coercive Relationships*, March 2021)

Testing

Precautions

	Strongly Disagree	Somewhat Disagree	No Opinion	Somewhat Agree	Strongly Agree
am easygoing.	0	0	0	0	0
have high standards.	0	0	0	0	0
enjoy time alone.	0	0	0	0	0
work well with others.	0	0	0	0	0
dislike confrontation.	0	0	0	0	0
prefer crowds over ntimacy.	0	0	0	0	0

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• Misdiagnosis due to no norms for victims (Rosewater, 1985, 1987)

• Victims most likely to show testing abnormalities (Poorman 1988)

• Abusers testing as "normal" have often led to abuse being minimized

Danger

Assessment

Jacqueline Campbell



Brief Risk Assessment for Clinicians (3 to 5 yes responses = referral)

- Belief partner could kill them
- Constant jealousy
- Escalation of physical violence
- Use of or threats to use weapons
- Choking and strangling

How do you discern who the victim is if both claim to be abused?

Questions to guide you:

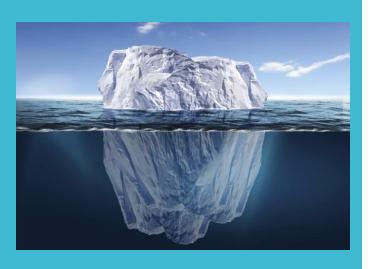
• Who initiates violence?

• Who is more afraid? And of what?

• Who suffers the greatest physical or emotional injury?

Discernment

Questions



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• Who acknowledges their violence is a problem?

• What is the motivation for using abuse?

➤ Is it used for power and control?

➤ Is it used in self-defense?

Follow Up

Questions

- What happened? Get specifics about behavior and injuries.
- Why did you choose to do that?
- What did you want to happen as a result?
- What do you think your partner was feeling?
- Do you wish you had done anything differently?

Discernment

Questions



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• Who sets the weather in the relationship?

• Is empathy shown for the other partner's feelings or needs?

• Is someone's economic or social status used to manipulate or abuse them?

Mental Health

&

Substance

Abuse

Assessment

Pre-existing mental health or AODA diagnoses do not cause abuse

- Two separate issues to address
- •Intersection of IPV with MI and/or AODA may increase victim vulnerability & abuser volatility but one problem does not cause the other

Trauma

Caused

Cognitive

Impairments

PTSD symptoms:

- Unbidden thoughts
- Intrusive images
- Flashbacks
- Nightmares

- Attention
- Concentration
- Mental confusion
- Cognitive

paralysis

Poll



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• Have you ever found it difficult to know who is abusive and who is the victim?

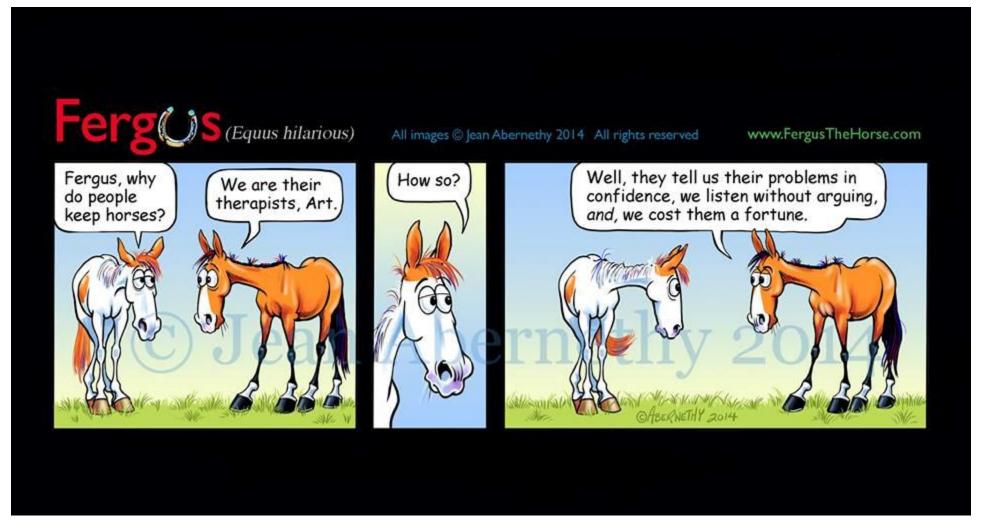
Therapy

- * Reframing Symptoms as Injuries
- * Essential Elements of Survivor Therapy



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* Common Therapy Issues



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Essential

Elements of

Survivor

Therapy

Handout

- •Opportunity to tell lived experiences and receive recognition
- Education about abuse & its effects
- Safety planning
- Identification of emotional, mental, physical, behavioral, and spiritual injuries
- Acknowledge strengths & set tx goals

Emotional

Injuries

- •Overwhelming emotions: fear, shame, helplessness
- Confusion
- Numbing
- Suicidal ideation

Interventions: Education, Emotional regulation, Mindfulness, CBT

Physical Injuries

- Chronic fatigue
- Headaches, shortness of breath
- Body tension, blood pressure
- Illness and disease
- · Wounds, bruises, broken bones, death

Interventions: Medical attn., Education

Mental Injuries

- Altered beliefs about world
- ·Self-doubt & battered self-esteem
 - > Responsibility confusion
 - **Boundary difficulties**
 - **Communication & assertiveness**
- ·Situational depression, anxiety, PTSD
- •Interventions: Education, CBT and trauma therapies, meds

Behavioral

Injuries:

Coping

Strategies that

Backfire

- · Hypervigilance, avoidance, submission
- Self-deprecation & neglect
- Codependency
- Addiction
- Affairs

Interventions: Emotional management, CBT, AODA or other addiction tx

Behavioral

Injuries:

Trauma

Induced

- Learned helplessness
- Changes in performance & creativity
- Frequent accidents
- Self-harm (cutting, picking)
- Suicide attempts

Interventions: Education, Trauma therapies, Mindfulness, CBT, Meds

Spiritual Injuries

Margaret Paul says "all abuse is ultimately spiritual abuse."

Loss of freedom of expression is most profound injury

- >"I don't know who I am anymore"
- >"I don't know what I want."

Additional Treatment

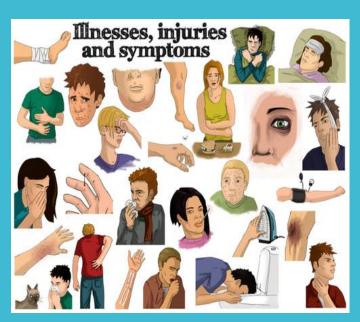
Elements

•Linking their domination with beliefs that support oppression and violence

•Discovering options and making decisions that seem right for them

•Coordinating with other services and treatment providers if needed

Poll



• How do you think reframing symptoms of trauma as injuries affects IPV survivors?

<u>This Photo</u> by Unknown Author is licensed under <u>CC</u> <u>BY-NC-ND</u> Group Therapy
and Support
Groups

Women's Voices therapy group



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Relationship Building

- Demonstrate it is safe to disclose to you
- •Show empathy, understanding, validation
- Provide reality checks
- Give permission to "be", make own decisions
- Identify strengths

IPV

Resources:

Information

& Referral

- Domestic violence programs
 - Your Local Program
 - State: End Domestic Abuse WI https://www.endabusewi.org/
 - National: National Coalition Against Domestic Violence

https://ncadv.org/

Precontemplation Therapy

Marty

- •Lived experience:
 - Focus on questions and information that addresses their concerns
 - Look for openings to give another perspective, education about abuse and injuries
 - •Give safety information only if they raise a concern

Contemplation Therapy

- •Lived experience:
 - •Recognize, support, & share insights
 - Assess safety as needed
 - •Educate about injuries & treat
 - Expand support network
 - Connect with cultural dominator beliefs
 - Work on personal goals

Common

Therapeutic

Focuses

- Grounding and mindfulness
- Trust in themselves
- •Emotional management
- Cognitive restructuring
- Assertiveness, Boundaries
- Trauma symptoms

Preparation Therapy

- •Lived experience:
 - Explore options; make decisions
 - Make safety plan
 - Work on personal goals
 - Expand support network

Action & Maintenance

- •Lived experience:
 - Support through the rough times
 - Continue work with their goals
 - Help respond rather than react

Therapy

Issues:

Adaptive Styles

- Concern about what you'll think
- Over-caring taking care of you
- Submission to what you want
- Difficulty with any conflict or negative feedback

Use examples as interventions

Common

Therapy

Issues

• Difficulty moving from telling their story to goal-setting

Stuck on "why" questions

Lack of acceptance

Other Issues

Partners who are in treatment

 Balancing therapy interventions with individual needs

• AODA

Depression, anxiety, other illnesses

Factors that Complicate Survivors' Work

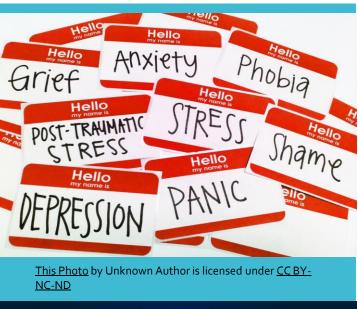
* Vulnerable Populations: Immigrants, LGBTQ, Racial Minorities

* Divorce Proceedings and Coparenting Problems

Discussion:

Poll







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 How have mental health or substance use issues intersected with therapy for IPV clients?

• How has intimate abuse therapy intersected with MH or AODA tx?

Survivor Story

"For a seed to achieve its greatest expression, it must come completely undone. The shell cracks, its insides come out, and everything changes. To someone who doesn't understand growth, it would look like complete destruction." Cynthia Occelli

Intimate Partner Abuse Blog at www.madisonmentalhealthcounselor.com

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Coercive Relationships: Root Out Their Invasion of Your Intimate Life and Our World

Preview at www.madisonmentalhealthcounselor.com

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