MOSES CREEK WETLAND MITIGATION SITE 2011 MONITORING REPORT Year 1

ACOE Permit #: GP-001-WI (2006-00979-CKK)

WisDOT Project ID: 6351-01-74

Schmeeckle Reserve, in the City of Stevens Point, Portage County, Wisconsin

Responsible Party and Contributors

Name and Contact Information of Permittee and Consultant

Permittee:

Janet Smith
Wisconsin Department of Transportation
1681 Second Avenue South

Wisconsin Rapids, WI 54495 (715) 421-8089

Consultant:

Stantec (formerly NRC)

P.O. Box 128

Cottage Grove, WI 54527-0128

(608) 839-1998

Party Responsible for Conducting Monitoring & Report Completion

Janet E. Smith and interns Kelsey Reimann & Rochelle Hayes Wisconsin Department of Transportation 1681 Second Avenue South Wisconsin Rapids, WI 54495 (715) 421-8089 Janet (715) 421-7395 Kelsey & Rochelle

Additional Contributors

Quest LLC

Brian Kronstedt: Project Supervisor for Construction, and Invasive species control

Stantec (formerly NRC)

Jon Gumtow, Project Manager, and Nik Bertagnoli, Environmental Specialist: Groundwater monitoring and analysis

University of Wisconsin – Stevens Point

James Cook, Professor of Forestry: Plant species identification, independent study

Table of Contents

RES	PONSIBLE PARTY AND CONTRIBUTORS	C.1
2.1	INTRODUCTION	· · · · · ·
	MITIGATION GOALS, OBJECTIVES, & PERFORMANCE STANDARDS MITIGATION GOALS MITIGATION OBJECTIVES ECOLOGICAL PERFORMANCE STANDARDS	
	MONITORING METHODS VEGETATION HYDROLOGY 4.2.1 Stream Observations and Discharges 4.2.2 Shallow Groundwater Levels	
	4.2.3 Staff Gauge Readings SOILS WILDLIFE	
5.25.3	MONITORING RESULTS VEGETATION HYDROLOGY 5.2.1 Stream Observations 5.2.2 Shallow Groundwater Levels 5.2.3 Staff Gauge Readings SOILS WILDLIFE	
6.0	MANAGEMENT & MAINTENANCE	
7.0	REPORTING	
8.0	CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS	
9.0	LITERATURE CITED	
Арре	endix A – Figures Project Location and Topography Project Property Corner Coordinates Location Map Right of Way Plat Soil Survey Data	

Field Delineated Wetland Data (pre-construction)
Plant Communities (pre-construction)
Anticipated Communities

Appendix B – As-Built Summary

As Built Plan Moses Creek Common Excavation Moses Creek Final Ground

Appendix C – Vegetation Data

Master Species List Vegetation Sample Plot Map Vegetation Monitoring Plot Data

Appendix D – Hydrology Data

Stantec Hydrology Monitoring Memo Staff Gauge Data

Appendix E – Soils Data

Soil Boring Plot Data

Appendix F – Wildlife Data

Wildlife Observed Species List

Appendix G – Site Management & Maintenance

Quest Vegetation Management Logs and Figures

Appendix H – Site Photographs

Monitoring Photographs

1.0 Introduction

The Wisconsin Department of Transportation (WisDOT) North Central Region (NCR) directed monitoring and evaluation of the Moses Creek Mitigation Site during 2011. The Moses Creek mitigation site (the Site) was constructed on an approximately 40.2-acre parcel to compensate for the wetland impacts associated with the U. S. Highway 10 (USH 10) [Wood Co B – WIS 34 South] Project in Wood County (WisDOT Project Design ID 6350-06-02).

The project site is located in the Wisconsin River watershed. The Site is located in the N ½ of Section 28, Township 24 North, Range 8 East, in the city of Stevens Point, Portage County, Wisconsin (Appendix A). Specifically, the project site is located within the UW-SP's Schmeekle Reserve, and is northeast of the intersection of Maria Drive and Michigan Avenue. The site is bounded to the north by North Point Drive and the Sentry Insurance golf course. The City of Stevens Point and the University of Wisconsin – Stevens Point (UWSP) campus exist south of the site. The proposed project area is linear and varies in width up to approximately 450 feet and extends from the southwest of the intersection of North Point Drive and Wood Lane to just southwest of the intersection of Maria Drive and Michigan Avenue.

Schmeeckle Reserve staff approached the United States Army Corps of Engineers (USACE) and WisDOT indicating their willingness to provide land within Schmeeckle Reserve for wetland mitigation. The Moses Creek and its location provide a unique opportunity to satisfy the goals of WisDOT, UWSP, and the community by restoring a wetland to fulfill the vision of Schmeeckle Reserve. The Conceptual Wetland Mitigation Plan for the Site was submitted to the Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources (WDNR) and the USACE on September 8, 2008. Concurrence was received from both agencies. The USACE also issued a letter of permission authorizing construction of the Site on July 28, 2008. The Wetland Mitigation Monitoring, Management, & Maintenance Plan ("Mitigation Plan") was submitted to the agencies on March 9, 2010. The objective of the Mitigation Plan was to enhance existing wetlands, enhance upland buffer habitats, realigning the degraded stream channel, and creating and enhancing riparian wetland habitats.

This report has been prepared to document monitoring and maintenance activities completed at the Moses Creek mitigation site during 2011, the initial monitoring year. Monitoring and report preparation was completed in accordance with the Mitigation Plan. This 2011 report represents the first of ten years of monitoring and maintenance that will be completed to document the response to wetland restoration activities at the Site.

2.0 Project Background

The Site was selected by WisDOT after the Wetland Mitigation Site Search Technical Memorandum dated January 2002 (prepared by Earth Tech) was completed. The Lost Creek Mitigation Site was initially created after this site search, however the anticipated restored wetland acreage at the Lost Creek site was not enough. In 2008, Schmeeckle Reserve had discussed restoring a section of Moses Creek and its associated floodplain with the USACE. WisDOT agreed to partner in this project for the additional mitigation acres that were needed. The site for the project provides not just environmental benefits but also educational and scientific opportunities.

2.1 BASELINE INFORMATION

The Site is located in the Wisconsin River watershed; however, Moses Creek flows into the Wisconsin River through the Stevens Point municipal storm sewer. The contributing watershed for the Site is approximately 7.6 square miles. Regional topography is generally flat with a gradient to the west towards the Wisconsin River (Appendix A).

The surrounding land use includes recreational, agricultural, commercial, residential and woodland. Plainfield and Friendship sands are the prominent soil types for the watershed.

Presettlement vegetation indicates the Site was marsh, sedge meadow, wet prairie, and lowland shrubs. The Site was likely cleared for agriculture and the hydrology was altered by ditching and channeling. This Site was historically pastured and farmed and reverted into the existing forested and marginal wetland complex. Local hydrology from precipitation and overland runoff are the primary sources of hydrology for the Site; in some areas there is a perched water table, contributing to the existence of the wetlands. The existing groundwater hydrology was altered by the channelization of Moses Creek.

2.2 SUMMARY

The final construction plans (e.g., plan notes, details, standard specifications and special provisions) were prepared in accordance with the preparatory performance standards outlined in the WDNR and USACE approved Mitigation Plan (Appendix B). Construction and final seeding of the Site was completed in fall 2010.

WisDOT retained a full-time resident inspector to be present during construction, and part-time restoration specialists from the design team to be present periodically during construction to ensure conformance with final plans and specifications. Specific attention was given during construction, through regular inspection activities, to verify that implementation of the plans relative to wetland and riparian zone establishment (e.g., elevation, slope, topsoil, microtopography, planting) was completed.

The preparatory performance standards allowed for alterations to the proposed design criteria based on site specific conditions observed during the construction inspection period, providing these alterations were documented within a detailed as-built plan. There was one minor modification from the construction plan and it consisted of not filling in the ditch line as was recommended by the original plan. The modification from the construction plans was necessary based on site conditions, weather and field observations by the project supervisor.

The as-built survey along with a detailed description of the construction process, plan modifications, and associated justifications prepared by Quest is provided in Appendix B.

3.0 Mitigation Goals, Objectives, and Performance Standards

3.1 MITIGATION GOALS

The goals of the Moses Creek mitigation site are to improve Site functions in the following categories:

- Wetland Creation by Acreage, Vegetation, Hydrology and Soils
- Vegetative Diversity and Integrity
- Wildlife and Amphibian Habitat Structure
- Create a Hydrologic Regime with Groundwater Interaction
- Flood and Storm Water Attenuation
- Downstream and Wetland Water Quality
- Shoreline Protection
- Aesthetic, Recreational, Scientific and Educational Values
- Cultural Resource Preservation
- Native Species Establishment
- Floristic Quality

A detailed description of the Site mitigation goals is outlined in the Mitigation Plan. Many of these goals were partially or completely achieved by the conversion from agricultural land to a restored wetland mitigation site. Over the course of the monitoring period it is expected that site functions will improve in all of the above categories.

3.2 MITIGATION OBJECTIVES

The wetland mitigation design included the restoration of a floodplain wetland along Moses Creek, enhancing existing wetlands, realigning the degraded stream channel, creating and enhancing riparian wetland habitats, and enhancing upland buffer habitats. The objective of this project was to create approximately 40 acres of wet meadow (M), scrub shrub (SS), riparian emergent (RPE), and wooded swamp (WS) habitats. WisDOT is operating this site to compensate for wetland and aquatic habitat impacts from the Wood Co B – WIS 34 Project.

3.3 ECOLOGICAL PERFORMANCE STANDARDS

Typical performance standards are the measures by which it can be determined, through post construction monitoring activities, whether specific objectives relating to the overall mitigation goal have been met. These standards are usually basic indicators of important physical and biological elements that contribute to wetland functional effectiveness, as well as those characteristics that define an area as wetland versus upland. Ecological performance standards will be applied throughout the post-construction monitoring phase to assess progress toward functional objectives.

Table 1. Status of Ecological Performance Standard Achievement

Ecological Performance Standards (PS)	Years Evaluated	Achieved ?	Comments				
Vegetation							
The area meeting wetland criteria as established in the 1987 Federal Wetland Delineation Manual will be delineated during the fifth and tenth growing season following the completion of construction activities. The total area of re-established wetlands will be calculated and reported in the final year of monitoring. The Moses Creek mitigation project will be considered successful if approximately 13.37 acres of wetland has been restored and 5.90 acres of existing wetland has been enhanced.	Final (2020)	(Yes)	A formal wetland delineation was not completed during 2011, however mapped wetland communities cover approximately 20.27 acres. It is likely that this PS will be achieved.				
A Minnesota Rapid Assessment Methodology form for Evaluating Wetland Functional Values (MnRAM) will be completed at the end of the monitoring period to evaluate the functions of each wetland community restored. At least five of the ten wetland functions outlined in the summary table on the MnRAM form will rank medium or higher by the end of the monitoring period (10 years).	Final (2020)	NA	The MnRAM form will be completed at the end of the monitoring period.				
Vegetative cover of native species shall be dominated by three or more species of native graminoids and herbaceous plants and achieve 80% or more after 10 years (based on estimated aerial extent).	Final (2020)	In Progress	Average vegetative cover of native species during 2011 was 89% in the wetlands and 70% in the uplands. Continued management will be necessary to achieve this PS. Some of the native species that germinated were not included in the seed mix.				
More than 50% of the dominant plant species from all vegetative strata of the wetland shall have an indicator status of Facultative (FAC), Facultative Wetland (FACW), and/or Obligate (OBL). Dominance shall be determined using the 50/20 rule for determining dominance in accordance with the Guidelines for Submitting Wetland Delineations in Wisconsin to the St. Paul District Corps of Engineers (USACE 1996).	Final (2020)	(Yes)	Dominant plant species in the wetland were greater than 50% FAC, FACW, and OBL.				
The tree and shrub planting areas shall have living, healthy trees and shrubs established with a minimum survival of 80% at the end of the monitoring period.	Every monitor year	(Yes)	All trees and shrubs identified as dead will be replanted in the spring of 2012 and their health will be evaluated in subsequent years.				
The total vegetative cover of the site by non-native invasive species shall not exceed more than 20% at the end of the 10 year monitoring period.	Final (2020)	(Yes)	Non-native, invasive species comprised a total cover of only 7.5% .				
A FQA utilizing the methods outlined in the "Development of a FQA Methodology for Wisconsin" (WDNR 2003) will be conducted during each year and applied to the entire site and each plant community. Both the floristic quality index (FQI) and mean coefficient of conservatism (C) will be calculated. The FQI will be compared to the previous years' FQI to determine if the site vegetation is in need of any adaptive management.	Final (2020)	NA					
At the end of the monitoring period, approximately 75% of the dominant plants shall be wet meadow, shrub-carr, wooded	Final (2020)	(Yes)	Dominant species associated with M, SS,				

Table 1. Status of Ecological Performance Standard Achievement

Ecological Performance Standards (PS)	Years Evaluated	Achieved ?	Comments
swamp, or riparian emergent associated plant species, either planted or through natural colonization.			WS and RPE comprise 89%.
Hydrology			
The established wetlands will be saturated within 12 inches of the soil surface for 14 or more consecutive days during the growing season in most years.	All	Yes	All monitoring wells were saturated or inundated for greater than 14 consecutive days of the growing season.
Create approximately 422 feet of new stream habitat along with the 3,818 feet of re-aligned and naturalized stream habitat to replace the existing degraded channel and reestablish and floodplain connection.	Final (2020)	Yes	Stream will be assessed at the end of the monitoring period.
Shallow groundwater wells will be installed and monitored throughout the wetland compensation monitoring period.	Every monitor year	Yes	
Soils			
Soils shall fulfill one or more of the <i>Field Indicators of Hydric Soils in the U.S.</i> (NRCS Ver. 6.0, 2006 or later), or conditions necessary for the long-term development of hydric soils will be accomplished as development of hydric soils make take longer than 10 years.	Every other	In Progress	Baseline established in 2010.
Wildlife			
Establish higher quality wildlife habitat and increase vegetative diversity.	All	In Progress	Restoration of the site has already improved habitat for wetland- dependent wildlife. Habitat quality is expected to improve as time progresses.
Human Value	S		
Enhance aesthetic and recreation functions and values, as well as scientific and educational opportunities.	All	Yes	This area was used regularly by recreationists and the university was already using the Site for student education and research opportunities during the summer and fall of 2011.

4.0 Monitoring Methods

Methods for all monitoring activities completed during 2009-2011 are detailed below and include surveys for vegetation, hydrology, soils, and wildlife.

4.1 VEGETATION

DOT completed sample points within representative communities throughout site.

Vegetation & Community Mapping

A meander survey technique was utilized to identify all plant species, vegetation cover types, and wetland community types present in the wetland and upland portions of the Site. A count of surviving trees and shrubs in the tree and shrub planting areas was also conducted during the meander survey. Vegetation cover types were identified based upon major plant associations and were later categorized according to the WisDOT wetland classification system. Upland communities were further classified into more specific categories as needed. Boundaries of all vegetation stands were determined in the field and sketched on vertical aerial photographs, and then later digitized using GIS technology.

Species lists were compiled for each plot (Appendix C) and dominant species were identified using the 50/20 rule.

Plot Sampling

Vegetation data was collected from sixteen predetermined and permanent vegetation monitoring plots established within each representative vegetative community type. Each plot was assessed for its community strata (herbaceous, shrub, and tree strata) and each plant was identified and assessed for its percent abundance within its given parameters (5 foot radius for the herbaceous stratum, 15 foot radius for the shrub stratum, and 30 foot radius for the tree stratum). The average percent cover (based upon median cover class values) frequency and percentage of total vegetation was computed for each plant species within all community types.

4.2 HYDROLOGY

Data collected to characterize the Site hydrology includes: stream observations and discharges, shallow groundwater levels across the site, and staff gauge levels.

4.2.1 Stream Observations and Discharges

Stream observations were made by the consultant and by WisDOT employees Janet Smith, Kelsey Reimann and Rochelle Hayes during monitoring in the summer and fall of 2011.

4.2.2 Shallow Groundwater Levels

Shallow groundwater levels were monitored by Stantec during the 2011 growing season at four shallow monitoring wells (MW's 1-4). The monitoring wells were installed during the summer of 2011 and are located throughout the wet meadow community (Appendix D). In June 2011, each monitoring well was fitted with a HOBO water level recorder which recorded water level measurements at 1-hour increments. Hydrographs of the recorded water levels from each

well are included in Appendix D. The data loggers recorded water levels from June 22, 2011 when they were installed to October 27, 2011 when the growing season ended. It should be noted that the growing season began on May 5, 2011 however the authorization for hydrologic monitoring was not in effect until June 2011. The summary statistics were computed with data truncated to reflect the growing season. According to data from a local weather station, the 2011 growing season near Stevens Point began on May 5, with the last spring frost, and ended on October 1, with the first fall frost (149 days). The average growing season, based on 1971 to 2000 averages, begins on May 6 and ends on October 1 (148 days).

Precipitation data was obtained from a weather station at the Stevens Point Municipal Airport in Stevens Point, Wisconsin. A 30 Day Rolling Total Analysis (Appendix D) was used to help determine whether precipitation values and hydrology observations were within the normal range during the monitoring period.

4.2.3 Staff Gauge Readings

Two staff gauges were installed at the Site (Appendix C). WisDOT recorded staff gauge measurements from both staff gauges on from August to October 2011.

4.3 SOILS

Prior to construction, the predominant soil types mapped on the Site, from largest to smallest area, included Meehan loamy sand (MnA), Roscommon muck (Rm), Friendship loamy sand (FrA), and Plainfield sandy loam, and granite substratum (PgB). The Roscommon Series is considered a hydric soil, whereas the Meehan Series are considered to contain inclusions of Roscommon muck.

WisDOT completed 8 soil borings during the monitoring period in August 2011 to evaluate and document topsoil depths and classify soil textures, as well as observe any evidence of a water table near the surface (Appendix E).

4.4 WILDLIFE

Incidental wildlife observations were documented at the Site during 2011. Presence of mammals and avian species were recorded if they were visually observed or tracks could be accurately identified. Amphibian and reptiles were recorded if visually observed or audible calls were identified.

5.0 Monitoring Results

Results are provided below for all monitoring activities completed during 2011 including data and analysis of surveys for vegetation, hydrology, soils and wildlife. Baseline data collected during the 2011 monitoring season will be used for comparison purposes in subsequent years to determine the overall progress of the Site.

5.1 VEGETATION

WisDOT conducted botanical surveys and vegetation cover type mapping of the Site during the period of August 3 to August 9, 2011. The botanical survey was completed using a meander survey technique to gather comprehensive species lists for each distinct vegetation community (Appendix C). Results for this method are summarized below.

Plant Community Summary

Four WisDOT wetland types, comprising approximately 19 acres, were identified on the Site: wet and sedge meadow (M), shrub scrub/alder thicket (SS), wooded swamp (WS) and riparian emergent (RPE) (Appendix A). In addition, approximately 21 acres of upland vegetation, comprised of managed upland prairie or forestland, were identified and mapped. The 2011 monitoring results are summarized in Table 2, and the WisDOT wetland community types are described in more detail below. Species lists for each plot can be found in Appendix C.

Table 2. Dominant species of the Site, 2011.

Dominant Species	Spe Dive	cies rsity			
	Native	All			
M – Wet Meadow					
(Plots: PT1-5)					
Path rush, Water cress, Green bulrush, Wool grass, Narrow-panicle rush, Water plantain	33	46			
WS – Wooded Swamp					
(Tree and Shrub Survey)					
Silver maple, Tamarack, Black spruce, Balsam fir, Swamp white oak	5	5			
SS - Shrub Scrub/ Alder Thicket					
(Tree and Shrub Survey)					
Steeplebush, Highbush cranberry, Nannyberry, Winterberry, Silky dogwood, Black choke cherry, Elderberry	7	7			
RPE – Emergent Riparian					
(Plots: SP1-2, PO1-2)					
Water plantain, Broad-leaved cattail, Wool grass, Path rush, Blunt spike-rush, Annual rye grass, Marsh seedbox	23	29			
Entire WETLAND Area					
(All Wetland Communities)					

Dominant Species		cies rsity			
	Native	All			
(See dominance under specific wetland type)	56	67			
UPL – Upland Prairie Buffer					
(Plots: UPR 1-2)					
Wool grass, Common cinquefoil, St. John's wort, New England aster, Alsike clover, Common ragweed, Carolina foxtail, Partridge pea, Switchgrass, Canada goldenrod, Lamb's quarters, Black medick, Water cress, Panic grass	28	40			
UPL – Prairie Upland					
(Plots: UP 1-5)					
Glossy buckthorn, Royal fern, Bracken fern, Cottonwood, Pennsylvania sedge, Common sheep sorrel, Quaking aspen, Red maple, Black huckleberry, Black cherry, Red oak	23	27			
Entire UPLAND Area	-				
(All Upland Communities)	(All Upland Communities)				
(See dominance under specific upland type)	48	62			
Entire SITE					
(All Communities)					
(See dominance under specific community type)	91	113			

M – Wet Meadow

One Wet Meadow community type, totaling approximately 13 acres, was identified, mapped and inventoried within the Site. The wet meadow community is comprised of the five vegetation plots identified in Table 2 above and shown on the Anticipated Vegetation Communities figure in Appendix A. These plots are located in scattered locations throughout the wetland portion of the Site. Desirable native species represent the largest cover class categories, with minimal cover of non-native species. Dominant species include: Path rush (Juncus tenuis), Water cress (Rorippa palustris), Dark-Green bulrush (Scirpus atrovirens), Wool grass (Scirpus cyperinus), Narrow-panicle rush (Juncus brevicaudatus), and Water plantain (Alisma plantago-aquatica). Two native species, path rush and rice cutgrass, along with one non-native species, barnyard grass, are the most abundant species and are present to some degree in almost all of these stands. Hydrology, substrate and duration since seed installation largely determine species composition within these stands. For example, PT1, PT3 and PT4 are dominated by dense stands of path rush; which was not a component of the installed seed mix, and might therefore be a historic seed source from the muck soils. Irregularities in the native species cover were often noted in areas of lower elevation. Pockets which exhibited seasonal to permanent standing water were often dominated by broad-leaved cattail and other undesirable native and non-native species.

A total of 46 species (33 native, 13 non-native) were noted in the five wet meadow stands. This community group contains the highest species diversity for any wetland community on the Site.

SS - Shrub Scrub/ Alder Thicket

Shrubs were planted throughout the Site in groups and were surveyed for their survival rate but not surveyed for their dominance. All of the planted shrubs are native species and throughout the entire Site all of the species survived in one place or another. At the time of the field investigation, the majority of this community was along the stream channel and not under any water.

Dominant vegetation was not determined, though a survey of the living species was conducted. The species planted and living were Steeplebush, High cranberry, Winterberry, Black choke cherry, Nannyberry, Silky dogwood, and Elderberry for a total of 7 species (all native).

WS - Wooded Swamp

Many species of native wetland trees were planted throughout the Site in groups and were surveyed for their survival rate, but not surveyed for their dominance. Throughout the entire Site, all of the species survived in at least one plot.

Dominant vegetation was not determined, though a survey of the living species was conducted. The species planted and living were Silver maple, Tamarack, Swamp white oak, Balsam fir and Black spruce, for a total of 5 species (all native). Though all species did survive and the survival rate for the trees was above 80%, the majority of the tamarack trees did not survive and as such it was decided that the next replanting of the trees in the spring of 2012 will not include Tamarack trees, or their locations will be very carefully selected.

RPE – Riparian Emergent

Several riparian emergent communities were created throughout the site- along scrapes (PO1-2) and along the stream channel (SP1-2). These restoration and creation of these areas totaled approximately 4 acres. The vegetation within this stand is dependent upon the water levels within the created stream channel and the scrapes, and is comprised of wet meadow, emergent, shrub carr and open water community types. The riparian emergent community is dominated by Water plantain (*Alisma plantago-aquatica*), Broad-leaved cattail (*Typha latifolia*), Wool grass (*Scirpus cyperinus*), Path rush (*Juncus tenuis*), Blunt spike-rush (*Blunt spike rush*), Annual rye grass (*Festuca arundinacea*), and Marsh seedbox (*Ludwigia palustris*). A total of 29 species (23 native, 6 non-native) were noted in this community type.

UPL - Upland

The upland community is divided into the five stands of upland prairie and two stands of upland prairie buffer identified in Table 2 above. These stands contain a mixture of native, conservative prairie species and early successional non-native species that typically occur in recently disturbed sites. The upland stands comprised approximately 20 acres and are located along the wet meadow and forested buffer portions of the Site.

The prairie stands are located in scattered locations throughout the Site. These stands are dominated by Wool grass (*Scirpus cyperinus*), Common cinquefoil (*Potentilla simplex*), St. John's wort (*Hypericum canadense*), New England aster (*Aster novae-angliae*), Alsike clover (*Trifolium hybridum*), Common ragweed (*Ambrosia artemisiifolium*), Carolina foxtail (*Alopecurus carolinianus*), Partridge pea (*Cassia fasciculate*), Switchgrass (*Panicum virgatum*), Canada goldenrod (*Solidago canadensis*), Lamb's quarters (*Chenopodium album*), Black medick (*Medicago lupulina*), Water cress (*Rorippa palustris*), Panic grass (*Panicum longifolium*), Glossy buckthorn (*Rhamnus frangula*), Royal fern (*Osmunda regalis*), Bracken fern (*Pteridium aquilnium*), Cottonwood (*Populus deltoides*), Pennsylvania sedge (*Carex pensylvanicus*), Common sheep sorrel (*Rumex crispus*), Quaking aspen (*Populus tremuloides*), Red maple

(Acer rubrum), Black huckleberry (Gaylussacia baccata), Black cherry (Prunus serotina), and Red oak (Quercus rubra). One of the upland forested sites only had data of the invasive species of Glossy buckthorn (Rhamnus frangula) as it was clearly the dominant species (UP5). In upcoming years, it should hopefully be controlled enough that other species will be dominant in that area.

A total of 62 species (48 native, 14 non-native) were noted in the upland prairie plots.

Compliance with Vegetation Performance Standards

Specific performance standards relating to plant community characteristics, native species establishment and floristic quality were created for the wetland and upland mitigation areas. Although many of the performance standards are not applicable to the first monitoring year, data collected from the vegetation plots was evaluated to determine compliance with performance standards.

Performance criteria relating to plant community characteristic require two or more distinct cover types within the wetland portion of the Site and greater than 80 percent average cover of native species at the end of the ten year monitoring period. It is expected that vegetative density will be low during the first growing season, and shall exhibit a positive trend during subsequent years. Currently, the Site contains four distinct (i.e., wet meadow, wooded swamp, shrub scrub and emergent riparian) wetland community types and two upland communities. Native species of the wetland community types contribute an average percent cover of approximately 89 percent, which is roughly 53 percent of the total vegetative cover. Native species of the upland communities contribute an average percent cover of approximately 70 percent, which is roughly 30 percent of the total vegetative cover. At present, the Site does not meet the greater than 80 percent cover of native species requirement; however, these results are typical for mitigation sites during the early phase of restoration and the wetland communities are already fulfilling the performance standard.

Performance criteria also require the tree and shrub planting areas to have a survival rate of 80 percent at the end of the ten year monitoring period. Several tree and shrub areas were installed in scattered locations throughout the mitigation Site. A survey of these areas yielded approximately 29 dead trees and shrubs and 6 half-alive trees and shrubs. The dead trees and shrubs will be replanted during the spring of 2012 and notes on viability will be recorded during each monitoring event in subsequent years.

In addition to native species establishment, specific performance criteria relating to non-native species require that the upland and wetland portions of the Site cannot contain greater than 20 percent cover of non-native species (excluding non-native cattail species in the scrapes) at the end of the ten year monitoring period. Currently the wetland portion of the mitigation Site contains an average percent cover of approximately 21 percent for non-native species, which is roughly 14 percent of the total vegetative cover. A total of fourteen non-native species were noted within the vegetation plots. Barnyard grass and glossy buckthorn existed in several of these plots. The upland portion of the Site contains an average percent cover of approximately 9 percent for non-native species, which is roughly 3 percent of the total vegetative cover. A total of fifteen non-native species were noted within the plots. Barnyard grass and common sheep sorrel existed in these plots and the common sheep sorrel was dominant in one of the upland plots.

5.2 HYDROLOGY

Hydrology data was collected for both surface water and groundwater on the Site in 2011. The data collected and summarized below includes stream observations and discharges, shallow groundwater levels, and staff gauge readings. The 2011 hydrology monitoring results show the Site's surface water and groundwater response to climate conditions.

5.2.1 Stream Observations and Discharges

The stream system at the Site comprises of one noth-south channel and one channel that connects to the main north-south channel from the east in the middle of Moses Creek. The main channel starts in the north by the Sentry Golf Course and runs south through the Milano-Sciarrone crossing. From there it moves through an area owned by a private landowner and emerges into more of Schmeeckle Reserve running east-west just north of Maria Drive. It then runs into the stormwater runoff system made by the City of Stevens Point and drains into the Wisconsin River.

During the summer, the main channel and its riparian plain were flooded often, and the stream had a stagnant appearance, though discharge moved through it. These were often choked with algae, and in places where water velocity was low, such as near the Milano-Sciarrone crossing, duckweed sometimes covered the surface of the channel.

5.2.2 Shallow Groundwater Levels

Hydrology across the entire Site is influenced by precipitation and overland flow. Water levels in a network of 4 shallow groundwater wells were monitored by Stantec to document the Site's response to precipitation events throughout the growing season.

Climate Summary

Average monthly precipitation values were obtained from the Stevens Point WETS table which averages 1971 to 2000 data. In general, total precipitation for the growing season was slightly higher than average; however, the consistency of precipitation was sporadic with dry conditions occurring in May, June, August and October. Rainfall events in July and September likely enhanced hydrologic conditions throughout the Site (Table 5) (Appendix D).

Table 3. Precipitation Data, May - October, 2011.*

Month	Average Monthly Precipitation (in)	2010 Monthly Precipitation (in)	2010 Precipitation Difference from Average (in)
May	3.63	2.52	-1.11
June	3.66	3.34	-0.32
July	4.12	9.19	5.07
August	4.11	2.18	-1.93
September	3.78	4.3	0.52
October	2.31	1.48	-0.83

^{*}Data was obtained from a weather station in Stevens Point, Portage County, WI.

Shallow Groundwater Well Summary

Data collected from the 4 shallow groundwater monitoring wells is presented below. Data from wells tended to show similar responses to precipitation events. A hydrograph showing all wells can be found in Appendix D.

Results for the wet meadow in Moses Creek are from monitoring wells MW 1-4. A hydrograph for wells 1-4 is illustrated in Appendix D.

Table 4. Water Level Summary Statistics, June 22 – October 1, 2011¹

Well ID	Mean (inches)	Median (inches)	Max (inches)	Min (inches)	Lower Quartile (inches)	Upper Quartile (inches)	Interquartile Range (inches)
Well 1	-11.6	-13.2	-0.6	-15.0	-14.1	-10.2	3.9
Well 2	-12.9	-14.6	1.4	-17.9	-16.4	-10.3	6.1
Well 3	-8.3	-9.9	10.8	-17.1	-13.3	-4.0	9.3
Well 4	-15.6	-17.7	2.1	-23.2	-18.9	-13.8	5.1

¹Water levels are summarized as depth to water from the ground surface and expressed in inches.

Table 5. Water Level Threshold Summary Statistics, June 22 - October 1, 2011

Well ID	Root Zone Saturation ¹ Frequency ⁴	Inundation ³ Frequency ⁴	Max. Duration ² of Root Zone Saturation ¹ (days)	Number of Root Zone Saturation ¹ Events with Durations ² > 15 days	Max. Duration ² of Inundation ³ (days)	Number of Inundation ³ Events with Durations ² > 15 days
Well 1	40.2%	0.0%	31.0	1.0	0.0	0.0
Well 2	32.4%	2.0%	21.0	1.0	1.0	0.0
Well 3	62.7%	10.8%	39.0	1.0	6.0	0.0
Well 4	17.6%	2.0%	16.0	1.0	1.0	0.0

¹ Saturation (for the purpose of this evaluation) is the recorded presence of free water within 12 inches of the ground surface

The hydrology at the four wells appears to be heavily influenced by antecedent precipitation and shallow groundwater levels with relatively moderate fluctuations in water levels (Table 4). Soils were saturated for greater than 14 consecutive days in all the wells during the growing season and therefore they exceed the performance criteria for wetland hydrology (Table 5). Well 1 was not inundated during the growing season though wells 2 and 4 were inundated for 2% of the growing season and well 3 was inundated for 10.8% of the growing season (Table 5). The hydrograph in Appendix D supports this data.

Compliance with Hydrology Performance Standards

The performance criteria for this Site require that the established wetlands will be saturated within 12 inches of the soil surface for at least 14 consecutive days during the growing season in most years. All four of the wells met and exceeded the hydrology performance standard.

5.2.3 Staff Gauge Readings

Two staff gauges (SG 1-2) located across the Site (Appendix C) were monitored to document water levels in the created stream channel. Due to the hydrology monitoring being approved later in the growing season and the staff gauges being installed in late June, monitoring did not begin until later in the growing season. The water levels were measured in feet.

² Max. duration is defined as the maximum, continuous length of time where water levels are at or above the specific threshold

³ Inundation is defined as free water at or above the ground surface

⁴ Frequency is defined as the percentage of time water levels are at or above the specific threshold

Table 6. Stream Gauge measurements for the 2011 growing season.

Sample Date	SG1	SG2
8/3/2011	2.18	2.60
8/23/2011	0.20	1.00
9/9/2011	0.20	1.00
10/17/2011	0.98	0.46
10/31/2011	0.98	0.46

Over the course of 2011, the data shows that water levels near each staff gauge decreased substantially and seemingly became stagnant. There appeared to be a much deeper channel or a much higher water level at the north end of the channel than at the south end of the channel by the end of the growing season, which was the opposite earlier in the growing season. During late August and early September, there was significant erosion in the north end of the stream channel which was fixed and must have changed the depths of the stream (Appendix G). Other possible reasons for this fluctuation could be storm events that may have caused sedimentation.

5.3 SOILS

WisDOT evaluated topsoil depths by completing 8 hand auger borings during the monitoring period in 2011. Five of the eight soil profiles contained indication of hydric soils. Summarized soil log data is contained in Appendix E.

5.4 WILDLIFE

The Site provided habitat for wildlife during the 2011 monitoring period. While wildlife was not actively monitored, a total of 4 bird species were recorded on Site and the presence of White-tailed deer and seven amphibian and reptilian species were also observed. The complete list of wildlife species observed in 2011 can be found in Appendix F.

Compliance with Wildlife Performance Standards

Wildlife performance standards require that the Site will have an increased species diversity by the end of the monitoring period.

After one year post construction, the Site is not meeting the wildlife performance standard yet. This is to be expected with a disturbance in the ecosystem. In subsequent monitoring years, monitoring of bird species should include documentation of active nesting and a more thorough survey for amphibians and reptiles should be completed.

6.0 Management and Maintenance

Site management was completed by enacting the prescribed activities outlined in the Mitigation Plan and implementing an adaptive management approach. Activities employed include: herbicide treatments, replanting, and reseeding. A detailed log and weekly summaries of all Site management activities is available in Appendix G.

Herbicide treatments were conducted by Quest LLC in the spring and summer for reed canary grass and the fall of 2011 for buckthorn. Emphasis was placed on treating the reed canary grass (RCG) found in patches within the site and the buckthorn in the upland buffer and upland prairie areas. Care was taken not to impact the desirable species.

Die back occurred in several areas of the wetland site for the RCG and both new and old plants were treated, especially where the plants were encroaching on other wetland vegetation. Due to standing water present across much of the Site, much of the native vegetation was stunted in areas, enabling better RCG growth. Priority was placed on treating those areas where RCG densities were the highest.

Herbicide treatments were also conducted to treat buckthorn (*Rhamnus frangula*). Several buckthorn areas were identified and treated during the fall of 2011 in the upland areas within the site and bordering the site in the upland buffer.

Additional seeding was performed in select areas on the ditchlines as well as the floodplain where there was likely loss of seed from large spring storm events.

Sixteen tamarack trees (*Larix laricina*), five balsam fir trees (*Abies balsamaea*), three black spruce trees (*Picea mariana*), two sugar maple trees (*Acer saccharum*), one swamp white oak (*Quercus bicolor*), one highbush cranberry shrub (*Viburnum opulus*), one winterberry shrub (*Ilex verticillata*), and one nannyberry shrub (*Viburnum lentago*) were noted as dead; two swamp white oak trees (*Quercus bicolor*), one tamarack tree (*Larix laricina*), two highbush cranberry shrubs (*Viburnum opulus*), and two nannyberry shrubs (*Viburnum lentago*) were noted as poor in health by WisDOT during the fall monitoring surveys. These trees will be replanted by Quest LLC in the spring of 2012. The tamaracks will likely be replaced with other trees as they had a low success rate.

The realigned stream channel was monitored for erosion, and in the summer of 2011 an area of the northern section of the Site stream channel was realigned in order to fix the stream bank from erosion. Monitoring for any further stream bank erosion will continue in future years.

Future maintenance and management may include potential corrective measures such as grade modifications, design changes, revisions to maintenance requirements, and revised monitoring requirements. The measures will be designed to ensure that the modified compensatory mitigation project provides functions comparable to those described in the objectives.

7.0 Reporting

This is the first of five monitoring reports which are to be completed and submitted to the USACE. Subsequent monitoring reports are scheduled to be submitted to the USACE in monitoring years 3, 5, 7, and 10 or after the 2013, 2015, 2017, and 2020 growing seasons. This first year monitoring report contains a section documenting the as-built conditions and deviations from the plans and specifications.

All subsequent monitoring reports shall assess attainment of performance standards, restoration goals and objectives, and comparison to previously reported results. The monitoring reports will also discuss maintenance activities performed, adaptive management recommendations, and future maintenance activities. The final report shall include the notification of completion if the Site meets the established wetland criteria. Monitoring reports will be prepared per the USACE Regulatory Guidance Letter No. 06-03 (August 3, 2006).

A portion of mitigation credits expected at the Site have been allocated (debited) to compensate for impacts from the U. S. Highway 10 (USH 10) Wood Co B – WIS 34 South Project in Wood County (WisDOT Project ID 6350-06-02) as outlined in the USACE permits and shown in Table 7 below. The final wetland delineation will determine if this allocation has been met or exceeded.

 Table 7. Mitigation Credit Allocation.

Community	Credit Type	Anticipated Debits	Proposed Ratio	Proposed Credits
Wet Meadow (M)	Restoration	12.665	1:1	12.665
Riparian Emergent (RPE)	Restoration	0.118	1:1	0.118
Wooded Swamp (WS)	Restoration	0.450	1:1	0.450
Scrub Shrub (SS)	Restoration	0.140	1:1	0.140
RPE, WS, M, SS	Enhancement	3.692	1:1	3.692
WS & M	Enhancement	2.197	3:1	0.732
Upland Buffer- Forest	Enhancement	17.709	4:1	4.427
Upland Buffer- Prairie	Enhancement	2.297	4:1	0.574
Total		39.27		22.79

8.0 Conclusions and Recommendations

Wetland monitoring, data analysis, and maintenance of the Moses Creek Mitigation Site during 2011 was completed by several parties including Stantec, Quest LLC, the University of Wisconsin – Stevens Point, and WisDOT. WisDOT has compiled and summarized the data and recommendations provided by these parties in this Year 1 Monitoring Report.

One deviation from the Mitigation Plan design was made during construction due to site conditions, weather, and field observations by the project supervisor. This change consisted of not filling in the ditch line as was specified in the original as-built plan.

Several studies were performed during 2011 to evaluate the Site's achievement of ecological performance standards and collect baseline data for future comparison. These studies included vegetation monitoring and community mapping, measurement of surface and groundwater levels, evaluation of soil depths and documentation of wildlife use.

Vegetation is developing as expected during the initial year. Four wetland communities were mapped on the Site and the wetland acreage appears to be approximately what was expected. Success of seed installation and the need for supplemental plantings will be addressed in the 2014 monitoring report. However, much of the upland buffer was dominated by species other than desirable natives repeated treatments were conducted to better control invasive species such as reed canary grass (RCG) and buckthorn. It is strongly recommended that at least one meander survey is completed during the second growing season to document site progress, the location of reed canary grass and other buckthorn, and identify areas that may require additional maintenance or management.

Precipitation during the 2011 growing season was above average which contributed to high water levels throughout the Site. All hydrology criteria were exceeded. It is expected that both surface water and groundwater levels would be lower in an average year. Several hydrology monitoring parameters were not surveyed as outlined in the Mitigation Plan due to the late monitoring start date.

Soil borings across the site indicate that a hydric soil is present in approximately half of the boring locations.

The stream channel in the northern portion of the Site appears to be functioning normally and according to design specifications. Aside from the late summer, there was good water flow and there were defined channel features throughout the growing season. It is recommended that the water levels continue to be monitored and appropriate steps be taken, if necessary, to maintain the stream hydrology to fit performance standards.

The Site would also benefit from replacement plantings of shrubs and trees in the wetland area and along the stream channel as several trees and shrubs did not survive the 2011 growing season. These replacement trees and shrubs will be replanted in the spring of 2012. Further analysis is needed to fully understand the dynamic nature of this stream ecosystem and how it reacts to different levels of precipitation, temperature and flooding events.

The amount of wildlife use at the Site is not significantly known after only one monitoring year. The Monitoring Plan requires that incidental wildlife observations are made during monitoring events, however it is recommended that at some point during the monitoring period a more detailed survey of wildlife using the Site is conducted. This would provide a more accurate level of seasonal wildlife use on the Site.

Overall, the Site performed very well during the initial monitoring season. All applicable ecological performance standards were met or baselines were established for comparison during future monitoring seasons. Several of the performance standards cannot be formally achieved until the final monitoring season; however, progress towards achieving them was evaluated during 2011. Many of these performance standards were informally achieved after this first year including: the establishment of approximately 40 acres of wetland, the presence of hydrophytic vegetation within the wetland, and less than 20% cover of non-native invasive species in the wetland.

However, vegetative cover across Site was not comprised of greater than 80% native species. This is partially due to the age of the site and the presence of non-native annual or early successional species whose dominance generally decreases over time. If progress towards this performance standard is not shown in the next monitoring season, management efforts may be necessary to decrease the dominance of non-natives. Management for native species should be a focus in the upland and upland prairie areas.

9.0 Literature Cited

Barbour, M.G., J.H. Burk, W.D. Pitts, F.S. Gilliam, M.W. Schwartz. 1998. Terrestrial Plant Ecology. Addison Wesley Longman, Inc.

Beck, W. M. Jr. 1977. Environmental requirements and pollution tolerance of common freshwater Chironomidae. EPA-600/4-77-024. Environmental Monitoring and Support Laboratory, Office of Research and Development. USEPA, Cincinnati, OH, 45268. 260 pp.

Daubenmire, R.F. 1958. A Canopy-Coverage Method of Vegetational Analysis. Northwest Science 33:43-66.

Department of Defense (DOD), Environmental Protection Agency (EPA). *Compensatory Mitigation for Losses of Aquatic Resources; Final Rule.* Federal Register Vol. 73, Part II. DOD, USACE 33 CFR Parts 325 and 332. EPA 40 CFR Part 230.

Hilsenhoff, W. L. 1977. Use of arthropods to evaluate water quality of streams. Tech. Bull. Wisconsin Dept. Nat. Resour. 100. 15pp.

Hilsenhoff, W. L. 1982. Using a biotic index to evaluate water quality in streams. Tech. Bull. Wisconsin Dept. Nat. Resour. 132. 22 pp.

Hilsenhoff, W. L. 1987. An improved biotic index of organic stream pollution. Great Lakes Entomol. 20(1):31-39.

Hilsenhoff, W. L. 1988. Rapid field assessment of organic pollution with a family-level biotic index. J. N. Am. Benthol. Soc. 7(1):65-68.

Hilsenhoff, W. L. 1998. A modification of the biotic index of organic stream pollution to remedy problems and permit its use throughout the year. Great Lakes Entomol. 31(1):1-12.

Lillie, R. A., S. W. Szczytko and M. A. Miller. 2003. Macroinvertebrate data interpretation guidance manual. Wisconsin Dept. Nat. Resour. PUB-SS-965 2003. WDNR, PO Box 7921, Madison, WI 53707. 58 pp.

Lyons, J., L. Wang, and T. D. Simonson. 1996. Development and validation of an index of biotic integrity for coldwater streams in Wisconsin. North American Journal of Fisheries Management 16:241-256.

Odum E.P., J. T. Finn and E. H. Franz. 1979. Perturbation theory and the subsidy-stress gradient. BioScience 29:349–352.

Raleigh, R. F. 1982. Habitat suitability index models: brook trout. U. S. Department of the Interior, Fish and Wildlife Service FWS/OBS-82/10.24.

United States Army Corps of Engineers (USACE). 1987. Corps of Engineers Wetlands Delineation Manual

USACE, Questions and Answers on the 1987 Manual, October 7, 1991.

USACE, Clarification and Interpretation of the 1987 Manual, March 6, 1992.

USACE, Guidelines for Submitting Wetland Delineations in Wisconsin to the St. Paul District Corps of Engineers, May 22, 1996.

United State Department of Agriculture (USDA) Forest Service, Northeastern Area, Planting Hardwood Seedlings, Purdue University, Indiana, 2005.

USDA, Soil Conservation Service, Soil Survey of Portage County, Wisconsin.

USDA, Natural Resource Conservation Service (NRCS), *Hydric Soil List for Portage County, Wisconsin*.

Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources (WDNR), U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, *Guidelines for Wetland Compensatory Mitigation in Wisconsin*, February 2002.

WDNR Bureau of Fisheries Management and Habitat Protection, Development of a Floristic Quality Assessment Methodology for Wisconsin, April 2003.

WDNR State Nursery Program Website, http://www.dnr.state.wi.us/org/land/forestry/Nursery/, 2005.

UWSP Aquatic Biomonitoring Laboratory macroinvertebrate database. Available at http://www.uwsp.edu/water/biomonitoring/index3.htm, accessed 5 January 2011.

WDNR. 2003. WI DNR Field Procedures Manual: Part B: Collection Procedures: 702.1 Benthic Invertebrate Surveys – Benthic Samples.

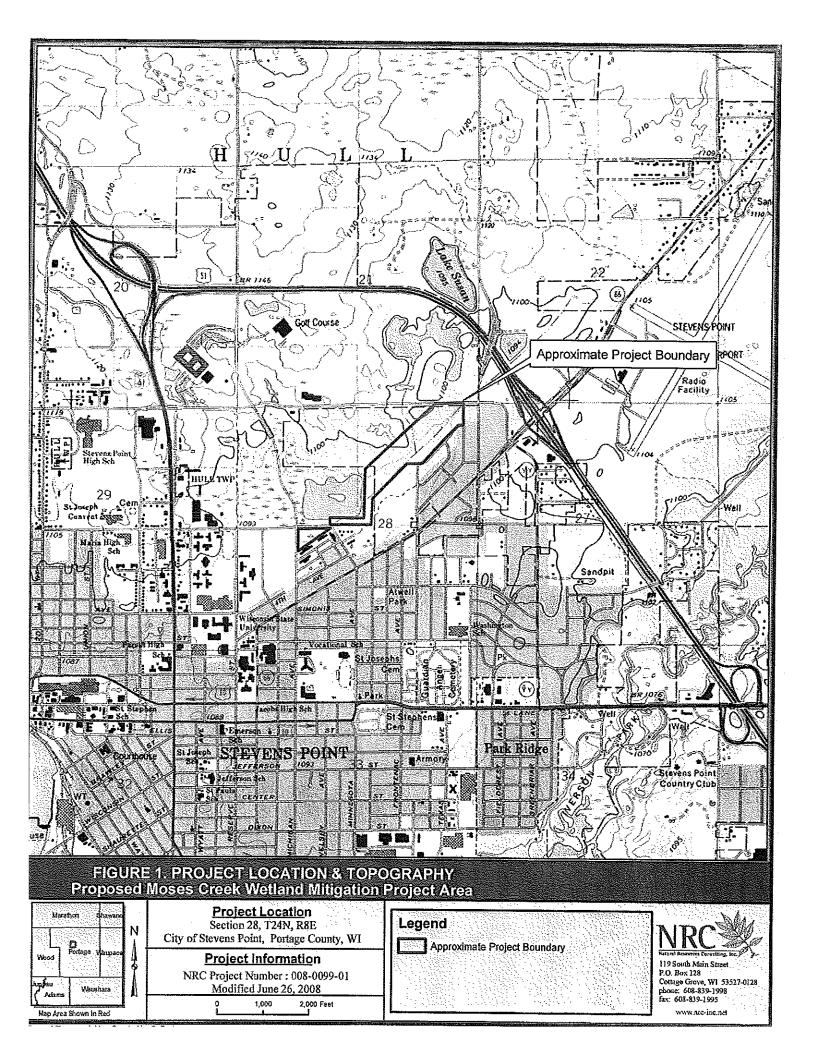
http://dnr.wi.gov/org/water/wm/wgs/sediment/sampling/702_1.HTM Accessed 19 October 2010.

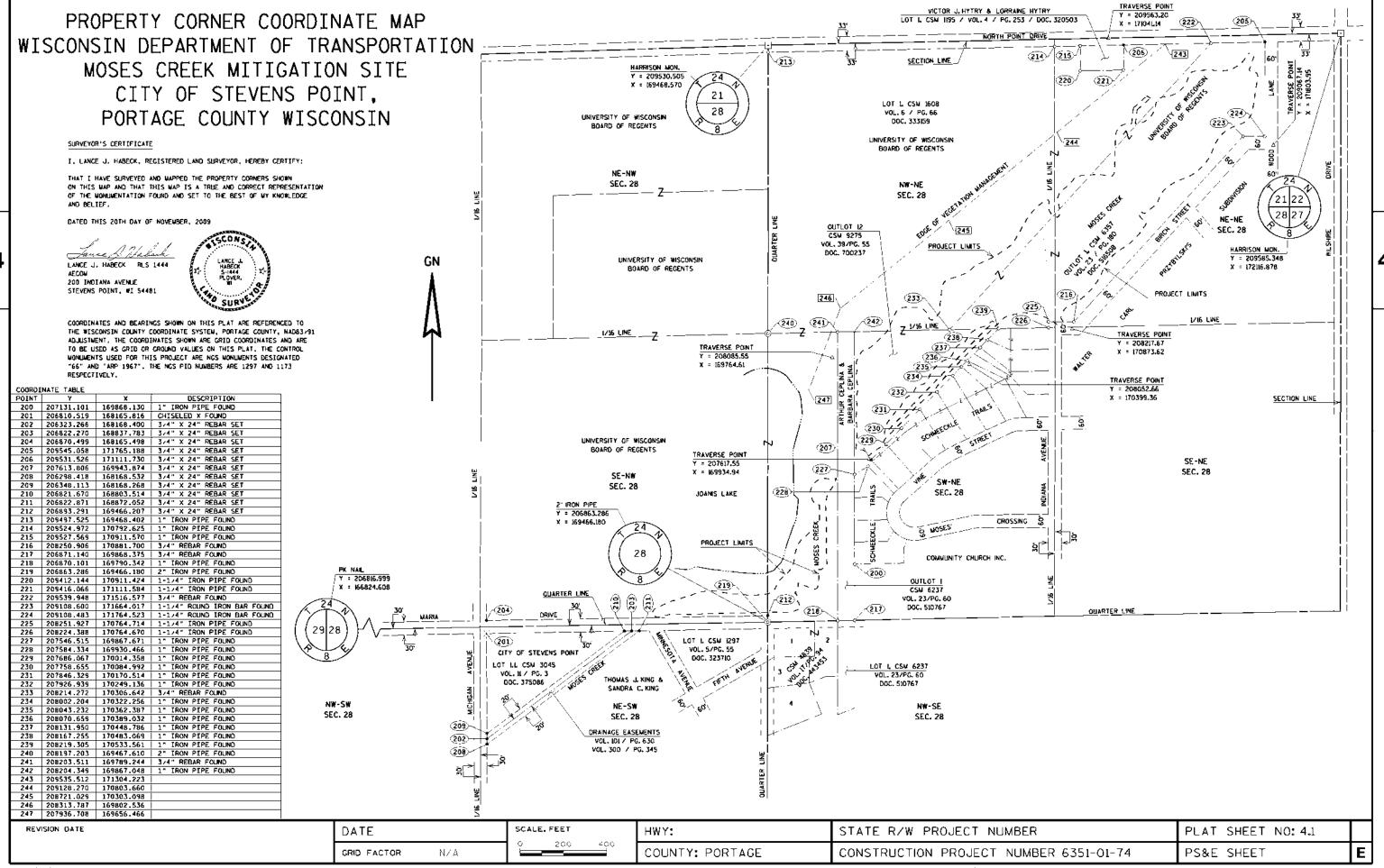
Weigel, B. M. and D. M. Robertson. 2007. Identifying Biotic Integrity and Water Chemistry Relations in Nonwadeable Rivers of Wisconsin: Toward the Development of Nutrient Criteria. Environ. Manage. (2007) 40:691–708

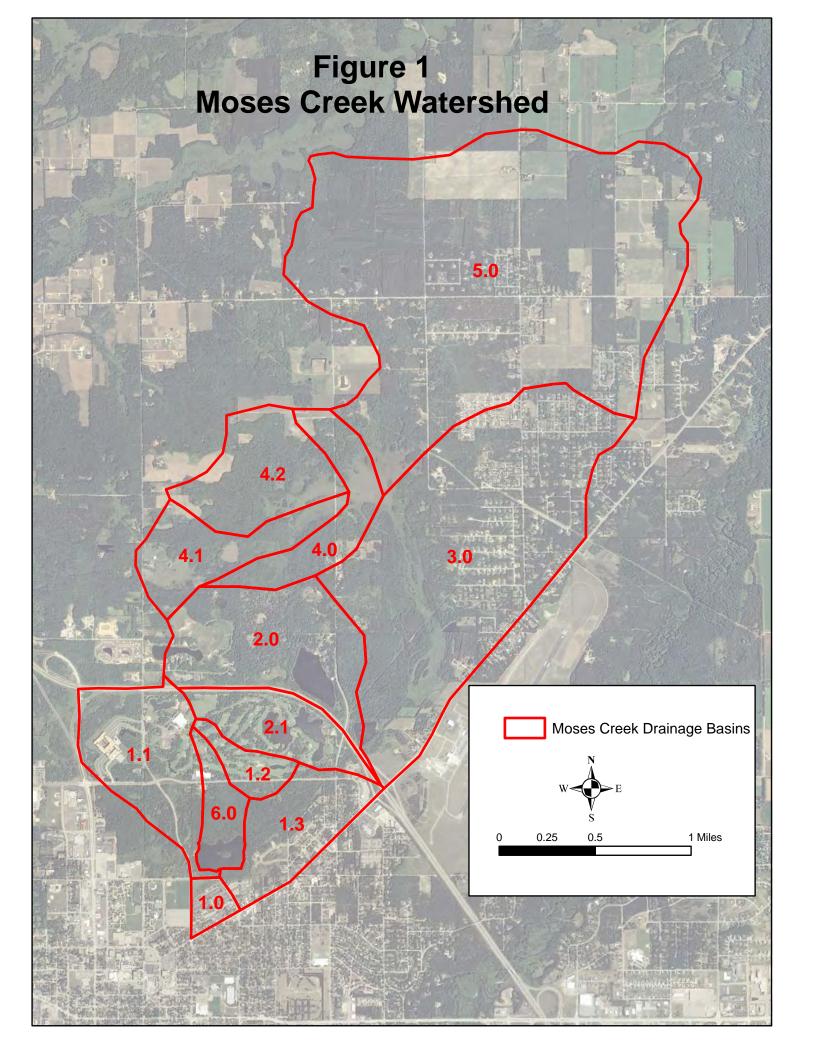
Appendix A

Figures

- Project Location and Topography
- Project Property Corner Coordinate Map
- Moses Creek Watershed Map
- Soil Survey Data
- Field Delineated Wetland Data (Pre-construction)
- Plant Communities (Pre-construction)
- Anticipated Communities
- Plant Communities (Post-construction)







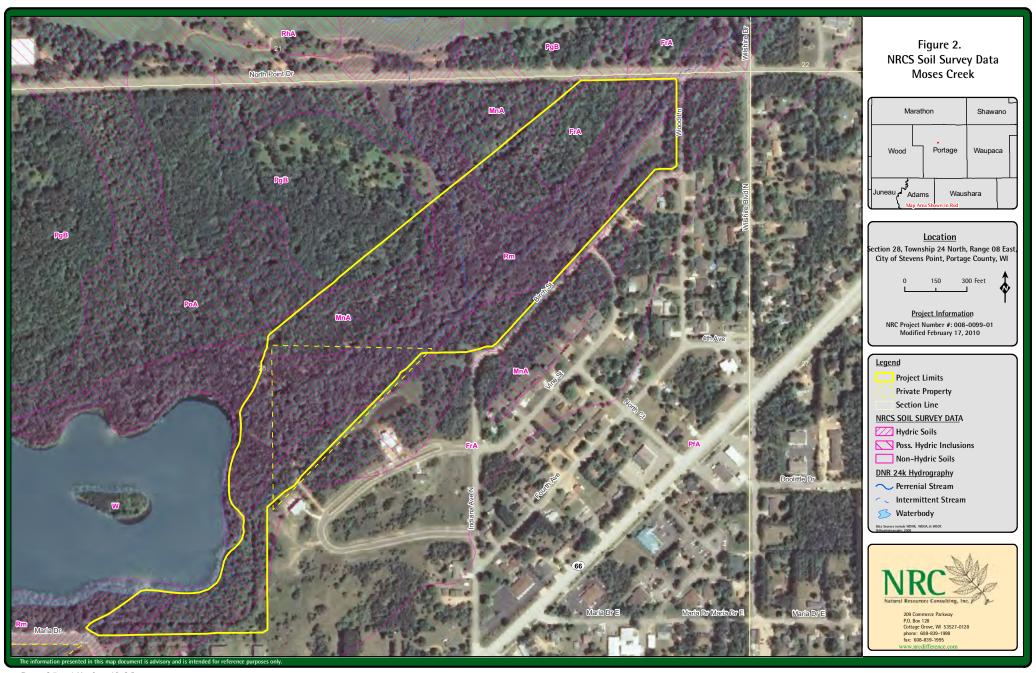


Figure 2 Soils.mxd Map Created By S. Foster
Page 1 of 1

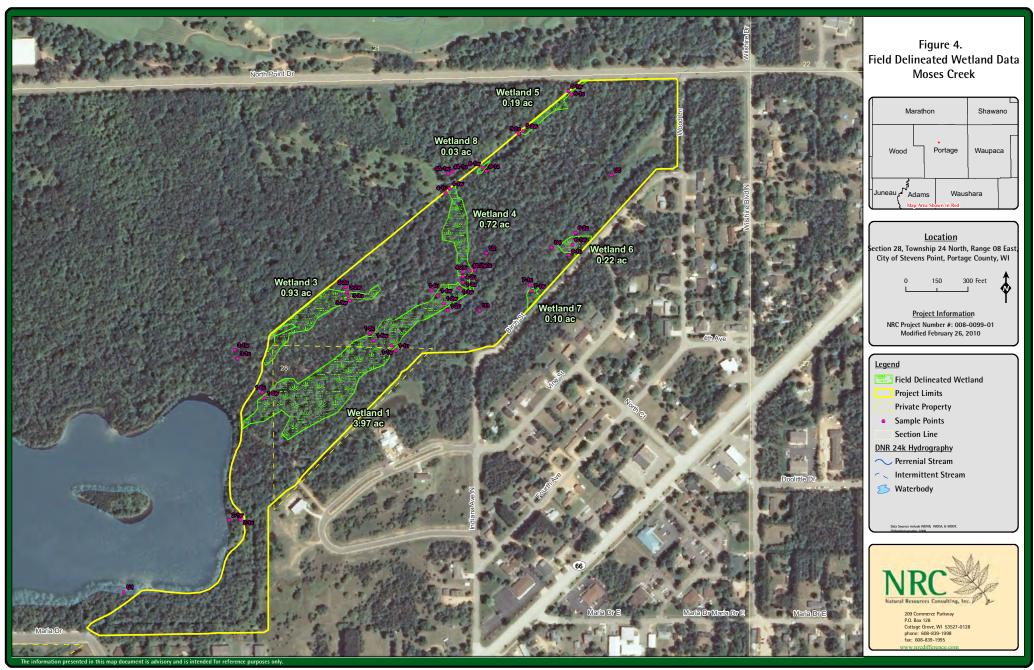
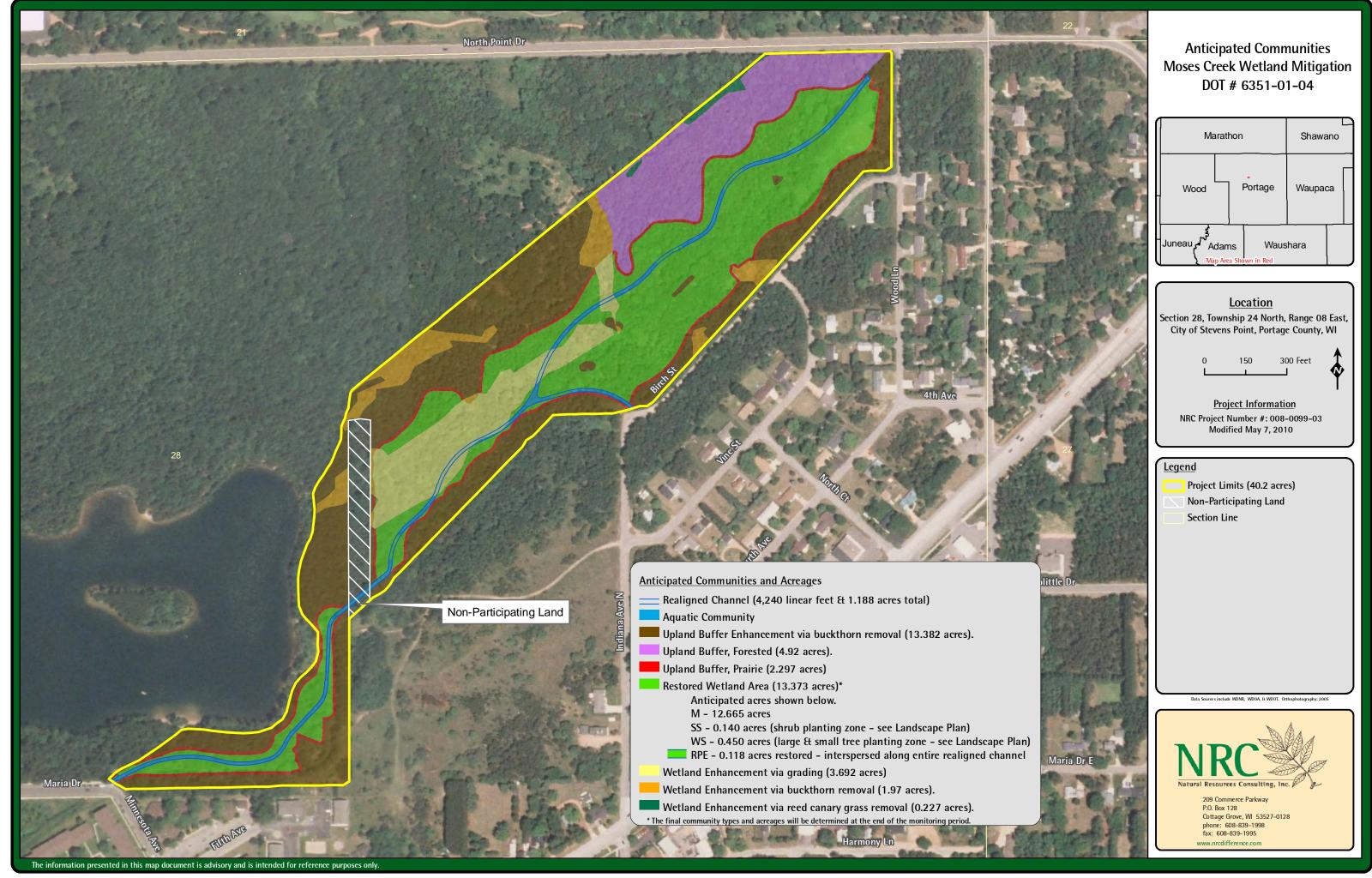


Figure 4 Field Delineated Wetland Data.mxd Map Created By D. Giblin

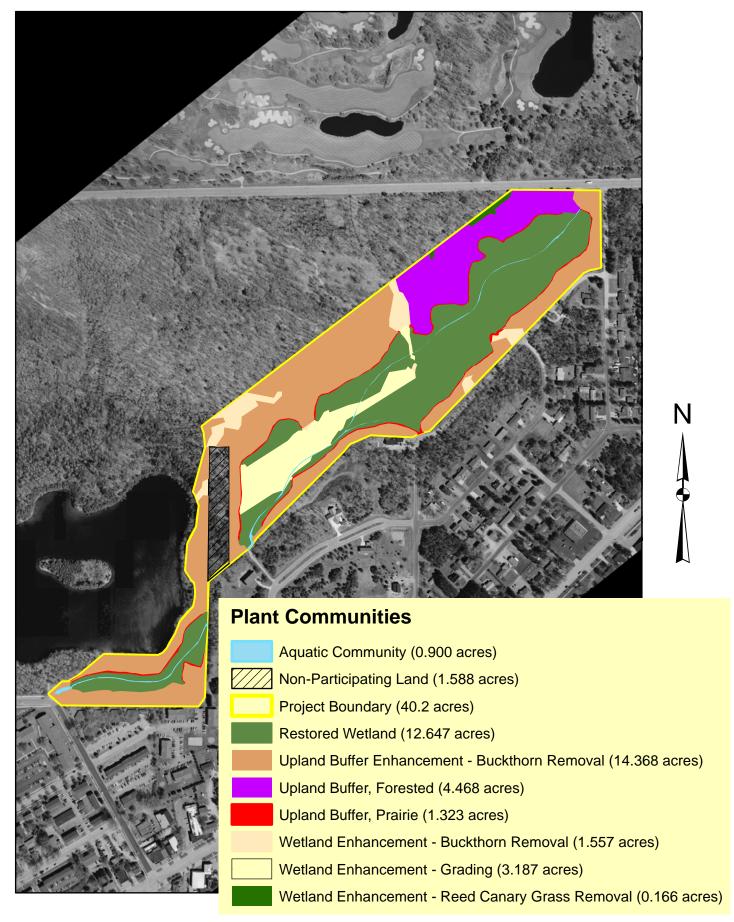


Community Types.mxd Map Created By D. Giblin



Mitigation_Credits_Figure.mxd Map Created By D. Giblin
Page 1 of 1

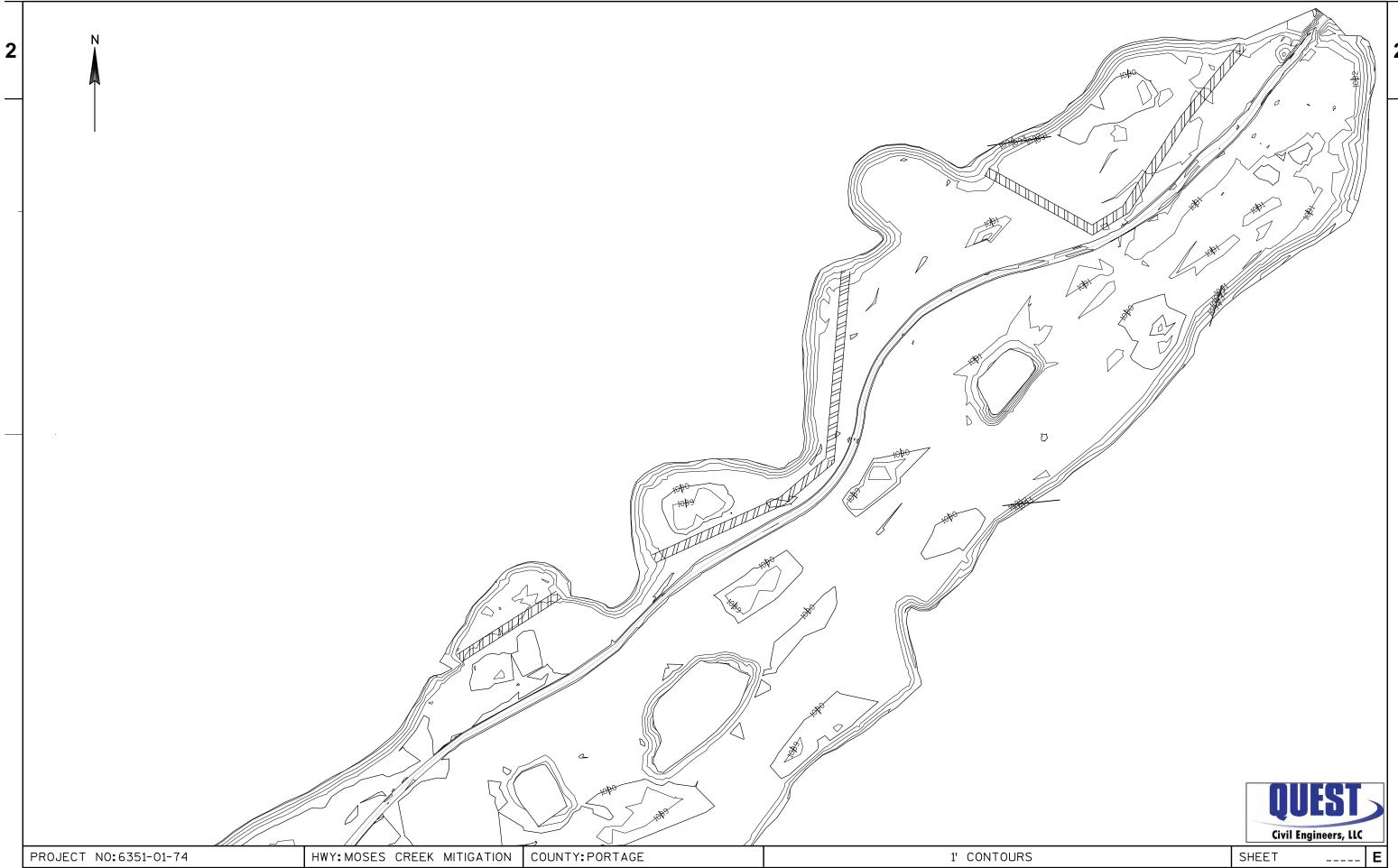
Moses Creek Post-Construction Plant Communities



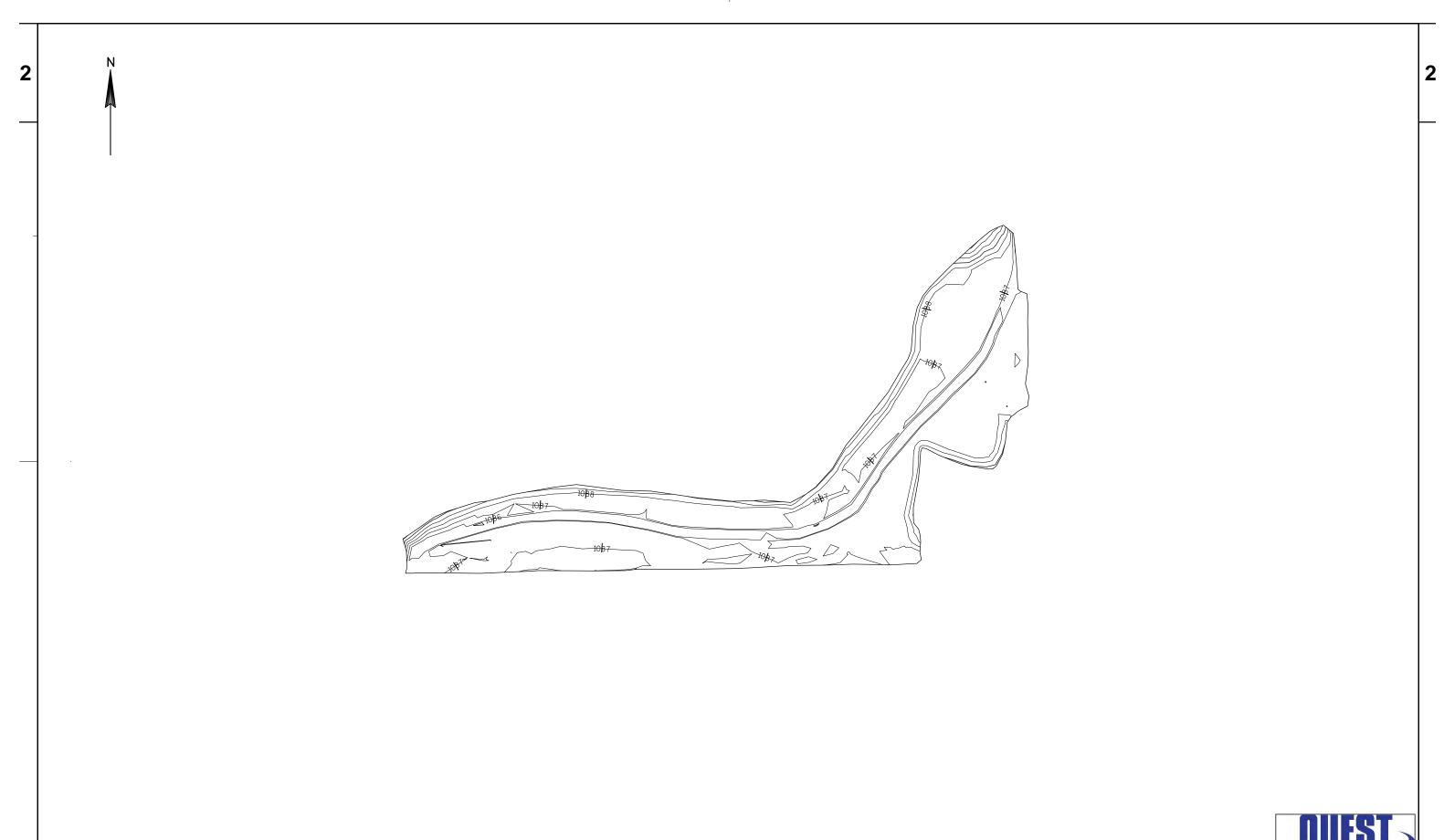
Appendix B

As-Built Summary

- As Built Plan and Changes
- Project Overview
- Landscape Plan
- Moses Creek Common Excavation
- Seeding Quantities
- Moses Creek Final Ground

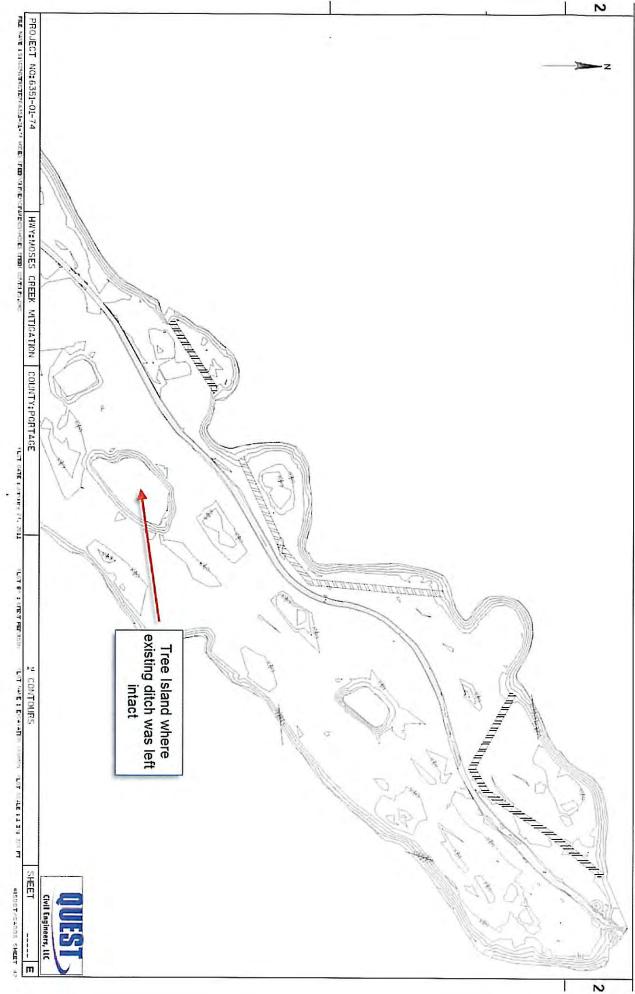




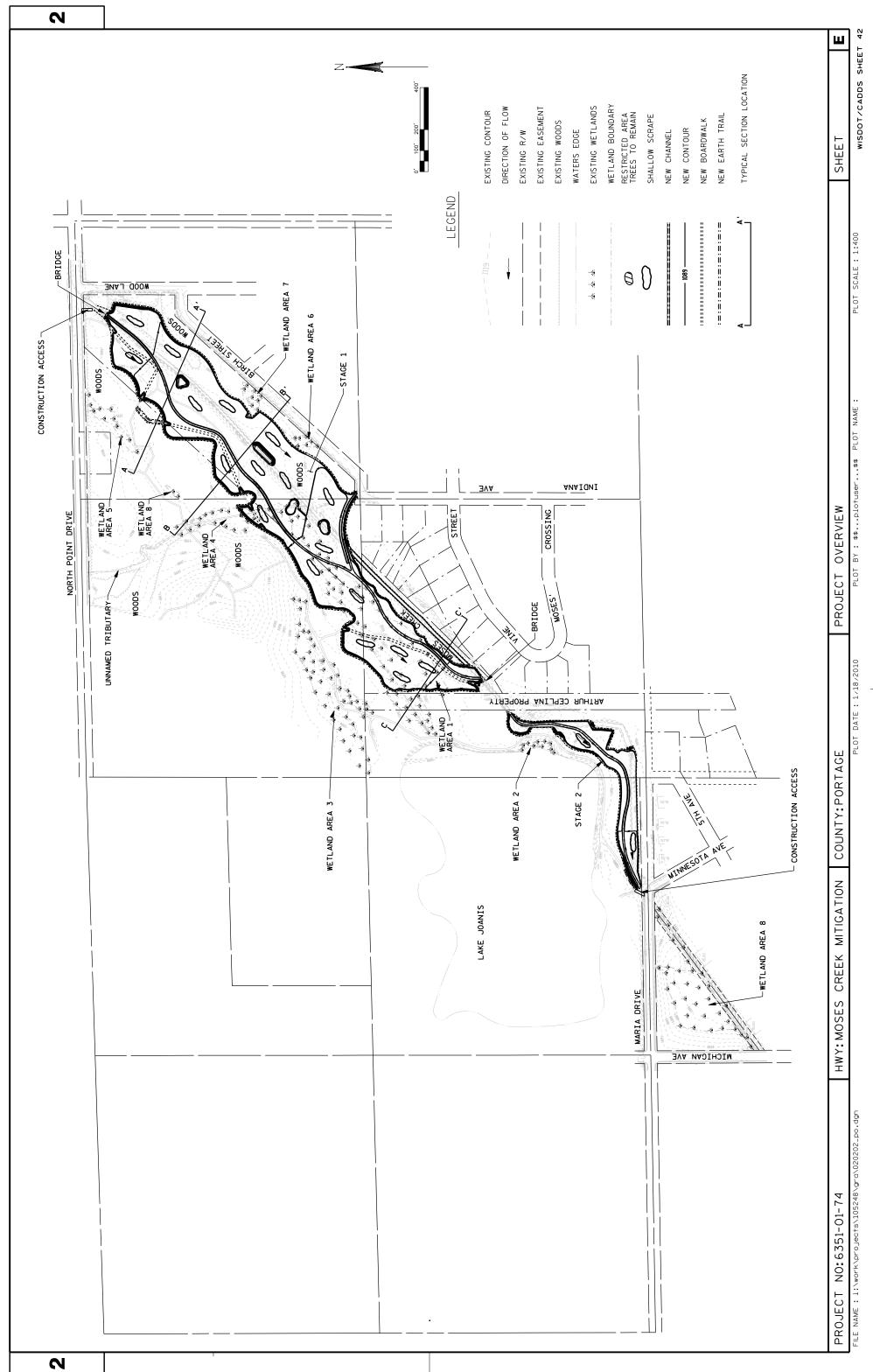


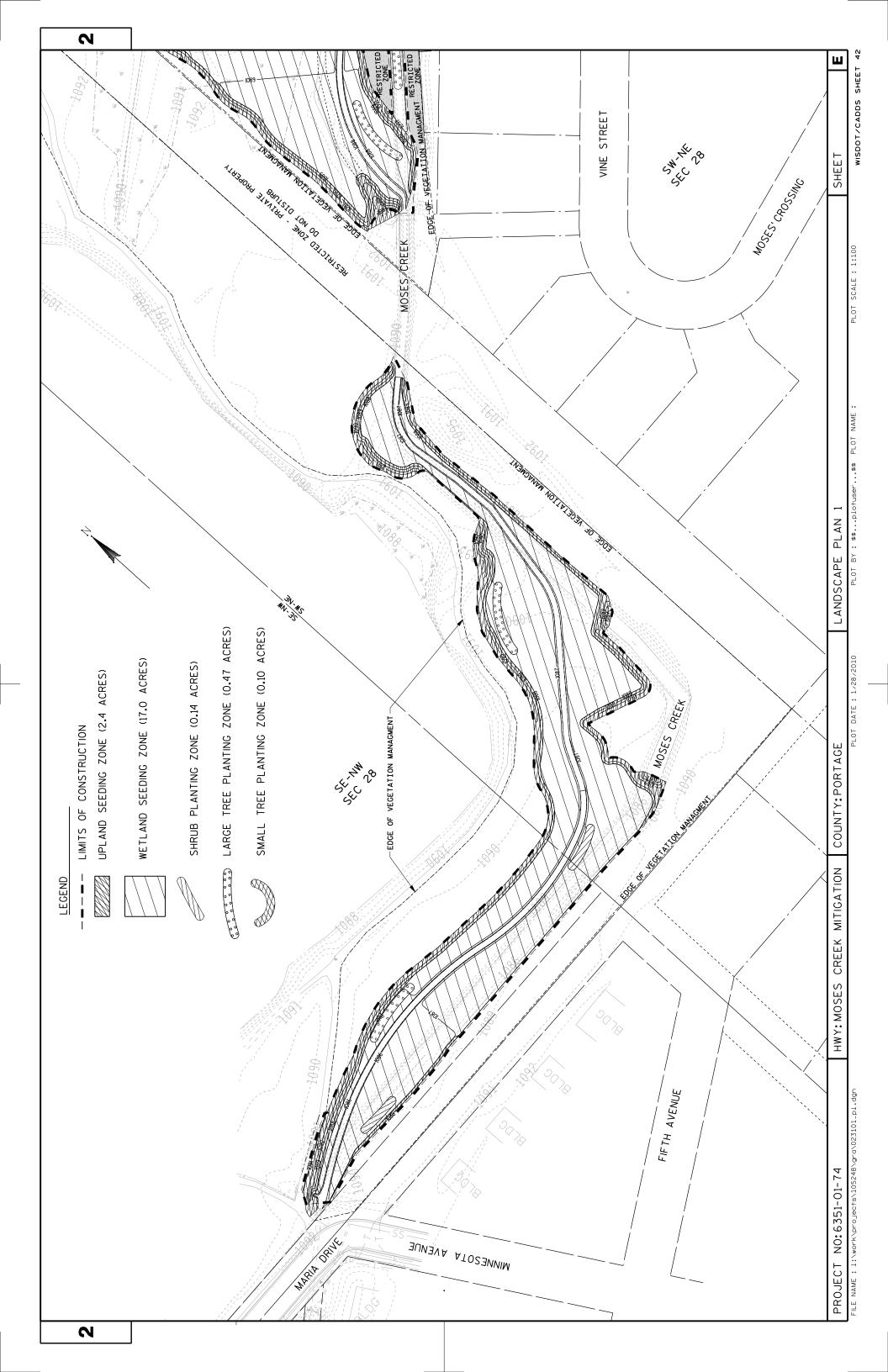


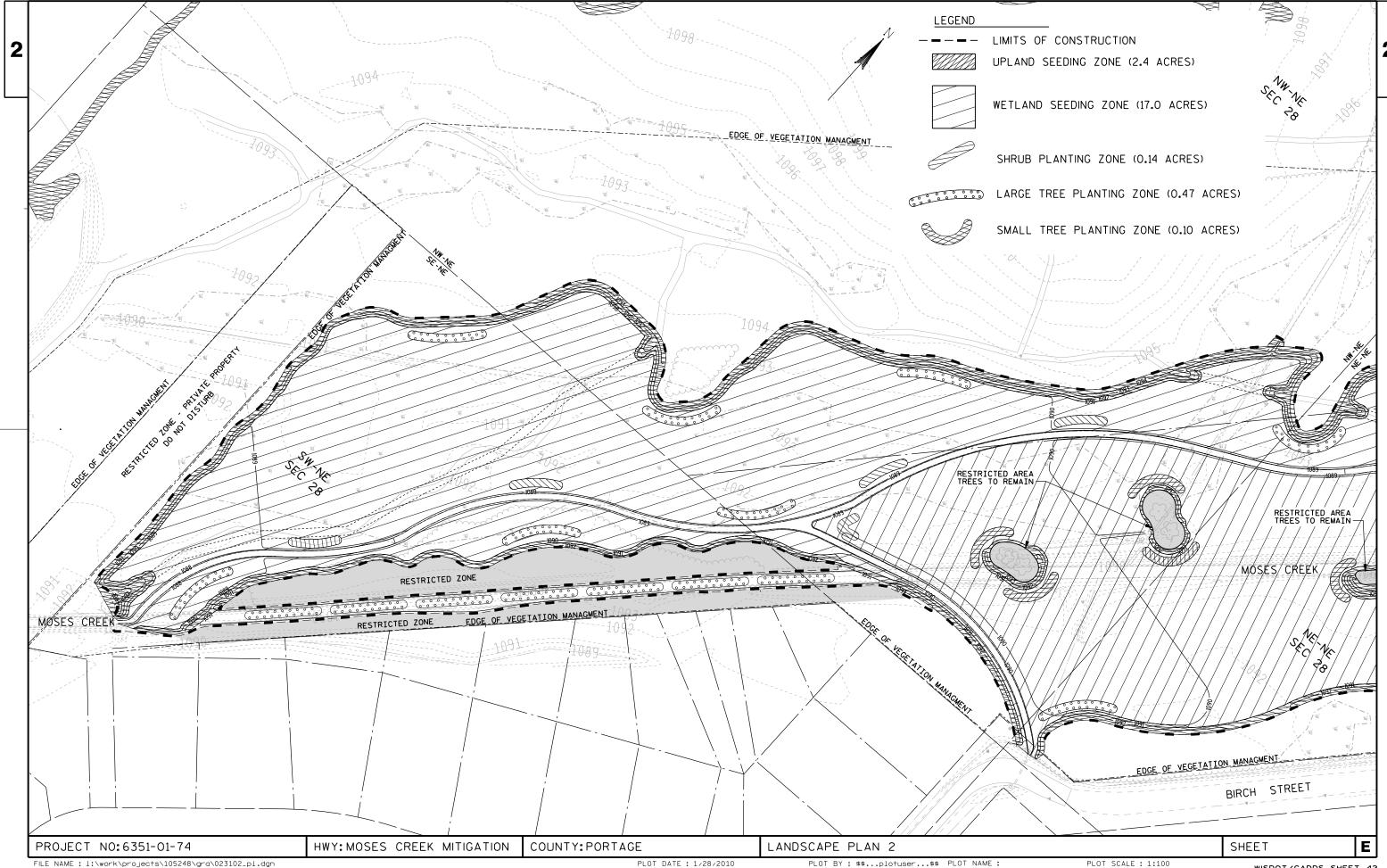
PROJECT NO:6351-01-74 HWY:MOSES CREEK MITIGATION COUNTY:PORTAGE 1' CONTOURS SHEET ____

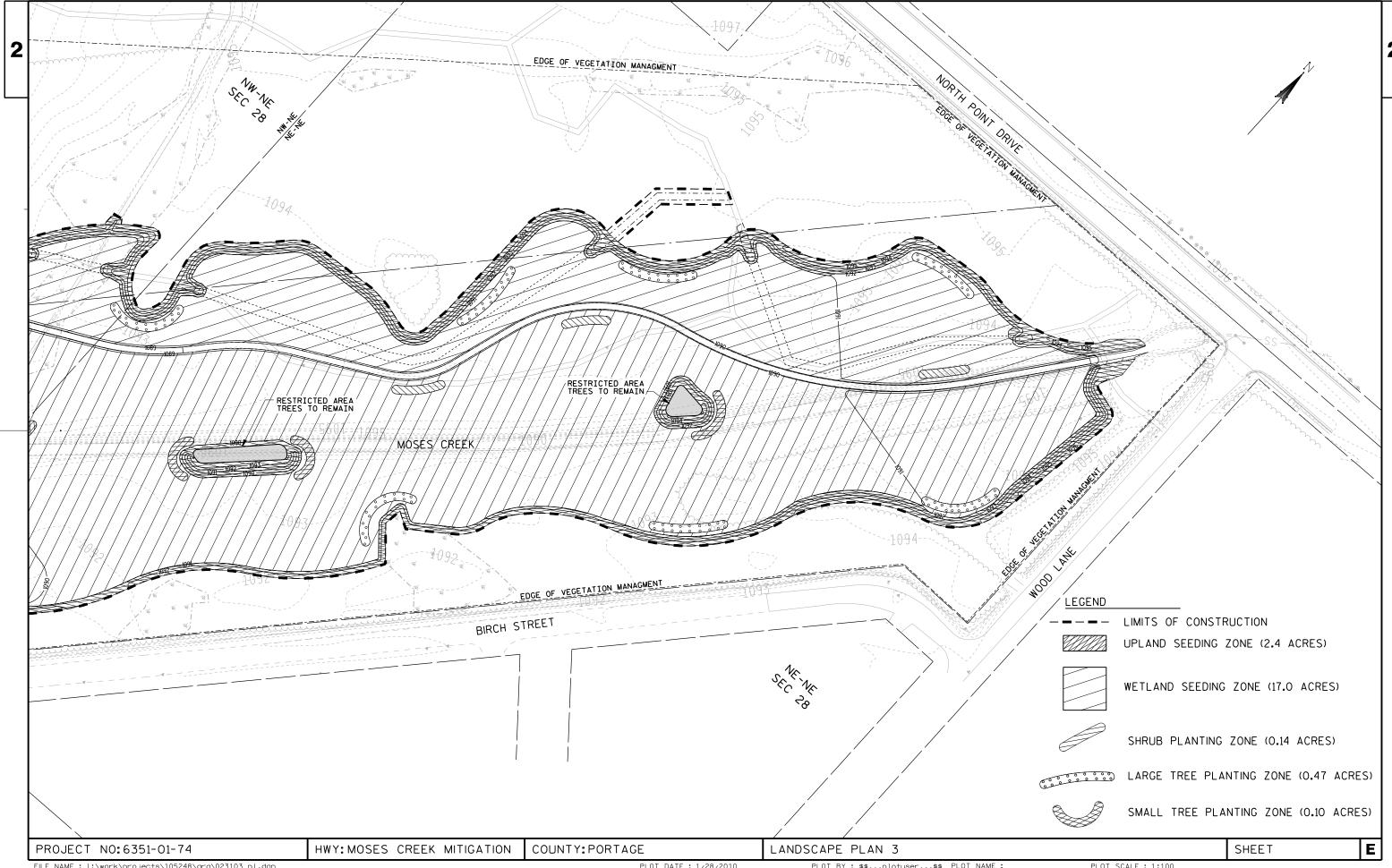


South Fork channel Moses Creek Restoratio RESTORATION AREA Tree Island with existing left intact Schmeeckle Reserve, November 2, 2010 O PC

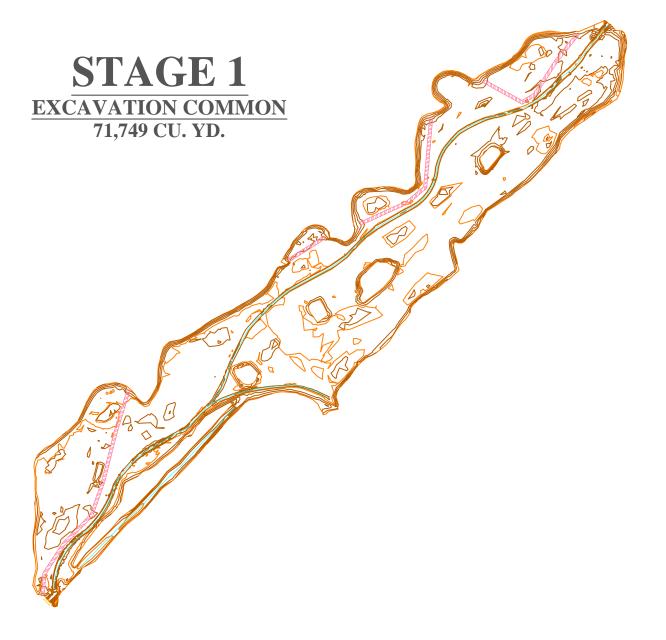








FILE NAME: 1:\work\projects\105248\gra\023103_pl.dgn PLOT DATE: 1/28/2010 PLOT BY: \$\$...plotuser...\$\$ PLOT NAME:





STAGE 1 = 71,749 CU. YD. STAGE 2 = 6,265 CU. YD. $TOTAL = \overline{78,014 \text{ CU. YD.}}$



SURVEYED BY: ACR METHOD: GPS DATE: 12-14-2010 COMPUTED BY: KFS METHOD: CIVIL 3D DATE: 01-24-2011

1' CONTOURS

PROJECT NO:6351-01-74

HWY: MOSES CREEK MITIGATION COUNTY: PORTAGE 205.0100 EXCAVATION COMMON

SHEET

PLOT DATE : January 24, 2011

B.2.2 Wetland Seeding Zone Mix.	Seed mix (17 total acres).	
Scientific Name	Common Name	Total Ounces
Andropogon gerardi	Big Bluestem	758.0
Calamagrostis canadensis	Blue Joint Grass	6.0
Elymus virginicus	Virginia Wild Rye	90.0
Glyceria grandis	Reed Mana Grass	79.0
Leersia oryzoides	Rice Cutgrass	34.0
Panicum virgatum	Switch Grass	376.0
Spartina pectinata	Prairie Cord Grass	115.0
Carex bebbii	Bebb's Sedge	48.0
Carex stipata	Common Fox Sedge	116.0
Carex vulpinoidea	Brown Fox Sedge	42.0
Juncus torreyi	Torrey's Rush	5.0
Scirpus atrovirens	Dark-Green Bullrush	36.0
Scirpus cyperinus	Wool Grass	13.0
Scirpus validus	Softstem Bulrush	75.0
Acorus calamus	Sweet Flag	72.0
Alisma subcordatum	Mud Plantain	32.0
Asclepias incarnata	Marsh Milkweed	75.0
Aster puniceus	Red-Stemmed Aster	5.0
Aster novae-angliae	New England Aster	37.0
Aster sagittifolius	Arrow-Leaved Aster	25.0
Eupatorium maculatum	Spotted Joe Pye Weed	14.0
Eupatorium perfoliatum	Boneset	7.0
Helenium autumnale	Sneezeweed	18.0
Lobelia siphilitica	Great Blue Lobelia	2.0
Lycopus americanus	Water Horehound	12.0
Monarda fistulosa	Wild Bergamot	22.0
Penthorum sedoides	Ditch Stonecrop	1.0
Pycnanthemum virginianum	Mountain Mint	13.0
Solidago graminifolia	Grass-Leaved Goldenrod	3.0
Verbena hastata	Blue Vervain	25.0
Vernonia fasciculata	Ironweed	32.0
Nurse Crop		Total lbs
Avena sativa	Common Oats	850
Lolium sp.	Annual Rye	85
B.2.3 Upland Seeding Zone Mix (2)		
Scientific Name	Common Name	Total Ounces
Andropogon gerardi	Big Bluestem	175.0
Andropogon scoparius	Little Bluestem	105.0
Elymus canadensis	Canada Wild Rye	260.0
Panicum virgatum	Switch Grass	87.0
Sorghastrum nutans	Indian Grass	163.0

6351-01-74 15 of 22

Scientific Name	Common Name	Total Ounces
Sporobolus cryptandrus	Sand Dropseed	7.0
Agastache foeniculum	Lavender Hyssop	3.0
Aster azureus	Sky Blue Aster	4.0
Aster novae-angliae	New England Aster	4.0
Heliopsis helianthoides	Early Sunflower	40.0
Monarda fistulosa	Wild Bergamot	4.0
Ratibida pinnata	Yellow Coneflower	7.0
Rudbeckia hirta	Black-Eyed Susan	3.0
Rudbeckia subtomentosa	Sweet Black-Eyed Susan	6.0
Rudbeckia triloba	Brown Eyed Susan	15.0
Solidago rigida	Stiff Goldenrod	6.0
Verbena stricta	Hoary Vervain	10.0
Vernonia fasciculata	Ironweed	5.0
Astragalus canadensis	Canada Milk Vetch	15.0
Cassia fasciculata	Partridge Pea	80.0
Petalostemum purpeum	Purple Prairie Clover	11.0
Nurse Crop		Total lbs
Avena sativa	Common Oats	119
Lolium sp.	Annual Rye	12

C (Vacant)

D Measurement

The department will measure Seed Mix, meeting the required PLS germination rate, by actual acres of native seed placed. Separate measurement will be made for Seeding Temporary under bid Item 630.0200.

E Payment

The department will pay for measured quantities at the contract unit price under the following bid item:

ITEM NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	UNIT
SPV.0005.02	Wetland Seeding Zone Mix	ACRE
SPV.0005.03	Upland Seeding Zone Mix	ACRE

Payment is full compensation for furnishing and delivering native seed and seeding temporary to the project site; providing seed samples and germination data; and for furnishing all labor, tools, equipment, and incidentals necessary to complete the contract work.

6351-01-74 16 of 22

STAGE 1 CLEARING & GRUBBING QUANTITY 762,361 SQ. FT. **17.50 ACRES**

STAGE 2

CLEARING & GRUBBING QUANTITY 88,698 SQ. FT. **2.04 ACRES**

STAGE 1 = 17.50 ACRES STAGE 2 = 2.04 ACRES

TOTAL = 19.54 ACRES



SURVEYED BY: ACR METHOD: GPS DATE: 12-14-2010 COMPUTED BY: KFS METHOD: CIVIL 3D DATE: 01-13-2011

PROJECT NO:6351-01-74

HWY: MOSES CREEK MITIGATION

COUNTY: PORTAGE

201.0115 CLEARING & 201.0215 GRUBBING

SHEET

STAGE 1

SEEDING QUANTITIES



UPLAND SEEDING = 10,996 SQ. YD.





WETLAND SEEDING = 61,748 SQ. YD. = 12.76 ACRES



RE-SEEDED AREAS = 6,479 SQ. YD.

WETLAND RE-SEED X 2 = 12,958 SQ. YD. = 2.68 ACRES

NOTE: ON 9-27-2010 KEVIN GARRIGAN (WISDOT PROJECT MANAGER)
DIRECTED TO HAVE THE AREAS
RE-SEEDED THAT HAD BEEN
PREVIOUSLY SEEDED PRIOR TO THE
100 YEAR FLOOD ON 9-24-2010

STAGE 2 SEEDING QUANTITIES



UPLAND SEEDING = 1,728 SQ. YD. = 0.36 ACRES



WETLAND SEEDING = 7,022 SQ. YD.



SPV.0005.01 SEEDING

SPV.0005.03 WETLAND SEEDING = 16.89 ACRES SPV.0005.03 UPLAND SEEDING = 2.63 ACRES.

TOTAL = 19.52 ACRES

SPV.0005.02 WETLAND SEEDING

STAGE 1 = 12.76 ACRES

RE-SEED X2 STAGE 1 = 2.68 ACRES STAGE 2 = 1.45 ACRES

TOTAL = 16.89 ACRES

SPV.0005.03 UPLAND SEEDING

STAGE 1 = 2.27 ACRES STAGE 2 = 0.36 ACRES **TOTAL** = **2.63 ACRES**



SURVEYED BY: ACR METHOD: GPS DATE: 12-14-2010 COMPUTED BY: KFS METHOD: CIVIL 3D DATE: 01-18-2011

PROJECT NO:6351-01-74

HWY: MOSES CREEK MITIGATION | COUNTY: PORTAGE

SPV.0005.01 SEEDING - SPV.0005.02 WETLAND SEEDING - SPV.0005.03 UPLAND SEEDING SHEET

PLOT BY: BRIAN KRONSTEDT PLOT NAME: SEEDING

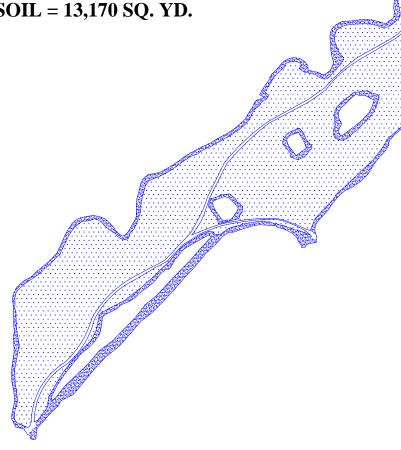


STAGE 1

TOPSOIL QUANTITIES

10'' TOPSOIL = 68,227 SQ. YD

6" TOPSOIL = 13,170 SQ. YD.



STAGE 2 TOPSOIL QUANTITIES



10" TOPSOIL = 7,022 SQ. YD



6" TOPSOIL = 1,728 SQ. YD.



STAGE 1 = 13,170 SQ. YD.STAGE 2 = 1,728 SQ. YD. TOTAL = 14,898 SQ. YD.



STAGE 1 = 68,227 SQ. YD. STAGE 2 = 7,022 SQ. YD. $TOTAL = \overline{75,249 \text{ SQ. YD.}}$



SURVEYED BY: ACR METHOD: GPS DATE: 12-14-2010 COMPUTED BY: KFS METHOD: CIVIL 3D DATE: 01-17-2011

PROJECT NO:6351-01-74

HWY: MOSES CREEK MITIGATION

COUNTY: PORTAGE

SPV.0180.01 SALVAGED TOPSOIL 6"

PLOT BY: BRIAN KRONSTEDT

SPV.0180.02 SALVAGED TOPSOIL 10' SHEET

PLOT NAME : TOPSOIL



STAGE 2 = 2 SCRAPES

TOTAL = 20 SCRAPES



SURVEYED BY: ACR METHOD: GPS DATE: 12-14-2010 COMPUTED BY: KFS METHOD: CIVIL 3D DATE: 01-13-2011

PROJECT NO:6351-01-74

HWY: MOSES CREEK MITIGATION

COUNTY: PORTAGE

SPV. 0060.03 SHALLOW SCRAPES

SHEET

Appendix C

Vegetation Data

- Comprehensive Plant Species List
- Vegetation Sample Plot Map
- Vegetation Monitoring Plot Data
- Floristic Quality Assessment Tables

Moses Creek Mitigation Site, 2011

Comprehensive Plant Species List

Janet Smith, Kelsey Reimann, Rochelle Hayes, WisDOT

R. Freckman, J. Cook, M. Vine, UW-Stevens Point

Scientific Name	Common Name	Coefficient of Conservatism	Native
Abutilon throphrasti	Velvetleaf		110000
Acer rubrum	Red maple	3	х
Achillea millefolium	Yarrow	1	х
Agrostis gigantea	Redtop		
Agrostis hyemalis	Winter bentgrass	4	х
Alisma plantago-aquatica	Northern water plantain	4	х
Alisma subcordatum	Water plantain	3	х
Alnus incana	Tag alder	4	х
Alopercus carolinianus	Carolina foxtail		
Amaranthus blitum	Common amaranth		
Ambrosia artemisiifolia	Common ragweed	0	х
Apocynum androsaemifolium	Spreading dogbane	2	х
Artemisia campestris	Field wormwood	4	х
Asclepias incarnata	Marsh milkweed	5	х
Aster novae-angliae	New England aster	3	х
Betula papyrifera	Paper birch	3	х
Bidens connatus	Purple stemmed beggarticks	6	х
Bidens frondosus	Devil's beggarticks	1	х
Calystegia sepium	Bindweed	2	х
Carex bebbii	Bebb's sedge	4	х
Carex pensylvanica	Pennsylvania sedge	3	х
Chamaecrista fasciculata	Partridge pea	3	х
Chenopodium album	Lamb's quarters	0	х
Cicuta maculata	Spotted water hemlock	6	х
Comptonia peregrina	Sweet fern	4	х
Conyza canadensis	Canadian horseweed	0	х
Cyperus strigosus	False nut sedge	1	х
Danthonia spicata	Poverty oat grass	4	х
Dicanthielium acuminatum	Hairy panic grass	5	х
Didiplis diandra	Water purslane	5	х
Digitaria sanguinalis	Hairy crabgrass		
Echinochloa crus-galli	Barn yard grass		

Eleocharis erythropoda	Bald spike rush	3	х
Eleocharis obtusa	Blunt spike rush	3	Х
Epilobium ciliatum	American willow herb	3	Х
Eragrostis minor	Little lovegrass		
Erechtites hieracifolia	Burnweed	2	х
Equisetum arvense	Field horsetail	1	Х
Eupatorium maculatum	Spotted Joe Pye weed	4	Х
Eupatorium perfoliatum	Boneset	6	Х
Festuca arundinacea	Annual rye grass		
Fragaria virginiana	Wild strawberry	1	Х
Gaultheria procumbens	Wintergreen	6	Х
Gaylussacia baccata	Black huckleberry	6	х
Geranium carolinianum	Carolina geranium	3	Х
Glyceria grandis	American manna grass	6	х
Gnaphalium obtusifolium	Fragrant cudweed	3	Х
Gratiola neglecta	Clammy hedge hyssop	5	Х
Helianthus sp.	Sunflower	4	Х
Hieracium aurantiacum	Orange hawkweed		
Hieracium kalmii	Canada hawkweed	5	Х
Hypericum canadense	St. John's wort	7	Х
Hypericum majus	Larger Canadian St. John's wort	5	х
Impatiens capensis	Jewelweed (Touch me not)	2	х
Juncus brevicaudatus	Narrow panicle rush	6	Х
Juncus canadensis	Canada rush	7	х
Juncus dudleyi	Dudley's rush	4	Х
Juncus effusus	Soft rush	4	Х
Juncus pelocarpus	Brown fruited rush	8	Х
Juncus tenuis	Path (Poverty) rush	1	Х
Juncus torreyi	Torrey's rush	4	Х
Leersia oryzoides	Rice cut grass	3	х
Ludwigia palustris	Marsh seedbox	4	х
Lycopus americanus	American water horehound	4	Х
Maianthemum canadense	Canada mayflower	5	х
Medicago lulupina	Black medick		
Menarda fistulosa	Wild bergamot		х
Mimulus ringens	Monkey flower	6	х
Mollugo verticillata	Carpetweed		
Onoclea sensibilis	Sensitive fern	5	х
Osmunda regalis	Royal fern	7	х
Oxalis corniculata	Wood sorrell		
Panicum longifolium	Panic grass		х

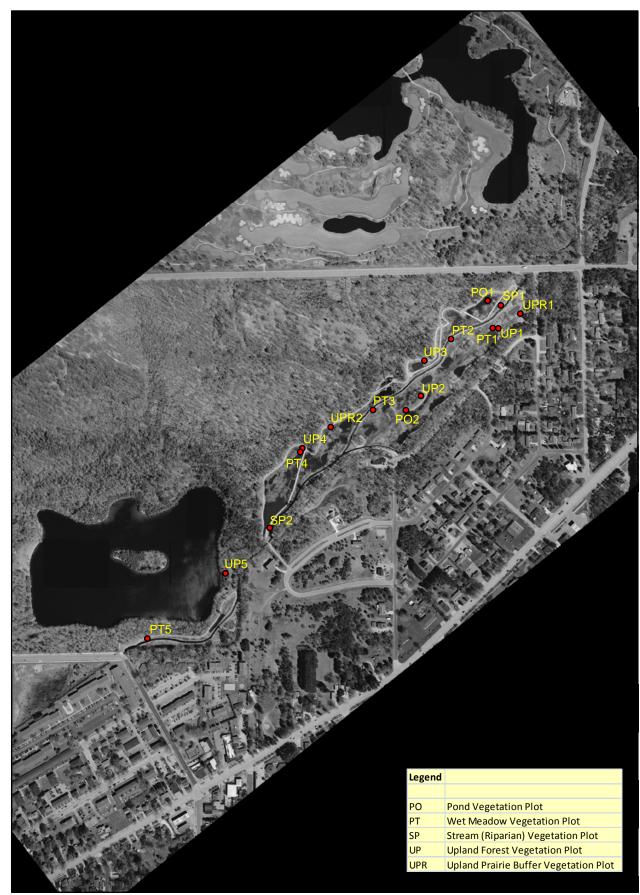
Panicum virgatum	Switch grass	4	х
Penthorum sedoides	Ditch stonecrop	3	х
Persicaria maculata	Spotted (lady's thumb) smartweed		
Persicaria punctatum	Dotted smartweed	5	х
Phalaris arundinacea	Reed canary grass		
Pilea pumila	Canadian clearweed	3	х
Pinus resinosa	Red pine	7	х
Pinus strobus	White pine	5	х
Plantago major	Common plantain		
Poa palustris	Marsh bluegrass	5	Х
Poa pratensis	Kentucky bluegrass		
Polygala sanguinea	Purple milkwort	5	Х
Polygonum amphibium	Water smartweed	5	х
Polygonum careyi	Carey's knotweed	6	Х
Polygonum hydropiper	Water pepper		
Polygonum lapathifolium	Dock leaved smartweed	2	х
Polygonum pensylvanicum	Pinkweed	1	х
Polygonum sagittatum	Arrow leaved tearthumb	6	х
Polygonum scandens	Climbing false buckwheat	3	х
Polypogon monspeliensis	Annual rabbit's foot grass		
Populus deltoides	Cottonwood	2	х
Populus tremuloides	Quaking aspen	2	х
Portulaca oleracaea	Purslane		
Potentilla norvegica	Norwegian cinquefoil	0	х
Potentilla simplex	Common cinquefoil	2	Х
Prunus serotina	Black cherry	3	х
Pteridium aquilinium	Bracken fern	2	Х
Quercus alba	White oak	7	Х
Quercus ellipsoidalis	Pin oak	5	х
Quercus macrocarpa	Bur oak	5	Х
Quercus rubra	Red oak	5	Х
Ranunculus pensylvanicus	Bristly crowfoot	5	Х
Ratibida pinnata	Pinnate prairie coneflower	4	х
Rhamnus cathartica	Common buckthorn		
Rhamnus frangula	Glossy buckthorn		
Rorippa palustris	Marsh cress	3	Х
Rubus allegheniensis	Common blackberry	2	Х
Rubus hispidus	Swamp dewberry	4	Х
Rubus idaeus	Red raspberry	3	Х
Rudbeckia hirta	Black eyed susan	4	Х
Rumex crispus	Common sheep sorrel		

Scirpus atrovirens	Dark green bulrush	3	х
Scirpus cyperinus	Wool grass	4	Х
Scirpus validus	Softstem bulrush		х
Setaria faberi	Nodding foxtail		
Setaria glauca	Yellow foxtail		
Silene latifolia	White campion		
Siparis astrigesus	Nutsedge		Х
Solidago canadensis	Canada goldenrod	1	Х
Solidago graminifolia	Grass leaved goldenrod		Х
Sporobolis cryptandrus	Sand dropseed	3	Х
Stachys palustrus	Marsh hedge nettle	5	Х
Trientalis borealis	Starflower	7	Х
Trifolium hybridum	Alsike clover		
Trifolium pratense	Red clover		
Trifolium procumbens	Low hop clover		
Trifolium repens	White clover		
Typha angustifolia	Narrow leaved cattail		
Typha latifolia	Broad leaved cattail	1	х
Ulmus americana	American elm	3	Х
Vaccinium angustifolium	Black huckleberry	4	Х
Verbena hastata	Blue (Swamp) vervain	3	Х
Verbascum thapsis	Common mullein		

FQI Calculations	Native Species Only	All Species	
Species Richness	105	136	
Mean C Value	3.57	2.76	
FQI	36.58	28.28	

Moses Creek Vegetation Monitoring Points

2011



Project Location & ID #: <u>Mo</u>	ses Creek 6531-01-04/74		Date: _	8/3/11
Observer(s): <u>Rochelle Hayes</u>	s, Kelsey Reimann, Janet Smith	Weather Conditions:	75 degi	ees, sunny
Point Type & Number <u>PO1</u>	Sample Strategy <u>5' radius (in por</u>	nd)		

Community	Genus	Species	Common Name	% Cover	Indicator Status
Pond/Scrape					
Herbaceous	Alisma	plantago-aquatica	Water Plantain	6	OBL*
(15" deep)	Typha	latifolia	Broad-leaved cattail	3	OBL*
			Water	91	
				+	

^{* =} dominant species

Project Location & ID #: _	Moses Creek 6	5531-01-04/74		Date: _	8/9/11
Observer(s): <u>Rochelle</u>	Hayes, Kelsey Reima	nn, Janet Smith	Weather Conditions:	65 degi	ees, sunny
Point Type & Number <u>P</u>	O2 Sample Strate	egy <u>3' x 10' long (re</u>	ectangle along pond ed	ge)	

Community	Genus	Species	Common Name	% Cover	Indicator Status
RPE Pond					
edge					
Herbaceous	Scirpus	cyperinus	Wool grass	60	OBL*
	Juncus	tenuis	Path rush	55	FAC*
	Juncus	brevicaudatus	Narrow-panicle rush	30	OBL
	Alisma	plantago-aquatica	Water plantain	10	OBL
	Eleocharis	obtusa	Blunt spike-rush	7	OBL
	Carex	bebbii	Bebb's sedge	5	OBL
	Scirpus	validus	Softstem bulrush	3	OBL
	Leersia	oryzoides	Rice cutgrass	3	OBL
	Juncus	pelocarpus	Brown-fruited rush	2	OBL
	Scirpus	atrovirens	Dark-green bulrush	1	OBL
	Potentilla	simplex	Common cinquefoil	1	FACU
	Ludwigia	palustris	Marsh seedbox	1	OBL
	Polygonum	sagittatum	Arrow-leaved tearthumb	1	OBL

^{*=} dominant species

Project Location & ID #:	Moses Creek 653	1-01-04/74		Date:	8/3/11
Observer(s): Rochelle Ha	yes, Kelsey Reimann	, Janet Smith	Weather Conditions:	75 degr	ees, sunny
Point Type & Number <u>PT1</u>	Sample Strategy	5' radius plot			

Wet MeadowHerbaceousJuncustenuisPath rush60RorippapalustrisWater cress15SporoboliscryptandrusSand dropseed8ScirpuscyperinusWool grass5ScirpusatrovirensDark-green bulrush2AmbrosiaartemesiifoliaCommon ragweed2PersicariapunctatumDotted smartweed2PersicariamaculataLady's thumb2GratiolaneglectaClammy hedge-hyssop2LeersiaoryzoidesRice cutgrass2PotentillanorvegicaNorwegian cinquefoil1VerbenahastataBlue vervain1	Indicator Status
HerbaceousJuncustenuisPath rush60RorippapalustrisWater cress15SporoboliscryptandrusSand dropseed8ScirpuscyperinusWool grass5ScirpusatrovirensDark-green bulrush2AmbrosiaartemesiifoliaCommon ragweed2PersicariapunctatumDotted smartweed2PersicariamaculataLady's thumb2GratiolaneglectaClammy hedge-hyssop2LeersiaoryzoidesRice cutgrass2PotentillanorvegicaNorwegian cinquefoil1	
RorippapalustrisWater cress15SporoboliscryptandrusSand dropseed8ScirpuscyperinusWool grass5ScirpusatrovirensDark-green bulrush2AmbrosiaartemesiifoliaCommon ragweed2PersicariapunctatumDotted smartweed2PersicariamaculataLady's thumb2GratiolaneglectaClammy hedge-hyssop2LeersiaoryzoidesRice cutgrass2PotentillanorvegicaNorwegian cinquefoil1	
SporoboliscryptandrusSand dropseed8ScirpuscyperinusWool grass5ScirpusatrovirensDark-green bulrush2AmbrosiaartemesiifoliaCommon ragweed2PersicariapunctatumDotted smartweed2PersicariamaculataLady's thumb2GratiolaneglectaClammy hedge-hyssop2LeersiaoryzoidesRice cutgrass2PotentillanorvegicaNorwegian cinquefoil1	FAC*
Scirpus cyperinus Wool grass 5 Scirpus atrovirens Dark-green bulrush 2 Ambrosia artemesiifolia Common ragweed 2 Persicaria punctatum Dotted smartweed 2 Persicaria maculata Lady's thumb 2 Gratiola neglecta Clammy hedge-hyssop 2 Leersia oryzoides Rice cutgrass 2 Potentilla norvegica Norwegian cinquefoil 1	OBL
Scirpus atrovirens Dark-green bulrush 2 Ambrosia artemesiifolia Common ragweed 2 Persicaria punctatum Dotted smartweed 2 Persicaria maculata Lady's thumb 2 Gratiola neglecta Clammy hedge-hyssop 2 Leersia oryzoides Rice cutgrass 2 Potentilla norvegica Norwegian cinquefoil 1	FACU
Ambrosia artemesiifolia Common ragweed 2 Persicaria punctatum Dotted smartweed 2 Persicaria maculata Lady's thumb 2 Gratiola neglecta Clammy hedge-hyssop 2 Leersia oryzoides Rice cutgrass 2 Potentilla norvegica Norwegian cinquefoil 1	OBL
PersicariapunctatumDotted smartweed2PersicariamaculataLady's thumb2GratiolaneglectaClammy hedge-hyssop2LeersiaoryzoidesRice cutgrass2PotentillanorvegicaNorwegian cinquefoil1	OBL
PersicariapunctatumDotted smartweed2PersicariamaculataLady's thumb2GratiolaneglectaClammy hedge-hyssop2LeersiaoryzoidesRice cutgrass2PotentillanorvegicaNorwegian cinquefoil1	FACU
Gratiola neglecta Clammy hedge-hyssop 2 Leersia oryzoides Rice cutgrass 2 Potentilla norvegica Norwegian cinquefoil 1	OBL
Leersia oryzoides Rice cutgrass 2 Potentilla norvegica Norwegian cinquefoil 1	FACW
LeersiaoryzoidesRice cutgrass2PotentillanorvegicaNorwegian cinquefoil1	OBL
<u> </u>	OBL
	FAC
verbend nastata bide vervani 1	FACW
Amaranthus blitum Common amaranth 1	UPL
Oxalis corniculata Wood sorrell 1	FACU
Calystegia sepium Bindweed 1	FAC
Echinochloa crus-galli Barnyard grass 1	FACW
Plantago major Common plantain 1	FAC
Aster novae-angliae New England aster 1	FACW
Polygonum careyi Carey's knotweed 1	FACW
Hypericum canadense St. John's wort 1	FACW
Trifolium repens White clover 1	FACU
Siparis astrigesus Nutsedge 1	FACW
Asclepias incarnata Marsh milkweed 1	OBL
Trifolium procumbens Low hop-clover 1	FACU
Populus tremuloides Quaking aspen 1	FAC
	_

^{*=} dominant species

Project Location $\&$ ID #:	Moses Creek	6531-01-04/74		Date: _	<u>8/9/11</u>
Observer(s): <u>Rochelle Ha</u>	yes, Kelsey Reima	nn, Janet Smith	Weather Conditions:	65 degrees,	sunny
Point Type & Number <u>P</u> 7	Γ2 Sample Stra	ategy <u>5' radius (</u>	floodplain)		

Community	Genus	Species	Common Name	% Cover	Indicator Status
Wet					
Meadow					
Herbaceous	Juncus	tenuis	Path Rush/Poverty Rush	12	FAC*
	Scirpus	atrovirens	Green Bulrush	4	OBL*
	Polygonum	careyi	Carey's knotweed	3	FACW
	Panicum	longifolium	Panic-grass	3	OBL
	Hypericum	canadense	St. John's Wort	2	FACW
	Rhamnus	frangula	Glossy Buckthorn	1	FAC
	Juncus	brevicaudatus	Narrow Panicle Rush	1	OBL
	Scirpus	cyperinus	Wool Grass	1	OBL
	Leersia	oryzoides	Rice Cutgrass	1	OBL
	Potentilla	simplex	Common Cinquefoil	1	FACU
		-		71 Bare	
				Ground	

^{*=} dominant species

Project Location $\&$ ID #: $_$	Moses Creek	6531-01-04/74		Date: _	<u>8/9/11</u>
Observer(s): <u>Rochelle Ha</u>	yes, Kelsey Reima	ann, Janet Smith	Weather Conditions:	70 degrees,	partly sunny
Point Type & Number Pi	Γ3 Sample Str	ategy 5' radius ((floodplain)		
/·	<u> </u>	o,			

Community	Genus	Species	Common Name	% Cover	Indicator Status
Wet					
Meadow					
Herbaceous	Juncus	tenuis	Path Rush/Poverty rush	60	FAC*
	Scirpus	cyperinus	Wool Grass	30	OBL*
	Juncus	brevicaudatus	Narrow Panicle Rush	25	OBL
	Carex	bebbii	Bebb's Sedge	15	OBL
	Leersia	oryzoides	Rice Cutgrass	15	OBL
	Hypericum	canadense	St. Johnswort	2	FACW
	Rhamnus	frangula	Glossy Buckthorn	1	FAC
	Eupatorium	perfoliatum	Boneset	1	FACW
	Potentilla	simplex	Common Cinquefoil	1	FACU
	Scirpus	atrovirens	Dark-green Bulrush	1	OBL
	Juncus	torreyi	Torrey's Rush	1	FACW
	Juncus	effusus	Soft rush	1	OBL

^{*=} dominant species

Project Location $\&$ ID #: $_$	Moses Creek	6531-01-04/74		Date: _	<u>8/9/11</u>
Observer(s): <u>Rochelle Ha</u>	iyes, Kelsey Reima	nn, Janet Smith	Weather Conditions: 7	8 degrees, clo	udy, windy
Point Type & Number <u>P</u>	<u>T4</u> Sample Stra	itegy <u>5' radius (</u>	floodplain)		

Community	Genus	Species	Common Name	% Cover	Indicator Status
Sedge Meadow					
Herbaceous	Juncus	tenuis	Path rush	50	FAC*
	Juncus	brevicaudatus	Narrow Panicle Rush	45	OBL*
	Carex	bebbii	Bebb's sedge	20	OBL
	Scirpus	cyperinus	Wool Grass	10	OBL
	Echinochloa	crus-galli	Barnyardgrass	5	OBL
	Eleocharis	obtusa	Blunt Spikerush	5	OBL
	Juncus	canadensis	Canadian Rush	4	OBL
	Polygonum	hydropiper	Water pepper	3	OBL
	Persicaria	maculata	Lady's Thumb	3	FACW
	Scirpus	validus	Softstem Bulrush	2	OBL
	Alisma	plantago-aquatica	Water Plantain	2	OBL
	Panicum	longifolium	Panic Grass	2	OBL
	Hypericum	canadense	St. Johnswort	1	FACW
	Asclepias	incarnata	Swamp Milkweed	1	OBL
	Potentilla	simplex	Common Cinquefoil	1	FACU
	Agrostis	hyemalis	Winter bentgrass	1	FAC
	Sporabolis	cryptandrus	Sand dropseed	1	FACU
	Eupatorium	perfoliatum	Boneset	1	FACW
	Setaria	glauca	Yellow foxtail	1	FAC
		Branca.	Tenera revieus	_	17.0

^{*=} dominant species

Project Location & ID #:	Moses Creek	6531-01-04/74		Date: _	8/4/11
Observer(s): <u>Rochelle Ha</u>	yes, Kelsey Reima	ann	Weather Conditions: <u>67 d</u>	egrees,	cloudy
Point Type & Number <u>P</u>	<u>Γ5</u> Sample Str	ategy <u>5' radius (v</u>	vet meadow)		

Community	Genus	Species	Common Name	% Cover	Indicator Status
Sedge		-			
Meadow					
Herbaceous	Alisma	plantago-aquatica	Water plantain	50	OBL*
	Juncus	tenuis	Path (Poverty) rush	40	FAC*
	Leersia	oryzoides	Rice cut grass	15	OBL
	Scirpus	atrovirens	Dark-green bulrush	15	OBL
	Typha	angustifolia	Narrow-leaved cattail	7	OBL
	Carex	bebbii	Bebb's sedge	5	OBL
	Scirpus	validus	Softstem bulrush	5	OBL
	Eleocharis	obtusa	Blunt spikerush	5	OBL
	Scirpus	cyperinus	Wool grass	5	OBL
	Juncus	canadensis	Canadian rush	5	OBL
	Mimulus	ringens	Monkey flower	3	OBL
	Juncus	brevicaudatus	Narrow panicle rush	2	OBL
	Echinochloa	crus-galli	Barnyardgrass	1	OBL
	Hypericum	canadense	St. Johns wort	1	FAC
	Potentilla	simplex	Common cinquefoil	1	FACU
	Calystegia	sepium	Bindweed	1	FAC
	Cyperus	astrigesus	Nutsedge	1	FACW
	Persicaria	maculatum	Lady's thumb smartweed	1	FACW
	Ludwigia	palustris	Marsh seedbox	1	OBL
	Penthorum	sedoides	Ditch stonecrop	1	OBL
<u> </u>		L	l	1	

^{*=} dominant species

Project Location & ID #: _	Moses Creek	6531-01-04/74		Date: _	8/3/11
Observer(s): Rochelle	Hayes, Kelsey Rei	mann, Janet Smith	_ Weather Conditions:	75 deg	rees, sunny
Point Type & Number <u>S</u>	P1 Sample Str	ategy <u>3′ x 10′ long (</u>	rectangle along creek ba	nk)	

Community	Genus	Species	Common Name	% Cover	Indicator Status
RPE Stream					
Bank					
Herbaceous	Eleocharis	obtusa	Blunt spike-rush	50	OBL*
	Festuca	arundinacea	Annual rye grass	30	FACU*
	Didiplis	diandra	Water purslane	15	OBL
	Leersia	oryzoides	Rice cutgrass	15	OBL
	Typha	latifolia	Broad-leaved cattail	8	OBL
	Alisma	plantago-aquatica	Water plantain	4	OBL
	Scirpus	validus	Softstem bulrush	3	OBL
	Sporobolus	cryptandrus	Sand dropseed	2	FACU
	Carex	bebbii	Bebb's sedge	2	OBL
	Persecaria	hydropiper	Marsh pepper knotweed	2	OBL
	Bidens	connata	Wild purplestem beggarticks	1	OBL
	Mimuslus	ringens	Monkey flower	1	OBL
	Alnus	incana	Tag alder	1	FACW
	Bidens	frondosa	Devil's beggartick	1	FACW
	Juncus	tenuis	Path rush	1	FAC
	Epilobium	ciliatum	Purpleleaf willow herb	1	FACU
	Polygonum	amphibium	Water smartweed	1	OBL
	Juncus	dudleyi	Dudley's rush	1	FAC
	Ranunculus	pensylvanicus	Bristly crowsfoot	1	OBL
		, ,	,		
					
		Ţ	<u> </u>		

^{*=} dominant species

Project Location & ID #: $_$	Moses Creek	6531-01-04/74		Date: _	8/9/11	
Observer(s): <u>Rochelle Ha</u>	ayes, Kelsey Reima	nn, Janet Smith	Weather Conditions: <u>75 d</u>	egrees, p	artly sunny	
Point Type & Number <u>S</u>	P2 Sample Str	ategy <u>3' x 10' rec</u>	tangular plot (floodplain or	n East side	e of stream)	
Vegetation Sampling						

Community Genus **Species Common Name** % Cover **Indicator Status RPE Stream** Bank Herbaceous Alisma plantago-aquatica European Water Plantain 10 OBL* Ludwigia palustris Marsh Seedbox 10 OBL* Path Rush/Poverty rush FAC Juncus tenuis 5 **Dotted Smartweed** OBL Persicaria punctatum 3 FACW Echinochloa crus-galli Barnyardgrass 2 Leersia oryzoides **Rice Cutgrass** 2 OBL latifolia **Broadleaf Cattail** 2 OBL Typha Open Water 66

^{*=} dominant species

Project Location & ID #:	Moses Creek 65	31-01-04/74		Date: _	8/4/11
Observer(s): <u>Rochelle Ha</u>	yes, Kelsey Reimann		Weather Conditions: <u>67</u>	degrees, c	cloudy
Point Type & Number <u>UI</u>	P1 Sample Strate	gy <u>5' herb ra</u>	dius, 15' shrub radius, 30'	tree radiu	IS

Community	Genus	Species	Common Name	% Cover	Indicator Status
Upland		•			
Herbaceous	Rhamnus	frangula	Glossy buckthorn	5	FAC*
	Osmunda	regalis	Royal fern	2	OBL*
			·		
Shrub	Pteridium	aquilinium	Bracken fern	90	FACU*
	Rhamnus	frangula	Glossy buckthorn	4	FAC
		0.1			
Tree	Populus	deltoides	Cottonwood	7	FAC*

^{*=} dominant species

Observer(s): Rochelle Hayes, Kelsey Reimann Weather Conditions: 75 degrees, sunny Point Type & Number UP2 Sample Strategy 5' herb radius, 15' shrub radius, 30' tree radius	Project Location & ID #: <u> </u>	oses Creek 6532	1-01-04/74	Date: _	8/3/11
Point Type & Number <u>UP2</u> Sample Strategy <u>5' herb radius, 15' shrub radius, 30' tree radius</u>	Observer(s): <u>Rochelle Haye</u>	es, Kelsey Reimann	Weather Conditions:	75 degrees, s	unny
	Point Type & Number <u>UP2</u>	_ Sample Strategy	_5' herb radius, 15' shrub radius, 3	30' tree radius	

Community	Genus	Species	Common Name	% Cover	Indicator Status
Upland					
Herbaceous	Carex	pensylvanica	Pennsylvania sedge	20	UPL*
	Rumex	crispus	Common sheep sorrel	18	FAC*
	Gaylussacia	baccata	Black huckleberry	8	FACU
	Achillea	millefolium	Yarrow	7	FACU
	Poa	pratensis	Kentucky blue grass	6	FAC
	Rhamnus	frangula	Glossy buckthorn	4	FAC
	Danthonia	spicata	Poverty oat grass	3	FACW
	Quercus	ellipsoidalis	Pin oak	2	UPL
	Acer	rubrum	Red maple	1	FAC
	Pinus	strobus	White pine	1	FACU
	Maianthemum	canadense	Canada mayflower	1	FAC
	Trientalis	borealis	Starflower	1	FAC
Tree	Quercus	ellipsoidalis	Pin oak	45	UPL*
	Betula	papyrifera	Paper birch	8	FACU
		p ap y	т орог от от		

^{*=} dominant species

Project Location & ID #: _	Moses Creek	6531-01-04/74		Date: _	8/4/11		
Observer(s): <u>Rochelle</u>	e Hayes, Kelsey Reir	mann	Weather Conditions:	80 degrees, s	unny		
Point Type & Number <u>UP3</u> Sample Strategy <u>5' radius for herb, 15' radius for shrubs, 30' radius for trees</u>							
Vegetation Sampling							

Community	Genus	Species	Common Name	% Cover	Indicator Status
Upland					
Herbaceous	Populus	tremuloides	Quaking aspen	7	FAC*
	Carex	pensylvanica	Pennsylvania sedge	4	UPL*
	Acer	rubrum	Red maple	4	UPL*
	Rhamnus	cathartica	Common buckthorn	2	FACU
	Trientalis	borealis	Starflower	2	FAC
	Quercus	rubra	Red oak	1	FACU
Tree	Acer	rubrum	Red maple	60	UPL*
	Populus	tremuloides	Quaking aspen	5	FAC
	Pinus	strobus	White pine	4	FACU
	Pinus	resinosa	Red pine	2	FACU

^{*=} dominant species

Project Location & ID #: _	Moses Creek	6531-01-04/74		Date: _	8/4/11
Observer(s): <u>Rochelle</u>	Hayes, Kelsey Rei	mann	Weather Conditions:	84 degrees,	sunny
Point Type & Number <u>l</u>	JP4 Sample Sti	rategy <u>5' radius for</u>	herb, 15' radius for shi	rubs, 30' radi	us for trees
		Vegetation Samp	oling		

Community	Genus	Species	Common Name	% Cover	Indicator Status
Upland					
Herbaceous	Gaylussacia	baccata	Black huckleberry	70	FACU*
	Carex	pensylvanica	Pennsylvania sedge	12	UPL
	Pteridium	aquilinium	Bracken fern	8	FACU
	Gaultheria	procumbens	Wintergreen	4	FACU
	Quercus	alba	White oak	3	FACU
	Trientalis	borealis	Starflower	2	FAC
	Maianthemum	canadensis	Canada mayflower	2	FAC
	Apocynum	androsaemifolium	Spreading dogbane	2	UPL
	Quercus	rubra	Red oak	1	FACU
	Rhamnus	cathartica	Common buckthorn	1	FACU
	Acer	rubrum	Red maple	1	UPL
	Rubus	Idaeus	Red raspberry	1	FACW
	Rubus	allegheniensis	Common blackberry	1	FACW
	Betula	papyrifera	Paper birch	1	FACU
Shrubs	Acer	rubrum	Red maple	10	UPL*
	Prunus	serotina	Black cherry	3	FACU*
	Populus	tremuloides	Quaking aspen	2	UPL
Trees	Quercus	rubra	Red oak	40	FACU*
	Ulmus	americana	American elm	2	FACW
	Pinus	resinosa	Red pine	2	FACU
	Acer	rubrum	Red maple	1	UPL
	1	I		1	1

^{*=} dominant species

Project Location & ID #:Mo	oses Creek	6531-01-04/74		Date: _	8/4/11		
Observer(s): <u>Rochelle Haye</u>	es, Kelsey Reim	nann	Weather Conditions:	80 degrees, s	unny		
oint Type & Number <u>UP5</u> Sample Strategy <u>5' radius for herb, 15' radius for shrubs, 30' radius for trees</u>							
Vegetation Sampling							

Community	Genus	Species	Common Name	% Cover	Indicator Status
Upland					
Shrubs	Rhamnus	frangula	Glossy buckthorn	80	FAC*
Trees	Rhamnus	frangula	Glossy buckthorn	30	FAC*
					_

^{*=} dominant species

Project Location & ID #: _	Moses Creek	6531-01-04/74		_ Date: _	8/9/11
Observer(s): <u>Rochelle Ha</u>	nyes, Kelsey Reima	nn, Janet Smith_	Weather Conditions: 70	degrees, p	artly sunny
Point Type & Number <u>U</u>	PR1 Sample S	trategy <u>5' radius</u>	s (upland prairie buffer)		

Herbaceous Vegetation Sampling

Community	Genus	Species	Common Name	% Cover	Indicator Status
Upland					
Prairie					
Herbaceous	Trifolium	hybridum	Alsike clover	15	FAC*
	Ambrosia	artemesiifolia	Common Ragweed	15	FACU*
	Alopecurus	carolinianus	Foxtail spp.	5	FACW*
	Chamaecrista	fasciculata	Partridge Pea	4	FACU*
	Panicum	virgatum	Switchgrass	4	FAC*
	Solidago	canadensis	Canada Goldenrod	3	FACU*
	Chenopodium	album	Lamb's quarters	3	FAC*
	Medicago	lupulina	Black medick	3	FAC*
	Rorippa	palustris	Water cress	3	OBL*
	Panicum	longifolim	Panic grass	3	OBL*
	Plantago	major	Upland Plantain	2	FAC
	Echinochloa	crus-galli	Barnyardgrass	2	FACW
	Potentilla	simplex	Common cinquefoil	2	FACU
	Rudbeckia	hirta	Black-eyed susan	2	FACU
	Fragaria	virginiana	Strawberry	1	FAC
	Achillea	millefolium	Yarrow	1	FACU
	Hypericum	canadense	St. Johnswort	1	UPL
	Silene	latifolia	White campion	1	UPL
	Oxalis	corniculata	Wood sorrel	1	FACU
	Festuca	arundinacea	Annual rye grass	1	FACU
	Sporabolis	cryptandrus	Sand dropseed	1	UPL
	Eupatorium	perfoliatum	Boneset	1	FACW
	Conyza	canadensis	Canadian horseweed	1	FAC
	Lycopus	americanus	American Water hoarhound	1	OBL
	Mollugo	verticullata	Carpetweed	1	FAC
	Rhamnus	cathartica	Common buckthorn	1	FACU
	Polygonum	pensylvanica	Pinkweed	1	FACW
	Polygonum	hydropiper	Water pepper	1	OBL
	Trifolium	pratense	Red clover	1	FACU
	Aster	novae-angliae	New England Aster	1	FACW
	Menarda	fistulosa	Wild Bergamot	1	FACU
	Verbascum	thapsis	Common Mullein	1	FACU
	Juncus	tenuis	Path rush	1	FAC
	Epilobium	ciliatum	Narrow-leaf willow herb	1	FACU
	Comptonia	peregrina	Sweet fern	1	UPL
	•				

^{*=} dominant species

Project Location & ID #: _	Moses Creek	6531-01-04/74		Date: _	<u>8/9/11</u>
Observer(s): <u>Rochelle Ha</u>	ayes, Kelsey Reima	nn, Janet Smith	Weather Conditions: 7	⁷ 5 degrees, p	artly sunny
Point Type & Number <u>L</u>	JPR2 Sample S	trategy <u>5' radiu</u> :	s (upland prairie buffer)		

Vegetation Sampling

Community	Genus	Species	Common Name	% Cover	Indicator Status
Upland					
Prairie					
Herbaceous	Scirpus	cyperinus	Wool Grass	8	OBL*
	Potentilla	simplex	Common Cinquefoil	3	FACU*
	Hypericum	canadense	St. John's Wort	2	FAC*
	Aster	novae-angliae	New England Aster	2	FACW*
	Chamaecrista	fasciculata	Partridge Pea	1	FACU
	Rhamnus	frangula	Glossy Buckthorn	1	FACU
	Acer	rubrum	Red Maple	1	UPL
	Ratibida	pinnata	Pinnate Prairie Coneflower	1	FAC
	Prunus	serotina	Black Cherry	1	FACU
	Rudbeckia	hirta	Black-Eyed Susan	1	FACU
	Menarda	fistulosa	Wild Bergamot	1	FACU
	Juncus	tenuis	Path Rush	1	FAC
	Panicum	longifolium	Panic-Grass	1	OBL
	Eupatorium	perfoliatum	Boneset	1	FACW
	Oxalis	corniculata	Wood Sorrell	1	FACU
				74 Bare	
				Ground	
l l		l	1	I	J

^{*=} dominant species

				Mapped Comm.	PO1	PO2	PT1	PT2	PT3	PT4	PT5	SP1	SP2	UP1	UP2
				Community Type	RPE	RPE	М	M	M	M	M	RPE	RPE	UPL	UPL
Scientific Name	Common Name	Coefficient of Conservatism	Native	Wetland Coefficient											
Abutilon throphrasti	Velvetleaf	Conservatism	ivative	FACU											
Acer rubrum	Red maple	3	Х	NI											1
Achillea millefolium Agrostis gigantea	Yarrow Redtop	1	Х	FACU NI											2
Agrostis hyemalis	Winter bentgrass	4	х	FAC						1	4		_		
Alisma plantago-aquatica Alisma subcordatum	Northern water plantain Water plantain	3	X X	OBL OBL	2	2				1	4	1	2		
Alnus incana	Tag alder	4	х	OBL											
Alopercus carolinianus Amaranthus blitum	Carolina foxtail Common amaranth			FACW NI			1								
Ambrosia artemisiifolia	Common ragweed	0	Х	FACU			1								
Apocynum androsaemifolium Artemisia campestris	Spreading dogbane Field wormwood	2	X X	UPL											
Asclepias incarnata	Marsh milkweed	5	X	OBL			1			1					
Aster novae-angliae Betula papyrifera	New England aster Paper birch	3	X X	FACW FACU			1								1
Bidens connatus	Purple stemmed beggarticks	6	X	OBL								1			1
Bidens frondosus	Devil's beggarticks	2	Х	FACW FAC			1				1				
Calystegia sepium Carex bebbii	Bindweed Bebb's sedge	4	X X	OBL		2	1		2	2	2	1			
Carex pensylvanica	Pennsylvania sedge	3	х	UPL											2
Chamaecrista fasciculata Chenopodium album	Partridge pea Lamb's quarters	3 0	X X	FACU FAC											
Cicuta maculata	Spotted water hemlock	6	х	OBL											
Comptonia peregrina Conyza canadensis	Sweet fern Canadian horseweed	0	X X	FAC											
Cyperus strigosus	False nut sedge	1	х	FACW							1				
Danthonia spicata Dicanthielium acuminatum	Poverty oat grass Hairy panic grass	5	x x	FACW FAC											1
Didiplis diandra	Water purslane	5	X	OBL								2			
Digitaria sanguinalis Echinochloa crus-galli	Hairy crabgrass Barn yard grass			FACU FACW			1			2	1		1		
Eleocharis erythropoda	Bald spike rush	3	Х	OBL							1				
Eleocharis obtusa	Blunt spike rush	3	X	OBL		2				2		4			
Epilobium ciliatum Eragrostis minor	American willow herb Little lovegrass	3	Х	FACU								1			
Erechtites hieracifolia	Burnweed	2	х	FACU											
Equisetum arvense Eupatorium maculatum	Field horsetail Spotted Joe Pye weed	4	X X	FAC OBL											
Eupatorium perfoliatum	Boneset	6	X	FACW					1	1					
Festuca arundinacea Fragaria virginiana	Annual rye grass Wild strawberry	1	х	FACU FAC								3			
Gaultheria procumbens	Wintergreen	6	X	FACU											
Gaylussacia baccata Geranium carolinianum	Black huckleberry Carolina geranium	6 3	Х	FACU											2
Glyceria grandis	American manna grass	6	X X												
Gnaphalium obtusifolium	Fragrant cudweed	3	х	ODL			4								
Gratiola neglecta Helianthus sp.	Clammy hedge hyssop Sunflower	5 4	X X	OBL FAC			1								
Hieracium aurantiacum	Orange hawkweed														
Hieracium kalmii Hypericum canadense	Canada hawkweed St. John's wort	5 7	X X	FACW			1	1	1	1	1				
Hypericum majus	Larger Canadian St. John's wort	5	х	FACW											
Impatiens capensis Juncus brevicaudatus	Jewelweed (Touch me not) Narrow panicle rush	6	X X	FACW OBL		3		1	3	3	1				
Juncus canadensis	Canada rush	7	Х	OBL						1	2				
Juncus dudleyi Juncus effusus	Dudley's rush Soft rush	4	x x	OBL					1			1			
Juncus pelocarpus	Brown fruited rush	8	X	OBL		1			_						
Juncus tenuis Juncus torreyi	Path (Poverty) rush Torrey's rush	4	x x	FAC FACW		4	4	2	4	4	3	1	2		
Leersia oryzoides	Rice cut grass	3	X	OBL		1	1	1	3		2	2	1		
Ludwigia palustris	Marsh seedbox	4	X	OBL		1					1		2		
Lycopus americanus Maianthemum canadense	American water horehound Canada mayflower	5	X X	OBL FAC											1
Medicago Iulupina	Black medick			FAC											
Menarda fistulosa Mimulus ringens	Wild bergamot Monkey flower	6	X X	OBL							1				
Mollugo verticillata	Carpetweed			FAC											
Onoclea sensibilis Osmunda regalis	Sensitive fern Royal fern	5 7	X X	FACW OBL										1	
Oxalis corniculata	Wood sorrell			FACU			1								
Panicum longifolium Panicum virgatum	Panic grass Switch grass	4	x x	OBL FAC				1		1					
Penthorum sedoides	Ditch stonecrop	3	X	OBL							1				
Persicaria maculata	Spotted (lady's thumb) smartweed Dotted smartweed	5	х	FACW OBL			1			1	1		1		
Persicaria punctatum Phalaris arundinacea	Reed canary grass	<u> </u>	X	FACW			1								L
Pilea pumila	Canadian clearweed	3	х	FACU											
Pinus resinosa Pinus strobus	Red pine White pine	7 5	X X	FACU FACU											1
Plantago major	Common plantain			FAC			1								
Poa palustris Poa pratensis	Marsh bluegrass Kentucky bluegrass	5	х	FACW FAC											2
Polygala sanguinea	Purple milkwort	5	х	FACU											
Polygonum amphibium Polygonum careyi	Water smartweed Carey's knotweed	5 6	x x	OBL FACW				1				1			
Polygonum hydropiper	Water pepper		^	OBL						1		1			
Polygonum lapathifolium	Dock leaved smartweed Pinkweed	2	X	FACW FACW											
Polygonum pensylvanicum Polygonum sagittatum	Arrow leaved tearthumb	6	X X	OBL		1									
Polygonum scandens	Climbing false buckwheat	3	х	FAC											
70	Americal malability for an				1		1	1	1	I					<u> </u>
Polypogon monspeliensis Populus deltoides	Annual rabbit's foot grass Cottonwood	2	х	OBL FAC										2	
Polypogon monspeliensis Populus deltoides Populus tremuloides	Cottonwood Quaking aspen	2 2	x x	FAC FAC			1							2	
Polypogon monspeliensis Populus deltoides	Cottonwood			FAC			1							2	

				Mapped Comm.	PO1	PO2	PT1	PT2	PT3	PT4	PT5	SP1	SP2	UP1	UP2
				Community Type	RPE	RPE	М	М	M	М	М	RPE	RPE	UPL	UPL
Scientific Name	Common Name	Coefficient of Conservatism	Native	Wetland Coefficient											
Prunus serotina	Black cherry	3	х	FACU											
Pteridium aquilinium	Bracken fern	2	X	FACU										5	
Quercus alba	White oak	7	x	FACU											
Quercus ellipsoidalis	Pin oak	5	X	UPL											3
Quercus macrocarpa	Bur oak	5	X	FAC											
Quercus rubra	Red oak	5	X	FACU											
Ranunculus pensylvanicus	Bristly crowfoot	5	X	OBL								1			
Ratibida pinnata	Pinnate prairie coneflower	4	X	ODE								_			
Rhamnus cathartica	Common buckthorn		^	FACU											
Rhamnus frangula	Glossy buckthorn		 	FAC				1	1					2	1
Rorippa palustris	Marsh cress	3	х	OBL			2							+	一
Rubus allegheniensis	Common blackberry	2	X	FACU											
Rubus hispidus	Swamp dewberry	4	x	FACW											
Rubus idaeus	Red raspberry	3	X	FACW										\vdash	
Rudbeckia hirta	Black eyed susan	4	X	FACU											
Rumex crispus	Common sheep sorrel			FAC											2
Scirpus atrovirens	Dark green bulrush	3	х	OBL		1	1	1	1		2				
Scirpus cyperinus	Wool grass	4	х	OBL		4	2	1	3	2					
Scirpus validus	Softstem bulrush	·	х	OBL		1	_			1	2	1			
Setaria faberi	Nodding foxtail			FACU											
Setaria glauca	Yellow foxtail			FAC						1					
Silene latifolia	White campion														
Siparis astrigesus	Nutsedge		х	FACW			1								
Solidago canadensis	Canada goldenrod	1	х	FACU											
Solidago graminifolia	Grass leaved goldenrod		х												
Sporobolis cryptandrus	Sand dropseed	3	х	FACU			2			1		1			
Stachys palustrus	Marsh hedge nettle	5	х	OBL											
Trientalis borealis	Starflower	7	х	FAC											1
Trifolium hybridum	Alsike clover			FAC											
Trifolium pratense	Red clover			FACU											
Trifolium procumbens	Low hop clover			FACU			1								
Trifolium repens	White clover			FACU			1								
Typha angustifolia	Narrow leaved cattail			OBL							2				
Typha latifolia	Broad leaved cattail	1	х	OBL	1							2	1		
Ulmus americana	American elm	3	х	FACW											
Vaccinium angustifolium	Black huckleberry	4	х	FACU											
Verbena hastata	Blue (Swamp) vervain	3	х	FACW			1								
Verbascum thapsis	Common mullein														
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			i	i	1	1			1	1	1	1	1	_	-

TOTAL

FQI Calculations	Native Species Only	All Species
Species Richness	105	136
Mean C Value	3.57	2.76
FQI	36.58	28.28

Native Species	PO1	PO2	PT1	PT2	PT3	PT4	PT5	SP1	SP2	UP1	UP2
Species Richness	2	13	17	9	11	15	15	14	6	3	10
Mean C Value	1.50	1.85	1.76	1.22	2.00	1.87	1.93	1.71	1.67	3.33	2.00
FQI	2.12	6.66	7.28	3.67	6.63	7.23	7.49	6.41	4.08	5.77	6.32

All Species	PO1	PO2	PT1	PT2	PT3	PT4	PT5	SP1	SP2	UP1	UP2
Species Richness	2	13	24	10	12	19	18	16	7	4	13
Mean C Value	1.50	1.85	1.25	1.10	1.83	1.47	1.61	1.50	1.43	2.50	1.54
FQI	2.12	6.66	6.12	3.48	6.35	6.42	6.84	6.00	3.78	5.00	5.55

				Mapped Comm.	UP3	UP4	UP5	UPR1	UPR2
				Community Type	UPL	UPL	UPL	UPL	UPL
		Coefficient of							
Scientific Name Abutilon throphrasti	Common Name Velvetleaf	Conservatism	Native	Wetland Coefficient FACU	├	\vdash	├─		
Acer rubrum	Red maple	3	х	NI	4	2			1
Achillea millefolium Agrostis gigantea	Yarrow Redtop	1	Х	FACU NI	 			1	
Agrostis hyemalis	Winter bentgrass	4	х	FAC	 	 			
Alisma plantago-aquatica	Northern water plantain	4	Х	OBL					
Alisma subcordatum Alnus incana	Water plantain Tag alder	3 4	X X	OBL OBL	╁	 	 		
Alopercus carolinianus	Carolina foxtail	·		FACW				2	
Amaranthus blitum	Common amaranth			NI	<u> </u>				
Ambrosia artemisiifolia Apocynum androsaemifolium	Common ragweed Spreading dogbane	2	X X	FACU UPL	₩	1	├──	2	
Artemisia campestris	Field wormwood	4	Х	0. 2					
Asclepias incarnata	Marsh milkweed	5	Х	OBL	<u> </u>				
Aster novae-angliae Betula papyrifera	New England aster Paper birch	3	X X	FACW FACU	-	1		1	1
Bidens connatus	Purple stemmed beggarticks	6	Х	OBL					
Bidens frondosus	Devil's beggarticks	2	X	FACW	<u> </u>	₩	-		
Calystegia sepium Carex bebbii	Bindweed Bebb's sedge	4	X X	FAC OBL	+	 	1		
Carex pensylvanica	Pennsylvania sedge	3	Х	UPL	1	2			
Chamaecrista fasciculata	Partridge pea	3	X	FACU	-	<u> </u>		1	1
Chenopodium album Cicuta maculata	Lamb's quarters Spotted water hemlock	6	X X	FAC OBL	-	<u> </u>		1	
Comptonia peregrina	Sweet fern	4	Х	U 52				1	
Conyza canadensis	Canadian horseweed	0	Х	FAC	\vdash		<u> </u>	1	ļ
Cyperus strigosus Danthonia spicata	False nut sedge Poverty oat grass	4	X X	FACW FACW	 	 	 	\vdash	1
Dicanthielium acuminatum	Hairy panic grass	5	X	FAC					
Didiplis diandra	Water purslane	5	х	OBL	\vdash				
Digitaria sanguinalis Echinochloa crus-galli	Hairy crabgrass Barn yard grass			FACU FACW	₩	\vdash	├──	1	
Eleocharis erythropoda	Bald spike rush	3	х	OBL					
Eleocharis obtusa	Blunt spike rush	3	Х	OBL	<u> </u>		<u> </u>		
Epilobium ciliatum Eragrostis minor	American willow herb Little lovegrass	3	Х	FACU	 	-		1	
Erechtites hieracifolia	Burnweed	2	х	FACU					
Equisetum arvense	Field horsetail	1	Х	FAC	<u> </u>		<u> </u>		
Eupatorium maculatum Eupatorium perfoliatum	Spotted Joe Pye weed Boneset	6	X X	OBL FACW	╁	 	 	1	1
Festuca arundinacea	Annual rye grass	Ů	Α	FACU				1	_
Fragaria virginiana	Wild strawberry	1	Х	FAC	<u> </u>			1	
Gaultheria procumbens Gaylussacia baccata	Wintergreen Black huckleberry	6	X X	FACU FACU	╁	4	 		
Geranium carolinianum	Carolina geranium	3	Х	.,,,,,,					
Glyceria grandis	American manna grass	6	Х						
Gnaphalium obtusifolium Gratiola neglecta	Fragrant cudweed Clammy hedge hyssop	3 5	X X	OBL	₩	\vdash	├──		
Helianthus sp.	Sunflower	4	Х	FAC					
Hieracium aurantiacum	Orange hawkweed								
Hieracium kalmii Hypericum canadense	Canada hawkweed St. John's wort	5 7	X X	FACW	₩	├─	├──	1	1
Hypericum majus	Larger Canadian St. John's wort	5	Х	FACW					
Impatiens capensis	Jewelweed (Touch me not)	2	Х	FACW					
Juncus brevicaudatus Juncus canadensis	Narrow panicle rush Canada rush	6 7	X X	OBL OBL	₩	├─	├──		
Juncus dudleyi	Dudley's rush	4	Х	032					
Juncus effusus	Soft rush	4	Х	OBL					
Juncus pelocarpus Juncus tenuis	Brown fruited rush Path (Poverty) rush	8	X X	OBL FAC	₩	├─	├──	1	1
Juncus torreyi	Torrey's rush	4	х	FACW	 	 			_
Leersia oryzoides	Rice cut grass	3	Х	OBL					
Ludwigia palustris Lycopus americanus	Marsh seedbox American water horehound	4	X X	OBL OBL	┼	├──	 	1	
Maianthemum canadense	Canada mayflower	5	х	FAC		1			
Medicago lulupina	Black medick			FAC				1	
Menarda fistulosa Mimulus ringens	Wild bergamot Monkey flower	6	X X	OBL	+	 	 	1	1
Mollugo verticillata	Carpetweed			FAC				1	
Onoclea sensibilis	Sensitive fern	5	Х	FACW	lacksquare				
Osmunda regalis Oxalis corniculata	Royal fern Wood sorrell	7	Х	OBL FACU	 	 	 	1	1
Panicum longifolium	Panic grass		Х	OBL				1	1
Panicum virgatum	Switch grass	4	х	FAC	\Box			1	
Penthorum sedoides Persicaria maculata	Ditch stonecrop Spotted (lady's thumb) smartweed	3	х	OBL FACW	 	 	 		-
Persicaria punctatum	Dotted smartweed	5	Х	OBL	上				
Phalaris arundinacea	Reed canary grass			FACW	\Box				
Pilea pumila Pinus resinosa	Canadian clearweed Red pine	7	X X	FACW FACU	1	1	 		-
Pinus strobus	White pine	5	X	FACU	1				
Plantago major	Common plantain			FAC				1	
Poa palustris Poa pratensis	Marsh bluegrass Kentucky bluegrass	5	Х	FACW FAC	 	 	 		-
Polygala sanguinea	Purple milkwort	5	х	FACU	士				
Polygonum amphibium	Water smartweed	5	х	OBL	lacksquare				
Polygonum careyi Polygonum hydropiper	Carey's knotweed Water pepper	6	Х	FACW OBL	 	 	 	1	-
Polygonum lapathifolium	Dock leaved smartweed	2	х	FACW	 	<u> </u>	†	<u> </u>	
Polygonum pensylvanicum	Pinkweed	1	х	FACW				1	
Polygonum sagittatum	Arrow leaved tearthumb	6	X	OBL FAC		<u> </u>	 	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Polygonum scandens	Climbing false buckwheat Annual rabbit's foot grass	3	Х	FAC OBL	\vdash	\vdash	 		
Polypogon monspeliensis			-		+		\vdash	 	1
Populus deltoides	Cottonwood	2	Х	FAC	↓				
Populus deltoides Populus tremuloides	Quaking aspen	2 2	X	FAC	2	1			
Populus deltoides					2	1			

				Mapped Comm.	UP3	UP4	UP5	UPR1	UPR2
				Community Type	UPL	UPL	UPL	UPL	UPL
Scientific Name	Common Name	Coefficient of Conservatism	Native	Wetland Coefficient					
Prunus serotina	Black cherry	3	х	FACU		1			1
Pteridium aquilinium	Bracken fern	2	Х	FACU		2			
Quercus alba	White oak	7	х	FACU		1			
Quercus ellipsoidalis	Pin oak	5	х	UPL					
Quercus macrocarpa	Bur oak	5	х	FAC					
Quercus rubra	Red oak	5	х	FACU	1	3			
Ranunculus pensylvanicus	Bristly crowfoot	5	Х	OBL					
Ratibida pinnata	Pinnate prairie coneflower	4	х						1
Rhamnus cathartica	Common buckthorn			FACU	1	1		1	
Rhamnus frangula	Glossy buckthorn			FAC			6		1
Rorippa palustris	Marsh cress	3	Х	OBL				1	
Rubus allegheniensis	Common blackberry	2	х	FACU		1			
Rubus hispidus	Swamp dewberry	4	х	FACW					
Rubus idaeus	Red raspberry	3	х	FACW		1			
Rudbeckia hirta	Black eyed susan	4	х	FACU				1	1
Rumex crispus	Common sheep sorrel			FAC					
Scirpus atrovirens	Dark green bulrush	3	х	OBL					
Scirpus cyperinus	Wool grass	4	х	OBL					2
Scirpus validus	Softstem bulrush		х	OBL					
Setaria faberi	Nodding foxtail			FACU					
Setaria glauca	Yellow foxtail			FAC					
Silene latifolia	White campion							1	
Siparis astrigesus	Nutsedge		х	FACW					
Solidago canadensis	Canada goldenrod	1	х	FACU				1	
Solidago graminifolia	Grass leaved goldenrod		х						
Sporobolis cryptandrus	Sand dropseed	3	Х	FACU				1	
Stachys palustrus	Marsh hedge nettle	5	Х	OBL					
Trientalis borealis	Starflower	7	Х	FAC	1	1			
Trifolium hybridum	Alsike clover			FAC				2	
Trifolium pratense	Red clover			FACU				1	
Trifolium procumbens	Low hop clover			FACU					
Trifolium repens	White clover			FACU					
Typha angustifolia	Narrow leaved cattail			OBL					
Typha latifolia	Broad leaved cattail	1	х	OBL					
Ulmus americana	American elm	3	х	FACW		1			
Vaccinium angustifolium	Black huckleberry	4	х	FACU					
Verbena hastata	Blue (Swamp) vervain	3	х	FACW					
Verbascum thapsis	Common mullein							1	

TOTAL

FQI Calculations	Native Species Only	All Species
Species Richness	105	136
Mean C Value	3.57	2.76
FQI	36.58	28.28

Native Species	UP3	UP4	UP5	UPR1	UPR2
Species Richness	7	17	0	22	13
Mean C Value	1.71	1.53	NA	1.73	1.23
FQI	4.54	6.31	NA	8.10	4.44

All Species	UP3	UP4	UP5	UPR1	UPR2
Species Richness	8	18	1	35	15
Mean C Value	1.50	1.44	6.00	1.09	1.07
FQI	4.24	6.13	6.00	6.42	4.13

Appendix D

Hydrology Data

- Stantec Hydrology Monitoring Memo
- Staff Gauge and Monitoring Well Map
- Staff Gauge Data



TECHNICAL MEMORANDUM

December 22, 2011

File: 193701234

To: Janet Smith, WisDOT-NCR

From: Nik Bertagnoli, Stantec

Copy: Jon Gumtow, Stantec

Reference: 2011 Groundwater Hydrology Monitoring

WisDOT Moses Creek Wetland Mitigation Site

Stevens Point, Wisconsin WisDOT ID 6351-01-04/07

This technical memorandum summarizes the results of the 2011 groundwater hydrology monitoring completed by Stantec at the Moses Creek Wetland Mitigation Site (the Site) located in Stevens Point, Wisconsin. This project was completed on behalf of the Wisconsin Department of Transportation (WisDOT) in accordance with our Proposal dated June 1, 2011.

Background

WisDOT completed construction of the Moses Creek Wetland Mitigation Site in fall 2010. The Site consists of an approximate 40.2-acre site located within Schmeeckle Reserve, which is owned by UWSP, in Stevens Point, Wisconsin. The mitigation area consists of approximately 17 acres of riparian emergent (RPE), scrub-shrub (SS), and riparian forested wetland (RPF), 2.4 acres of upland prairie buffer, 20.8 acres of upland buffer habitat, and 4,240 linear feet of naturalized stream habitat.

Stantec completed Year 1 hydrology monitoring activities on the Site in 2011. This report summarizes the 2011 groundwater monitoring methods and results for the Site.

Methods

In summer 2011, Stantec installed four shallow groundwater monitoring wells and two staff gauges at the Moses Creek Mitigation Site. The wells were placed within the anticipated wet meadow community adjacent to Moses Creek and the staff gauges were placed in the Moses Creek channel (Figure 1). Following installation, the wells and staff gauges were surveyed by AECOM to locate the coordinates of each well and elevation datum of the top of well casing and adjacent ground surface per mean sea level (MSL) datum. Following installation, each monitoring well was fitted with a dedicated HOBO water level recorder set to record groundwater level measurements at 1-hour increments.

WisDOT authorized the 2011 hydrologic monitoring for this site in June 2011, therefore, the data loggers were installed on June 22, 2011 following the start of the growing season. Data loggers recorded water levels from June 22 until October 27, 2011. The summary statistics were computed with data truncated to reflect the data recorded during the growing season (June 22 – October 27, 2011).

Precipitation and temperature data was obtained from a weather station at the Stevens Point Municipal Airport (478171) in Stevens Point, Wisconsin. A 30 Day Rolling Total Analysis (Sprecher and Warne 2000) was used to help determine whether precipitation values and hydrology observations were within the normal range during the monitoring period. The 2011 growing season near Stevens Point began on May 5, with the last spring frost, and ended on October 1, with the first fall frost (150 days). The average growing season, based on 1971 to 2000 averages, begins on May 6 and ends on October 1 (148 days).

The hydrology across the entire site is influenced by surface water and groundwater. The performance criteria for this site require that the established wetlands will be saturated within 12 inches of the soil surface for at least 14 days during the growing season in years of normal annual precipitation.

Results

Precipitation

Total precipitation for the growing season was slightly higher than average; however, precipitation was sporadic with dry conditions occurring in May, June, August and October. Above average rainfall events in July and September likely enhanced hydrologic conditions throughout the site (Graph 1) (Table 1).

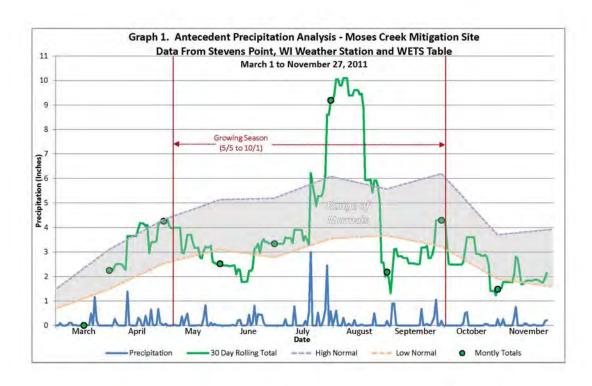


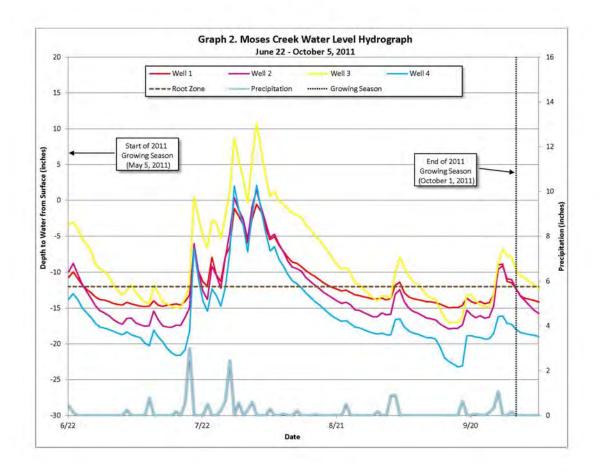
Table 1. Precipitation Data, May - October, 2011.

Month	Average Monthly Precipitation (in)	2011 Monthly Precipitation (in)	2011 Precipitation Difference from Average (in)	
May	3.63	2.52	-1.11	
June	3.66	3.34	-0.32	
July	4.12	9.19	5.07	
August	4.11	2.18	-1.93	
September	3.78	4.3	0.52	
October	2.31	1.48	-0.83	
Totals	21.61	23.01	1.40	

Source: Data obtained from the Stevens Point Municipal Airport, Portage County, WI.

Groundwater Monitoring

The four monitoring wells were analyzed together based on their proximity to each other and associated vegetation community type. Each of the four wells indicated soil saturation within 12 inches of the ground surface for greater than 14 days during the growing season (recorded between June 22, 2011 and October 1, 2011). The hydrographs for Wells 1, 2, 3, and 4 are illustrated in Graph 2. Groundwater level results for Wells 1, 2, 3, and 4 are presented in Tables 2 and 3.



The hydrology at all four wells appears to be influenced by antecedent precipitation and shallow groundwater levels. The hydrograph shows all four wells had relatively moderate fluctuations in water levels (Graph 2, Table 2). All four wells were saturated for greater than 14 consecutive days during the growing season, therefore, exceed the performance criteria for wetland hydrology (recorded between June 22, 2011 and October 1, 2011). Well 1 was not inundated during the growing season, however, Wells 2 and 4 were inundated for 2 percent of the growing season and Well 3 was inundated for 10.8 percent of the growing season (Table 3).

Table 2. Water Level Summary Statistics, June 22 – October 1, 2011¹

Well ID	Mean (inches)	Median (inches)	Max (inches)	Min (inches)	Lower Quartile (inches)	Upper Quartile (inches)	Interquartile Range (inches)
Well 1	-11.6	-13.2	-0.6	-15.0	-14.1	-10.2	3.9
Well 2	-12.9	-14.6	1.4	-17.9	-16.4	-10.3	6.1
Well 3	-8.3	-9.9	10.8	-17.1	-13.3	-4.0	9.3
Well 4	-15.6	-17.7	2.1	-23.2	-18.9	-13.8	5.1

¹Water levels are summarized as depth to water from the ground surface and expressed in inches. Note: Negative values indicate depth below ground surface; positive values indicate depth above ground surface.

Table 3. Water Level Threshold Summary Statistics, June 22 – October 1, 2011

Well ID	Root Zone Saturation ¹ Frequency ⁴	Inundation ³ Frequency	Max. Duration ² of Root Zone Saturation ¹ (days)	Number of Root Zone Saturation ¹ Events with Durations ² > 15 days	Max. Duration ² of Inundation ³ (days)	Number of Inundation ³ Events with Durations ² > 15 days
Well 1	40.2%	0.0%	31.0	1.0	0.0	0.0
Well 2	32.4%	2.0%	21.0	1.0	1.0	0.0
Well 3	62.7%	10.8%	39.0	1.0	6.0	0.0
Well 4	17.6%	2.0%	16.0	1.0	1.0	0.0

¹ Saturation (for the purpose of this evaluation) is the recorded presence of free water within 12 inches of the ground surface

Conclusion

Stantec was retained by WisDOT in June 2011 to complete Year 1 hydrologic monitoring of the Moses Creek Wetland Mitigation Site in Stevens Point, Wisconsin. Four shallow groundwater monitoring wells were installed within the wet meadow wetland community and two staff gauges were installed within the Moses Creek channel. The wells were surveyed to obtain coordinate and elevation data of each well and staff gauge following installation. Dedicated water level recorders were placed in each well to measure water levels at 1 hour intervals. Staff gauge readings were obtained by WisDOT staff.

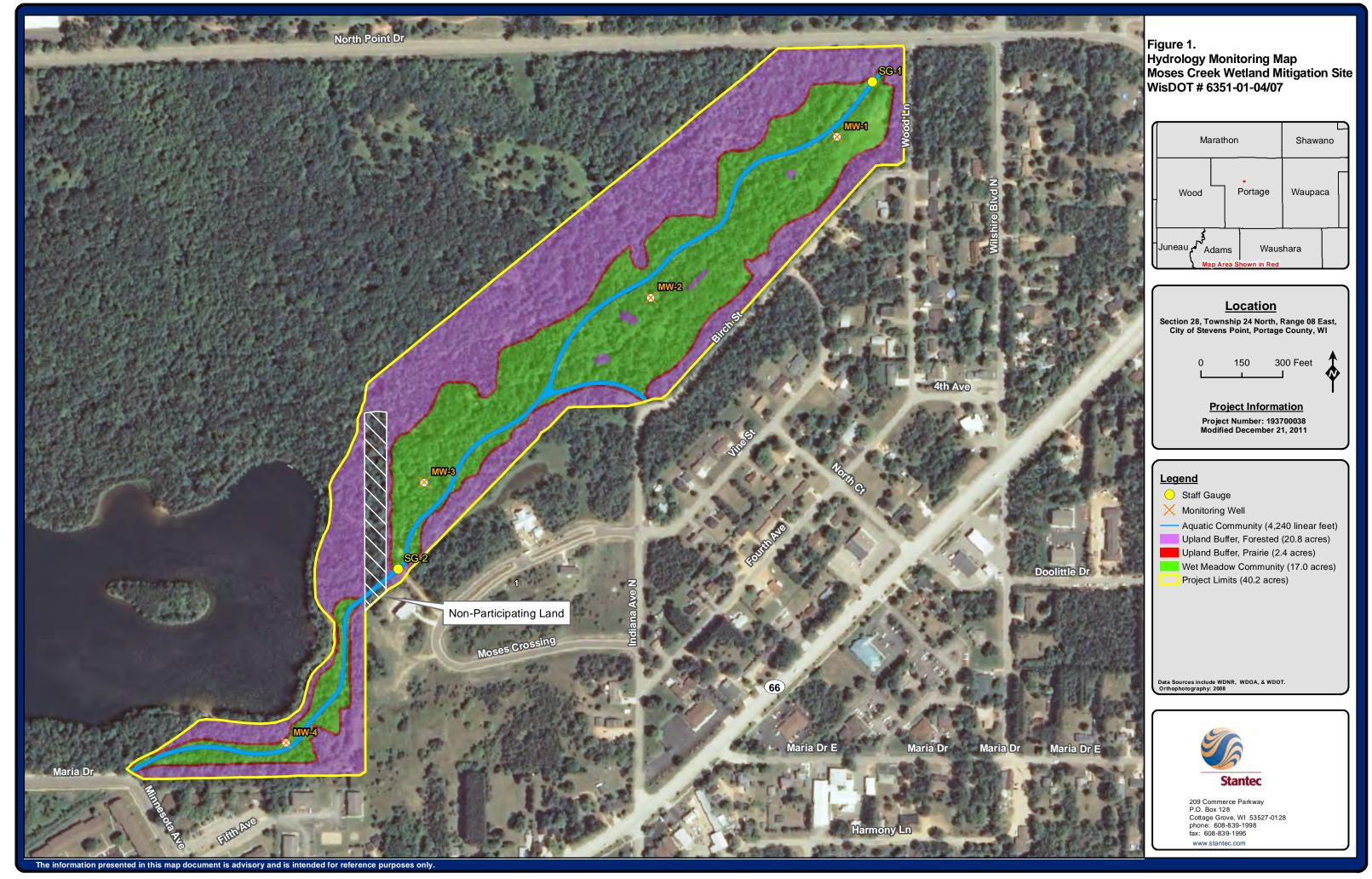
The results of the 2011 groundwater level monitoring indicate the site exceeded the established site-specific hydrology performance standards. The hydrographs show the four wells had relatively moderate fluctuations in water levels ranging from approximately 15 to 25 inches. The four wells also indicated soil saturation within the upper 12 inches for greater than 14 consecutive days during the growing season, therefore, exceeding the performance criteria for wetland hydrology. In addition, Wells 2, 3, and 4 experienced periodic inundation whereas Well 1 was not inundated.

² Max. duration is defined as the maximum, continuous length of time where water levels are at or above the specific threshold

³ Inundation is defined as free water at or above the ground surface

⁴ Frequency is defined as the percentage of time water levels are at or above the specific threshold

In accordance with the approved monitoring plan for this site, Stantec recommends collecting additional hydrologic monitoring data for this site during 2012 growing season.



Moses Creek

Staff Gauge Data, 2011

Date	Stream Gauge 1 (SG1) in feet	Stream Gauge 2 (SG2) in feet
8/3/2011	2.18	2.60
8/23/2011	0.20	1.00
9/9/2011	0.20	1.00
10/17/2011	0.98	0.46
10/31/2011	0.98	0.46

Table 1. Staff gauge data for the stream in Moses Creek during a portion of the growing season. SG1 is located in the North portion of the mitigation site, just south of North Point Drive. SG2 is located in just north of the Milano-Sciarrone crossing.

Appendix E

Soils Data

Date: <u>8/15/11</u>

Observer(s): Rochelle Hayes & Kelsey Reimann Weather Conditions: 80 degrees, partly cloudy

Point Number: SB1 General Location: Northeast side of Moses Creek

	Matrix		Redox Features					
Depth (inches)	Color (moist)	%	Color (Moist)	%	Type ₁	Loc2	Texture	Remarks
0-1	10 YR	100%					Sandy	
	2/1						loam	
1-5	10 YR	98%	Gley	2%	D	М	Loamy	Cemented sand
	2/1		5/10 Y				sand	inclusions
5-12	7.5 YR	100%					Sand	Different parent
	4/4							material

1Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix, CS=Covered or Coated Sand Grains 1Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix, CS=Covered or Coated Sand Grains

2Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix

Notes:

Water table at 6 inches
In layer 5-12 there was iron in the matrix
Zone of saturation was at 3 inches from the surface

Date: <u>8/18/11</u>

Observer(s): ____Rochelle Hayes & Kelsey Reimann ___ Weather Conditions: _78 degrees, partly sunny

Point Number: <u>SB2</u> General Location: <u>Upper Northwest side of Moses Creek</u>

	Ma	trix		Redox Features				
Depth (inches)	Color (moist)	%	Color (Moist)	%	Type1	Loc ₂	Texture	Remarks
0-15	10 YR 2/1	100%					Sandy Ioam	Lots of wood debris

1Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix, CS=Covered or Coated Sand Grains

2Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix

Notes:

This soil bore, along with many of the others, was extremely difficult to dig up due to sticks/brush that was buried. The sticks and brush are probably from the original site in which the soil came from.

Project Location	ո & ID #:	Moses Creek	6531-01	-04/74	Date: <u>8/9/11</u>
Observer(s):	Rochelle	Hayes & Kelsey Reir	<u>mann</u>	Weather Conditions: _	84 degrees, sunny
Point Number	SB3	General Location	Northea	ast section of Moses Cre	nek

	Matrix		Redox Features					
Depth (inches)	Color (moist)	%	Color (Moist)	%	Type1	Loc2	Texture	Remarks
1-4	10 YR	100%					Mucky	
	4/2						sand	
4-8	10 YR	100%					Loamy	
	4/2						sand	
8-13	10 YR	100%					Loamy	
	4/2						sand	
13-18	10 YR	100%					Loamy	Transition zone
	4/2						sand	
18+	10 YR	95%		•			Loamy	
	4/2						sand	

1Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix, CS=Covered or Coated Sand Grains

2Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix

Notes:

Depth to water was 6 inches

Date: <u>8/15/11</u>

Observer(s): Rochelle Hayes & Kelsey Reimann Weather Conditions: 83 degrees, mostly sunny

Point Number: <u>SB4</u> General Location: <u>Central east side of Moses Creek</u>

	Matrix		Redox Features					
Depth (inches)	Color (moist)	%	Color (Moist)	%	Type ₁	Loc2	Texture	Remarks
1-4		100%					Loamy sand	
5-13	10 YR 2/1	95%	7.5 YR 5/4	4%	С	M	Gravelly sandy loam	Mottles begin (both depletions and concentrations)
			Gley 10Y 6/1	1%	D	М	Gravelly sandy loam	
13-16	10 YR 4/2	94%	5YR 5/8	2%	С	М	Silt loam	Clay mottle concentrations
			7.5 YR 4/6	4%	С	М	Sand	

1Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix, CS=Covered or Coated Sand Grains

2Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix

Notes:

No water table and no signs of soil saturation.

We were about 5 yards from a pond and there were signs of hydrology at one point due to the clay mottles.

Date: <u>8/9/11</u>

Observer(s): Rochelle Hayes & Kelsey Reimann Weather Conditions: 84 degrees, sunny

Point Number: <u>SB5</u> General Location: <u>Southern central section of Moses Creek</u>

	Ma	trix	Redox Features					
Depth (inches)	Color (moist)	%	Color (Moist)	%	Type1	Loc2	Texture	Remarks
0-3	10 YR 2/1	100%					Loamy sand	
3-12	10 YR 2/1	80%					Loamy sand	Transition Zone
	7.5 YR 4/6	20%						
12-16	10 YR 2/1	100%					Loamy sand	Smelly
16+	10 YR 4/3	100%					Sand	

1Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix, CS=Covered or Coated Sand Grains

2Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix

Notes:

No evidence of a water table.

Soil saturation at 16 inches.

Date: <u>8/15/11</u>

Observer(s): Rochelle Hayes & Kelsey Reimann Weather Conditions: 80 degrees, partly cloudy

Point Number: SB6 General Location: West central portion of Moses Creek

	Ma	itrix	Redox Features					
Depth (inches)	Color (moist)	%	Color (Moist)	%	Type ₁	Loc2	Texture	Remarks
0-8	10 YR 2/1	100%					Loamy sand	Large wood debris present
8-15	7.5 YR 3/2	100%					Sand	

1Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix, CS=Covered or Coated Sand Grains

2Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix

Notes:

Water table is at 13 inches. Saturation is within 12 inches. Date: <u>8/23/11</u>

Observer(s): Rochelle Hayes & Kelsey Reimann Weather Conditions: 78 degrees, sunny

Point Number: SB7 General Location: Southwest portion of Moses Creek

	Ma	ntrix	Redox Features					
Depth (inches)	Color (moist)	%	Color (Moist)	%	Type ₁	Loc2	Texture	Remarks
0-7	10 YR 2/1	100%					Loamy sand	
7-18	7.5 YR 4/4	100%					Loamy sand	Transition Zone
18+	7.5 YR 4/6	100%					sand	

1Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix, CS=Covered or Coated Sand Grains

2Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix

Notes:

Smelled like sulfur (like cow manure) throughout transition zone.

This area was a slight microtopographic depression of approximately 4 inches.

There was saturation and a water table at 19 inches.

Large log with a 4 inch diameter was pulled from the pit.

Date: <u>8/23/11</u>

Observer(s): Rochelle Hayes & Kelsey Reimann Weather Conditions: 78 degrees, sunny

Point Number: SB8 General Location: South of Lake Joanis

	Matrix		Redox Features					
Depth (inches)	Color (moist)	%	Color (Moist)	%	Type ₁	Loc ₂	Texture	Remarks
0-5	10 YR	100%					Loamy	smelly
	2/2						sand	
5-10	7.5 YR	100%					Loamy	
	2.5/1						sand	
14+	7.5 YR 4/6	100%					Sand	

1Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix, CS=Covered or Coated Sand Grains

2Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix

Notes:

Appendix F

Wildlife Data

Moses Creek Wildlife Species List

2011

Species Identified	Scientific Name			
American Bullfrog	Rana catesbeiana			
Black Bullhead Catfish	Ameiurus melas			
Northern Cardinal	Cardinalis cardinalis			
Common Mudpuppy	Necturus maculosus			
Garter Snake	Thamnophis sp.			
Gray Tree Frog	Hyla versicolor			
Green Frog	Rana clamitans			
Green Heron	Butoroides virescens			
Mallard Duck	Anas platyrhynchos			
Northern Leopard Frog	Rana pipiens			
Painted Turtle	Chrysemys picta			
Spotted Sandpiper	Actitus macularius			
White-tailed Deer	Odocoileus virginianus			

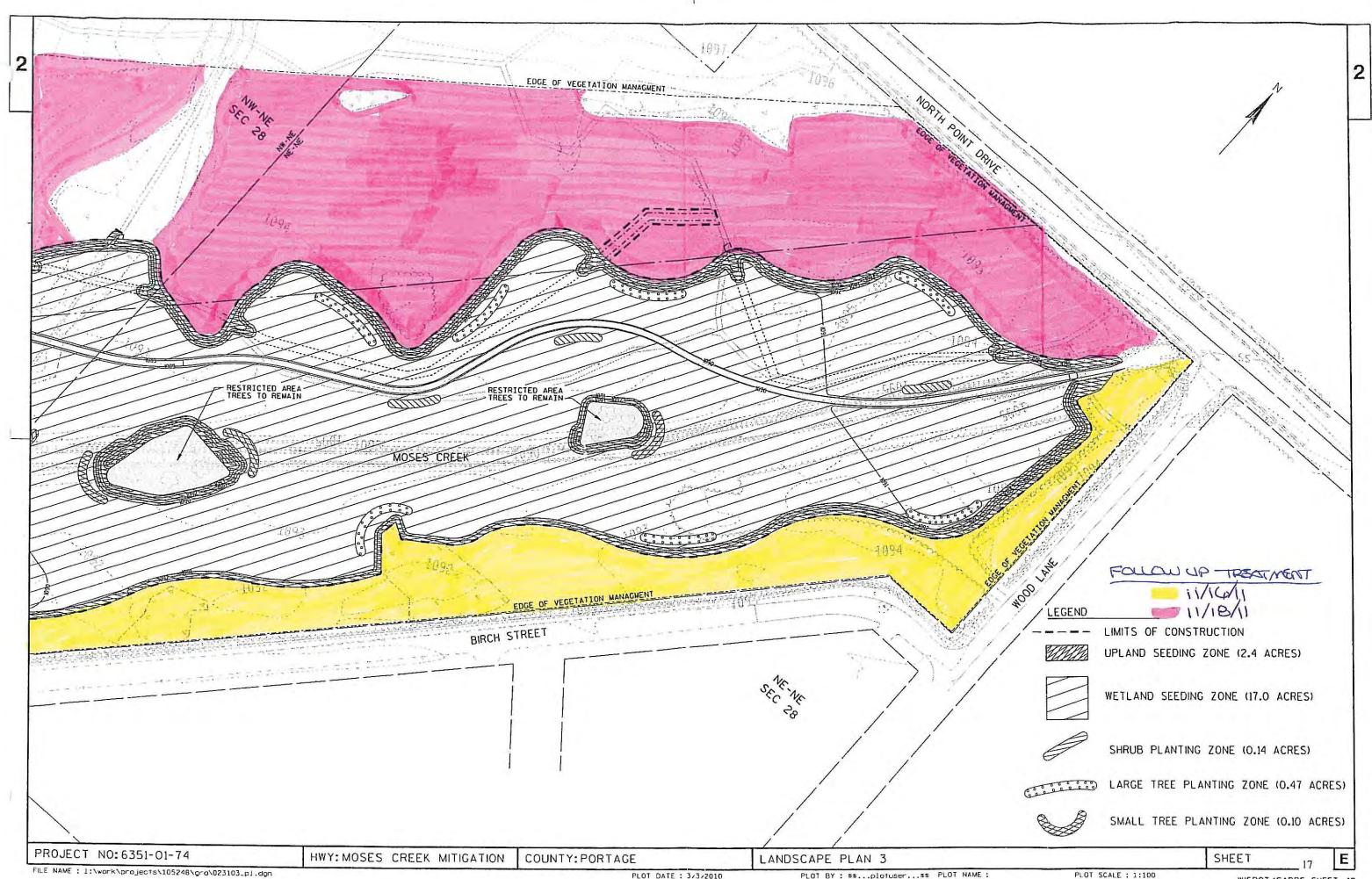
Appendix G

Site Management and Maintenance

- Quest Vegetation Management Logs and Figures
- Quest Stream Erosion Control Management
- Tree and Shrub Survey





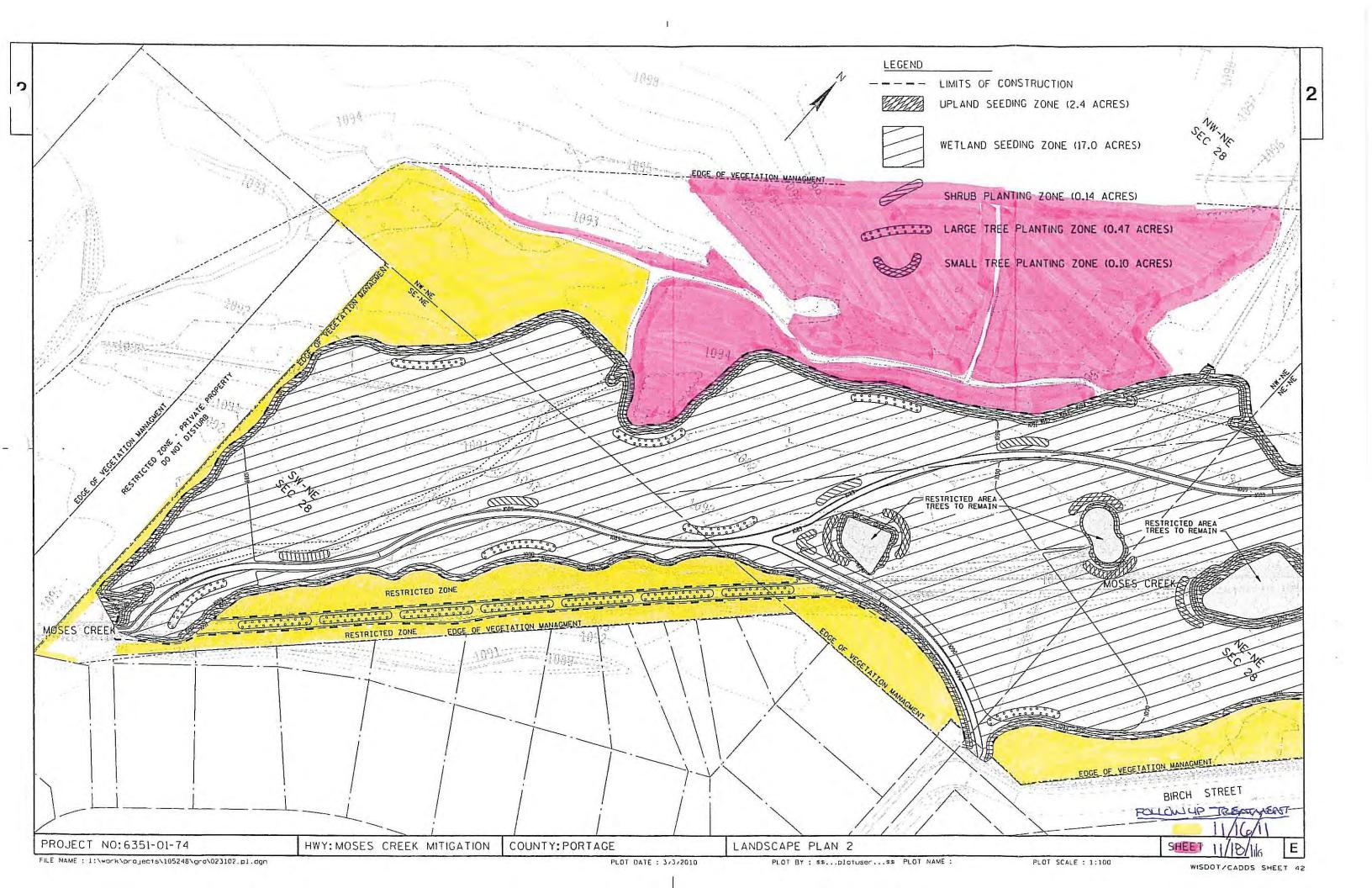


PLOT DATE : 3/3/2010

PLOT BY : \$\$...plotuser ... \$\$ PLOT NAME :

PLOT SCALE : 1:100

WISDOT/CADDS SHEET 42





PLOT DATE : 3/3/2010

PLOT BY : \$\$... plotuser ... \$\$ PLOT NAME :



Moses Creek Wetland Mitigation Site Project ID 6351-00-75

Vegetation Management - Weekly Update

Week Ending: May 20, 2011

Weekly Summary: Weather was warm and sunny. Temperature was about 74 degrees. Herbicide treatment of Reed Canary Grass (RCG) was done with a 5% solution of Honcho Plus (glyphosate). Treatment was restricted to upland areas only and treatment area was an approximate 50' buffer immediately surrounding the Stage 1 excavated wetlands.

Phone: 715.423.3525

Fax: 715.423.3597

www.questllc.biz

Reed Canary was approximately 10 to 14 inches in height.

Additional information and maps showing areas of herbicide treatment are available in the attached Daily Log Entries.



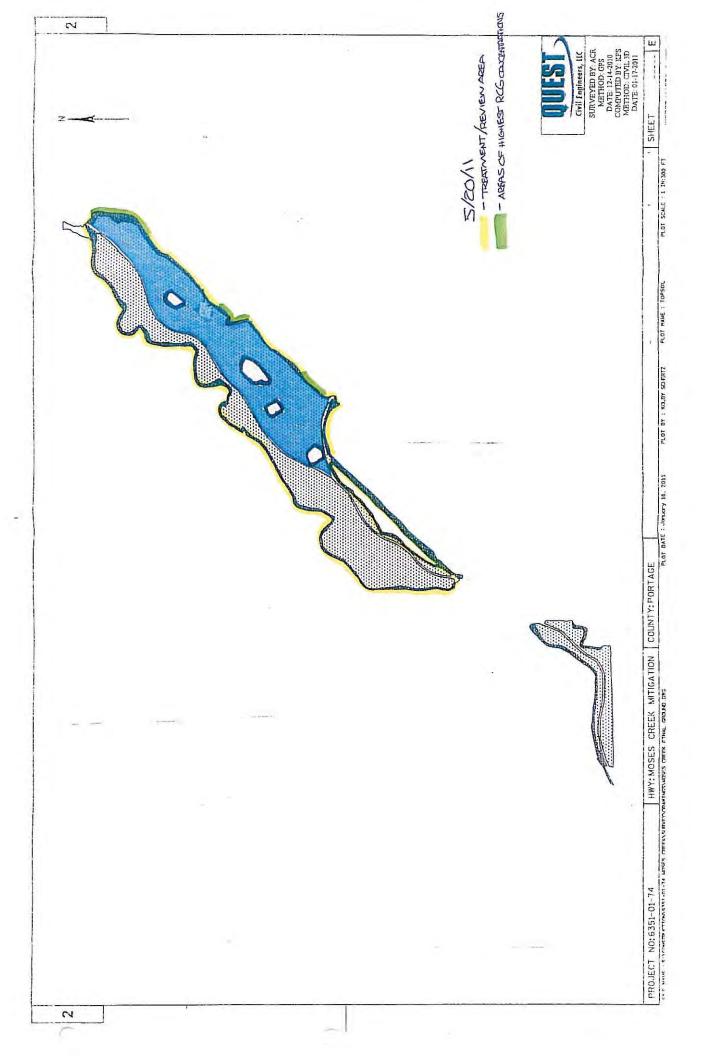
DAILY HERBICIDE TREATMENT LOG

Treatment Location: Moses	SCREEK				
Project Number: 6351-0	0-74				
Date: 5/20/11	Weather: CLEAR	740			
Applicator(s): BRIAN KRENE	STEDT CLEAK	-/7			
33, 33, 13					
Map ID # / WPT #					
Description Of Treatment Area: Upur	NO ADDINO STACE !	Develope & -			
AN APPROXIMATE SO'R	CUFFER PROVINCE THE WAR	REVIEWED CL STOPIED			
GPS Coordinates:	THE YY	EICAND			
Target Species: RCG	Herbicide Used:	DINCHO PLUS (GLYPHOSATE)			
Comments: RCG PRESENT RU	T NOT REAL DOMINANT	ON THESE NOTIFIED			
UPUSINDS					
Map ID # / WPT #					
Description Of Treatment Area:					
GPS Coordinates:					
	The second				
Target Species: Comments:	Herbicide Used:				
Comments.					
Map ID # / WPT #					
Description Of Treatment Area:					
GPS Coordinates:					
Target Species: Herbicide Used:					
Comments:					
	Daily Summary				
Herbicide Type(s)	Formulations	Gallons of Mix Used			
1. GUPHOSATE	5%	Ca			
2.					
2					

Additional Comments:

2811 8th Street South, Suite 8 Wisconsin Rapids, WI 54494 email:Kimberly.kronstedt@questllc.biz

Phone: 715.423.3525 Fax: 715.423.3597 www.questllc.biz





Moses Creek Wetland Mitigation Site Project ID 6351-00-75

Vegetation Management - Weekly Update

Week Ending: June 11, 2011

Weekly Summary: Weather was partly. Temperature was about 75 degrees. A short and light drizzle occurred approximately 1 hour after final application was complete. Herbicide treatment of Reed Canary Grass (RCG) was done with a 5% solution of Aqua Neat(aquatic glyphosate). All excavated wetlands were investigated and any RCG found was treated. The upland areas surrounding the excavated wetlands were re-evaluated and any missed RCG was treated

Also treated the pre-existing RCG found on the tree islands.

Reed Canary was approximately 10 to 14 inches in height.

Planted seed mix was only +/- 2" tall and was in need of rain.

Additional information and maps showing areas of herbicide treatment are available in the attached Daily Log Entries.

Phone: 715.423.3525

Fax: 715.423.3597

www.questllc.biz





Photo showing the die-back of RCG from the previous application.

Phone: 715.423.3525

Fax: 715.423.3597



Treatment Location:

DAILY HERBICIDE TREATMENT LOG

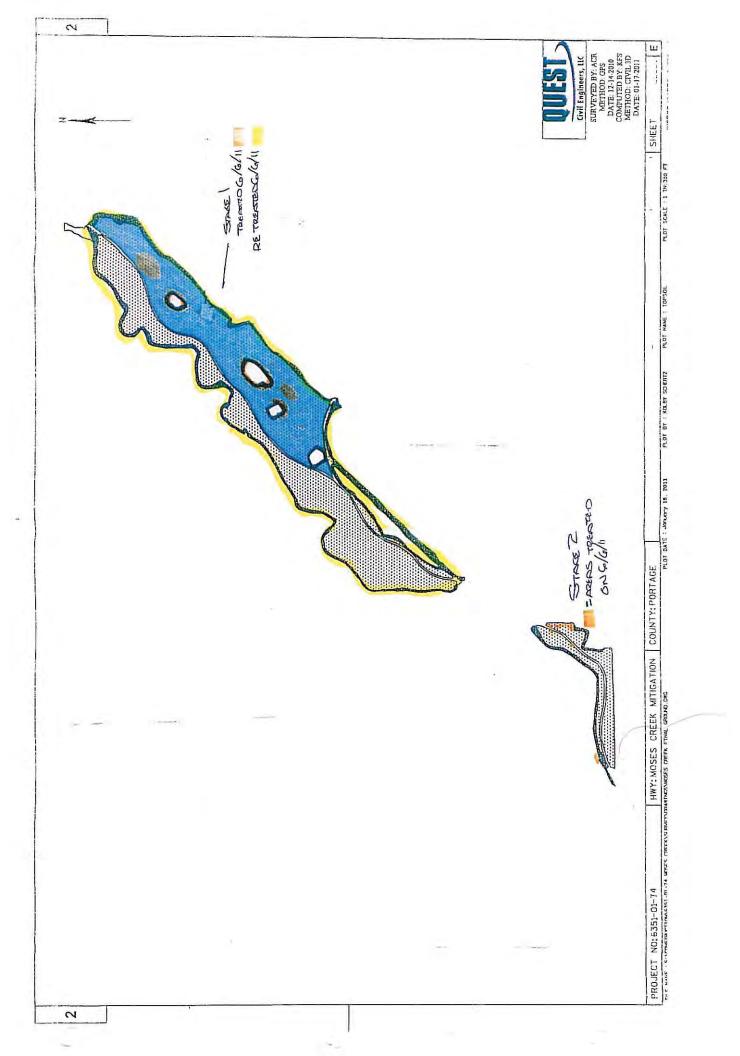
Troject Number. 6551-C	0.74	
Date: 6/6/1	Weather: SUNN	4 75° (SPRAYED IN AM)
Applicator(s): BRIAN KRON	REST	- Siesies (10 mm)
Map ID # / WPT # STAGE		
A	TH SIDE OF STREAM	
GPS Coordinates:		
Target Species: RCG	Herbicide Used: A	aug Neut
Comments: PLANTED SEEDMIX W		SARGEA THIS PRISTS CAN TANT
TO HAVE COME FROM ROOTS	S OF PLANTS FROM DITCHE	IL PCG WAS 8-10" TOLL
Map ID # / WPT #	HSAYED THE ASE-EXELINE	RCG ON TREE ISLANDS
Description Of Treatment Area:	RETREATED ENTIRE UPON	o Bambary of Stratt
GPS Coordinates:		
Target Species:	Herbicide Used:	
Comments:		
Map ID # / WPT # STRUEZ		
Description Of Treatment Area:	AND BUFFER & ENTIRE	CHATTEN WETCHOOS
WAS INVESTIGATED	TREASTED	The state of the s
GPS Coordinates:		
Target Species: RCG	Herbicide Used: F	JOHN NEW
Comments: RCG WAS FC	THUS ENCROPPHING FIR	COM BYISTING PLANTS
ADJACENT TO EXCAVANT	ED ARRAS. NEW EQ	O PLANTS TOROTEO
		THE PROPERTY
	Daily Summary	
Herbicide Type(s)	Formulations	Gallons of Mix Used
1.		
2.		
3.		

Additional Comments: PROVIDED SOMERKIE STOFF HERBICIDE INFORMOTION SWEET FOR

ROUANERT, SITEUVAS YERY DRY.

2811 8th Street South, Suite 8 Wisconsin Rapids, WI 54494 email:Kimberly.kronstedt@questllc.biz

Phone: 715.423.3525 Fax: 715.423.3597 www.questllc.biz





Vegetation Management - Weekly Update

Week Ending: July 7, 2011

Weekly Summary: Weather was partly cloudy. Temperature was about 83 degrees. A short rain occurred from approximately 12:30 -1:00pm. Spraying had been completed by 9:30a.m. Herbicide treatment of Reed Canary Grass (RCG) was done with a 5% solution of Aqua Neat(aquatic glyphosate). All excavated wetlands were investigated and any RCG found was treated. The upland areas surrounding the excavated wetlands were re-evaluated and any previously missed RCG was treated.

Also re-treated the RCG found on the tree islands.

There was a number of new Reed Canary plants that were only approximately 12 to 14 inches in height. Due to the presence of these new RCG plants, I will check the site one more time in the next couple weeks to see if any new plants germinated. This is only possible due to the surrounding vegetation still being short and not very dense.

There was a disparity in the height of the planted seed mix. In some areas the vegetation was 10" to 15" in height and dense and in others, it was only 4"-6" tall. I believe this disparity was a result of some of these areas being under water longer than others and therefore some areas didn't germinate as early.

A number of coniferous trees died in the past several weeks. I will document species and location for replanting efforts this fall.

Phone: 715.423.3525

Fax: 715.423.3597

www.questllc.biz

Additional information and maps showing areas of herbicide treatment are available in the attached Daily Log Entries.





Reed Canary mixed with water plantain and rushes.

Phone: 715.423.3525

Fax: 715.423.3597



DAILY HERBICIDE TREATMENT LOG

1 105	2 COENE
Project Number: 6351-00	
Date: 7/5/11	
Applicator(s): BRIAN KRONS	Weather: 83° CALM PARTLY CLOUBY RAINED AT 12:30 PM-1:15AM
Name ID at Assessment	
Map ID # / WPT #	
Description Of Treatment Area: STA	G.B.
GPS Coordinates:	
Target Species: RCG	Herbicide Used: Agus New 7
Comments: TREATED PREVIOUSLY	150
SPRUITED RCG 1/- 10" -	IVIISSED RCG WHEREVER FOUND & HEWLY
Map ID # / WPT #	ALC.
Description Of Treatment Area:	
GPS Coordinates:	
Target Species:	Herbicide Used:
Comments:	1
Map ID # / WPT #	
Description Of Treatment Area:	
,	
GPS Coordinates:	

Daily Summary

Herbicide Used:

Herbicide Type(s)	Formulations	Gallons of Mix Used
. A OUR NEAT	5%	Sauchis of Mix Osed
		3
3.		

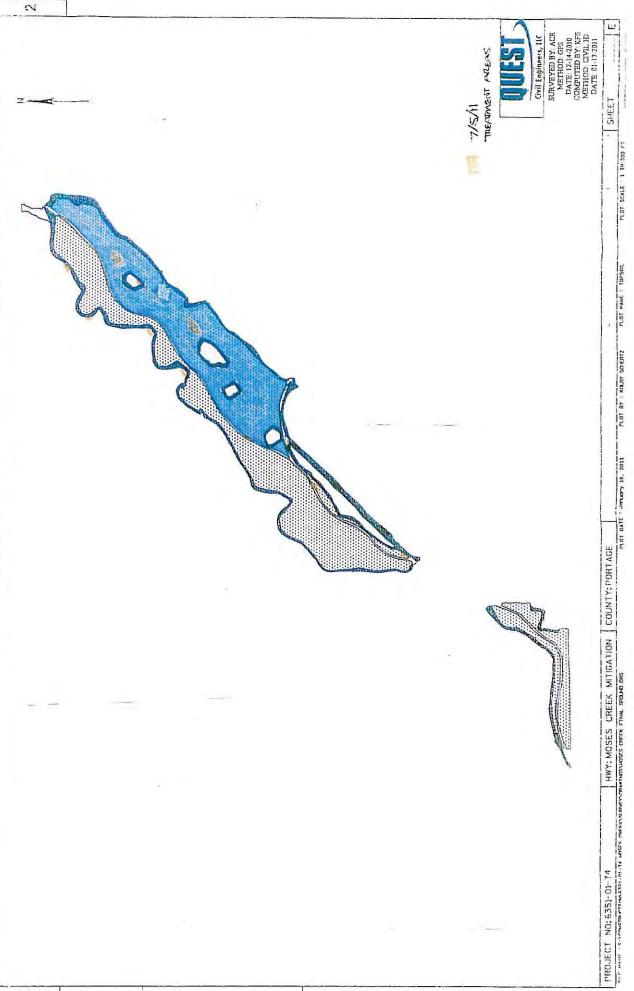
Additional Comments:

Target Species:

Comments:

2811 8th Street South, Suite 8 Wisconsin Rapids, WI 54494 email:Kimberly.kronstedt@questllc.biz

Phone: 715.423.3525 Fax: 715.423.3597 www.questllc.biz





Vegetation Management - Weekly Update

Week Ending: October14, 2011

Weekly Summary: Continued treating buckthorn in a southwesterly direction from where we had left off last week (approximately half way down Birch Street). Finished treating this area all the way to where Birch Street turns south.

Used a formulation of diesel fuel and 15% Element 4.

Additional information and maps showing areas of herbicide treatment are available in the attached Daily Log Entries.



Photo of buckthorn seedlings.

Phone: 715.423.3525

Fax: 715.423.3597



DAILY HERBICIDE TREATMENT LOG

Treatment Location:	
Project Number:	
Date: 10/14/11	Weather: 500 CLEDICAST, WILLY
Applicator(s): BOINTOUR	TENT
Map ID#/WPT# #Z 00	MAP ATTACHED TO 10/7 LOG
Description Of Treatment Area:	19/1-600
GPS Coordinates:	
Target Species: BUCKTHOW	Herbicide Used: ELEMENT 4
Comments:	Couvery
Map ID # / WPT #	
Description Of Treatment Area:	
GPS Coordinates:	
Target Species:	Herbicide Used:
Comments:	
Map ID # / WPT #	
Description Of Treatment Area:	
GPS Coordinates:	
Target Species:	Herbicide Used:
Comments:	Tierbidde Osed.

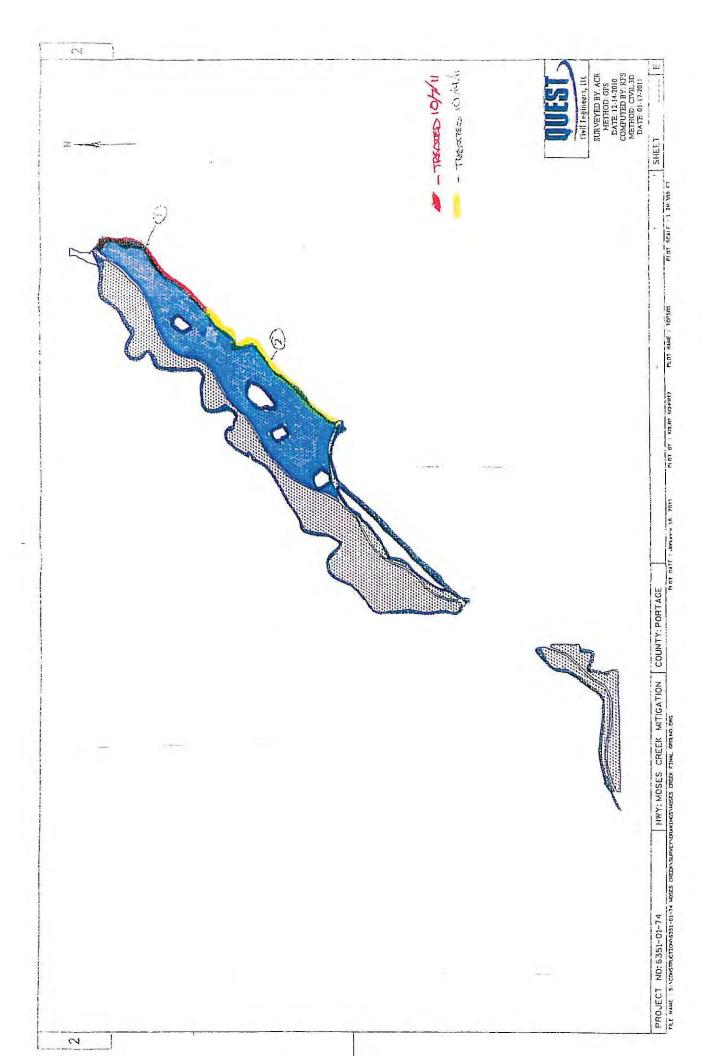
Daily Summary

Herbicide Type(s)	Formulations	Gallons of Mix Used	
1. ELEMENT 4	15% MINED WITH DIESEL	7	
3.			

Additional Comments:

2811 8th Street South, Suite 8 Wisconsin Rapids, WI 54494 email:Kimberly.kronstedt@questllc.biz

Phone: 715.423.3525 Fax: 715.423.3597 www.questllc.biz





Vegetation Management - Weekly Update

Week Ending: October 22, 2011

Weekly Summary: Treated buckthorn in the southeast corner of Stage 1. Numerous wind fallen trees present. Effects of previous treatment was evident.

Used a formulation of diesel fuel and 20% Element 4.

Additional information and maps showing areas of herbicide treatment are available in the attached Daily Log Entries.



Photo of buckthorn seedlings.

Phone: 715.423.3525

Fax: 715.423.3597



Vegetation Management - Weekly Update

Week Ending: October 29, 2011

Weekly Summary: Treated buckthorn on the north side of Stage 1. Numerous wind fallen trees present. Numerous seedlings present.

Used a formulation of diesel fuel and 20% Element 4.

Additional information and maps showing areas of herbicide treatment are available in the attached Daily Log Entries.



Photo of buckthorn seedlings.

Phone: 715.423.3525

Fax: 715.423.3597



Vegetation Management - Weekly Update

Week Ending: November 12, 2011

Weekly Summary: Treated buckthorn on Stage 2. Numerous wind fallen trees present. More trees have fallen recently. Numerous seedlings present. Snow was present, but leaves seemed to still be present on the majority of the buckthorn.

Used a formulation of diesel fuel and 20% Element 4.

Additional information and maps showing areas of herbicide treatment are available in the attached Daily Log Entries.



Phone: 715.423.3525

Fax: 715.423.3597



Vegetation Management - Weekly Update

Week Ending: October 8, 2011

Weekly Summary: Began buckthorn treatment. Noted that some of the buckthorn that had been treated during construction had survived and some of it had resprouted near it's base. Numerous new seedlings are now present. A severe wind storm hit this area in July and resulted in quite a few windfalls. These downed trees make it difficult to navigate through the woods and also tend to harbor seedlings underneath them where they may not be as evident.

I used a mixture comprised of half water and half Element 3 to which 4% crop oil was added.

Treatment area was the buffer zone along Wood Lane and Birch Street. Treated from North Point Drive southwest approximately half way down Birch Street.

Additional information and maps showing areas of herbicide treatment are available in the attached Daily Log Entries.



Photo of downed trees.

Phone: 715.423.3525

Fax: 715.423.3597



DAILY HERBICIDE TREATMENT LOG

Treatment Location:	SCHERL
Project Number: (35)-00	J-74
Date: 10/7/1	Weather: CLAR CALM 50-62°
Applicator(s): PRIAN KRENEO	
Map ID # / WPT # AREA 1	
Description Of Treatment Area: BUFFER	ARRA ALLING WOOD & BIRCH
GPS Coordinates:	
Target Species: BuckTHORN	Herbicide Used:
SUCKI FIGURE	Herbicide Used: GARLENT 3 ELEMENT 3A OF THE YEAR BUCKTHOON PLANTS WELL PRESENT
IN SOME AREAS.	THE VERSION POLYCY WELL PRESSON
Map ID # / WPT #	
Description Of Treatment Area:	
GPS Coordinates:	
Target Species:	Herbicide Used:
Comments:	The blode osed.
Map ID # / WPT #	
Description Of Treatment Area:	
GPS Coordinates:	
Target Species:	Herbicide Used:
Comments:	1000-3000-3000
Comments.	

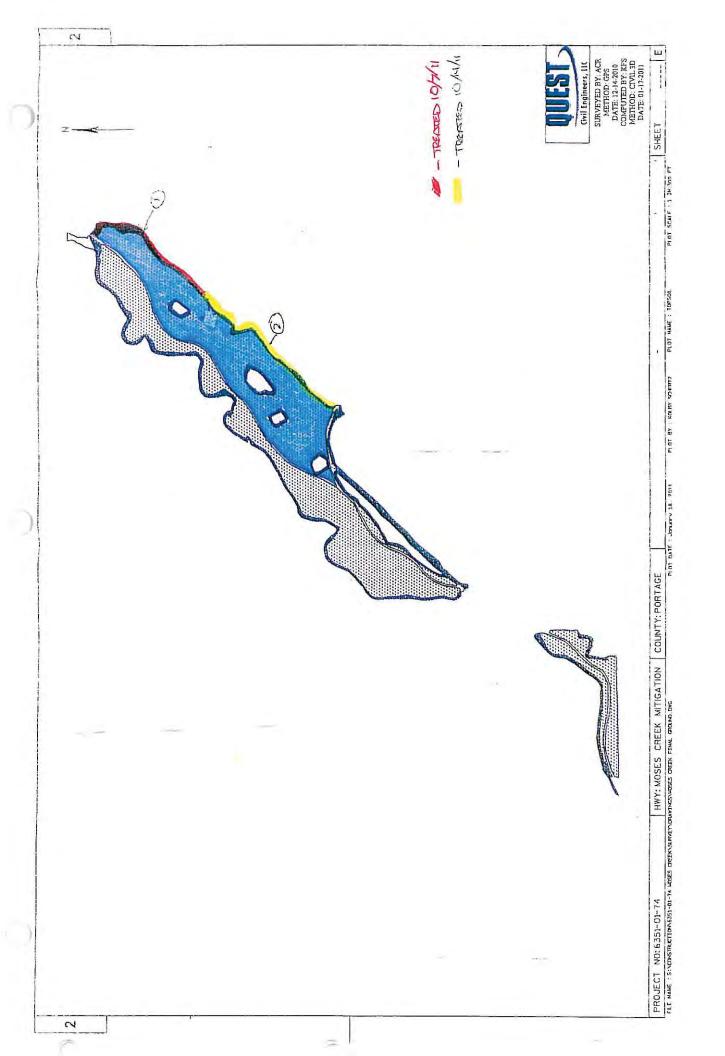
Daily Summary

Herbicide Type(s)	Formulations	Gallons of Mix Used
1. TRYCLOPYR (FLEMENT 3A)	50/50MIXEDW/120	10
2.	£46 CROP OL	
3.		

Additional Comments:

2811 8th Street South, Suite 8 Wisconsin Rapids, WI 54494 email:Kimberly.kronstedt@questllc.biz

Phone: 715.423.3525 Fax: 715.423.3597 www.questllc.biz





Vegetation Management - Weekly Update

Week Ending: November 19, 2011

Weekly Summary: Retreated buckthorn on the entire Stage 1. Leaves have now fallen off the wind fallen trees making it much easier to see and treat seedlings beneath them. Evidence of die back from previous treatment was quite apparent. Loss of leaves on other species also made locating untreated seedlings easier. This follow up treatment should result in virtually all buckthorn present having been treated.

Used a formulation of diesel fuel and 20% Element 4.

Additional information and maps showing areas of herbicide treatment are available in the attached Daily Log Entries.



Photo of previously treated buckthorn seedlings.

Phone: 715.423.3525

Fax: 715.423.3597



Vegetation Management - Weekly Update

Week Ending: November 26, 2011

Weekly Summary: Treated buckthorn on the south side of Stage 2. Numerous seedlings present. Leaves were still on most plants. This is the last treatment to be performed this year.

Used a formulation of diesel fuel and 20% Element 4.

Additional information and maps showing areas of herbicide treatment are available in the attached Daily Log Entries.



Photo of buckthorn seedlings.

Phone: 715.423.3525

Fax: 715.423.3597

From: Brian Kronstedt

To: Smith, Janet - DOT;

Subject: Moses Creek Repair

Date: Monday, August 29, 2011 1:32:22 PM

Attachments: <u>IMG00201-20110829-1003.jpg</u>

IMG00202-20110829-1011.jpg IMG00204-20110829-1023.jpg

Hi Janet,

I fixed the sloughing streambank at Moses Creek today. Picture 1 is the before, 2 shows the bank after flattening of the slope and 3 shows the finish product with some e-mat I scavenged nearby that was no longer serving any purpose and I also transplated a few shovels full of adjacent vegetation. I will keep an eye on this to ensure it stays together.

Brian Kronstedt
Environmental Specialist
2811 8th Street South
Suite 8
Wisconsin Rapids, WI 54494
(715) 423-3525 office
(715) 423-3597 fax
(715) 323-0320 mobile



Figure 1. Eroded stream bank before repair in the North section of the stream in Moses Creek, 8/29/2011.



Figure 2. Flattened stream bank during repair on the North section of the stream in Moses Creek, 8/29/2011.



Figure 3. Repaired section of the North section of Moses Creek. A non-netted, biodegradable erosion mat was installed, 8/29/2011.





Item 632.0201 PLANINGS



2811 8th Street South, Suite 8 Wisconsin Rapids, WI 54494 715-423-3525

Date 10-21-10

632.0201 PLANTINGS SHRUES Conwine was to not actually there SCALE Direct Field MOLEURE half-alive tree/shrub BY LKD dead tree/shrub 10-21-10 NB HOCHBO BCB not WB (alive) BOARD STB STE 30 WB (alive) WB (alive) KEY: STB-Steeplebush 33 HBC- Highbush Cronbury NB-Nannyborry WB-Winterbury 24 SO- SIKY Dogwood BCB- Black CHOKE Borry EB- Elder barry 12 12 Project No. 6351-01-71 Highway County Name of Road MOSES CREEK Comp. By LK () Sheet

Checked By



2811 8th Street South, Suite 8 Wisconsin Rapids, WI 54494 715-423-3525

632,0201 [LANGUEZ CHORZ

CRAWING NOTO COLE LIES MACORE LY LKO 10-21-10

NA

SHRUB FLANTING AREA 'D'

BCB EB SO NB WI

BCB

808

THEE

Island

NB STB

NB LB STB

SECONDARY

SHRUB PLANTING AREA 'C'

Chennel

KEY:

STB-SteepleBush HBC-High Bush Cronbury

NB. Manay Berry WB. WinterBerry

SD. S. IKY Dogwood BCB- BLACK CHOKE BERTY EB- Elder berry

a mond

Project No. 6351-01-74

Name of Road Muces Creek

Item 632 0201 Planting

Highway

Comp. By LKD

Checked By

County FORTLAGE

Sheet

Of

Date 10-21-10

QUEST

2811 8th Street South, Suite 8 Wisconsin Rapids, WI 54494 715-423-3525

Plantings Shrubs

Drawing Not To Stale Direct Measure by LKO Shrub Planting Arcu'E' 11-2-10 BCB WB BCB HBC SO STB STB

BCE WB WIDGES CREEK STB TREE Island Island Shrub Planting Arca F MIAU NB NB switch WB and BCB KEY: STB - Ctarphobush HBC - Highbor Cranberry NB- Nany Berry SD-SINKY Dogwood BCB-Black Choke Barry EB-Elderbrry 12

Project No. 6351-01-74

Name of Road Moses CREEK

Item 632.0201 Plannings

Highway

Comp. By / K

Checked By

County YCETAGE

Sheet Of

Date 11-2-10

2811 8th Street South, Suite 8 Wisconsin Rapids, WI 54494

DESIGN / FINAL COMPUTAT	INAL COMPUTATIONS Wisconsin Rapids, W 715-423-3525			s, WI 54494	
	PLan	tings		7 123 3323	i ·
	632.00	TOFFE			
	122 020	LTREES		00	
	O 3 Carage	- THEOL	9	DRAWING N	OT TO SCAL
	The season			Direct me	ASURE BY
				LKE	10-19-10
175,					
(+ in 1) =				N/	
				14/	
				T	
i .					
		i			
		T		terrorium.	
	THE 20 SEC.			e en en en en	
-9.					<u> </u>
	Dec 200				
	23 to 10				<u> </u>
	 -				
					1
				T	W/1/1
	TREE	PLANTINE			11/1
	A	2EA #5		TM	1
		STAGE I		1	1
1		OLABE I		All	/
TM	TITITI			V-1-1-77	
	1111111	DALK		V-/7/2	
30,00		The same of the sa		117	~
120	I SM	1 VBF			ļ
10	-	STO			
- X Y - 0	THE STATE OF THE S	Channe	\		
	1	CHCHINE	<u> </u>		
	1 / X	BS SWO B	5		
	1-14	D3 3000	SM		
08-	1 OV BE		LOODE	DAREA	
PA CORPORES	1 4 B	Smi		1.201	-
1000000	900 5	JO-80	BS		
Bridge MOSES	200	00-BS		-	17-1-
	9938 Sn	Swo			
800000000000000000000000000000000000000	So - So	2 5000	33. 22. 23.		TOTAL
			KEY:		
Commence of the same of the			STB-	STEEDIE BES	
			HBC-	High bush Crant	herry 1.
11 11-1-11-11				10	
8		216-146-6		1 7 3 A	2
Project No. / Co	,	Carolina and	•	1	
roject No. 6351-01-74	<u> </u>	Highway		County O	ETABE
lame of Road Mos C	DEEU	Comp De 1	65.73		
tem Planting's 632.		Comp. By Checked By	KO	Sheet	Of

2811 8th Street South, Suite 8 Wisconsin Rapids, WI 54494 715-423-3525

632.0101 FLOTTINGS TREES

DIRECT MCHEURE BY LKO 10-21-10 11-3-10 PLANTING ARGA # 7 STAGEI TREE Island Secondary Chancel W0005 #18 KEY: Sm- Silver Maple 2 TM-TAMARAC BE- BULKSFIXE BE- BULEAM FIR Swo-Swamplehits Oak TREE PLANTING AREA = 18 STAGEI BOARC WALK MT BF SCRA PE Project No. 6351-01-74 County PORTAGE Highway

Name of Road MOSES CREEK Item 632.0101 Plantings

Comp. By LK Checked By

Sheet 11-3-10 Date

2811 8th Street South, Suite 8 Wisconsin Rapids, WI 54494 **DESIGN / FINAL COMPUTATIONS** 715-423-3525 Plantings TREES Diawing not to SCALE Direct McAsure By LKD 11-4-10 B 000 SCRAPE TREE PLANTING
AREA = 10 STAGE I 5,00 SM NEW HOUSE 5,00 4/ NEW TREE JULIET Atot Sm-Silver Maple 2 PF-Balsan Fir 2 Swo-Swamp Whitcome 2 Project No. 6351-01-74 Highway County HORTAGE

Comp. By LKO

Checked By

Of

Sheet

Date 11-4-10

Name of Road MOSES CREEK

Item 632.0101 Plantings

2811 8th Street South, Suite 8 Wisconsin Rapids, WI 54494 **DESIGN / FINAL COMPUTATIONS** 715-423-3525 Plantings Trees DRAWING NOT TO SCALE DIRECT MUSCURE KY LKA NEW FOOT PARTH 11-3-10 TREE FLANTing # 21 STAGE Swo Called #3 on large Sm TREE PLANTING ARA # 25 STAGE ! BF SCRAPE 500 Swo BOARD WAIK 403 CREEK KEY. Sm-Silvermapie BS-Blackspruce BF-BALSAMFIR Swo-Swamp Whiteopic 4 2 5 6 17 Project No. 6351-01-74 County FOR 16E Highway Name of Road Moses C'REEK Comp. By LKD Sheet nem 632.0101 Planting FREES Checked By Date 11-3-10



2811 8th Street South, Suite 8 Wisconsin Rapids, WI 54494 715-423-3525

Plantings TREES

Drawing NOTTO STALE DIRECT MEASURE BY LKO 11-4-10

KN

SIABEI

TREE Island

PLANTING ARGA #9

sm

SWO

BF

SW0 -

KEY

Project No. 6351-01-74

Name of Road Moses Creek

Item 632.0101 Plantings

Highway

Checked By

Comp. By LKO

County PORTAGE

2

2

Sheet

5m- SILVER Maple

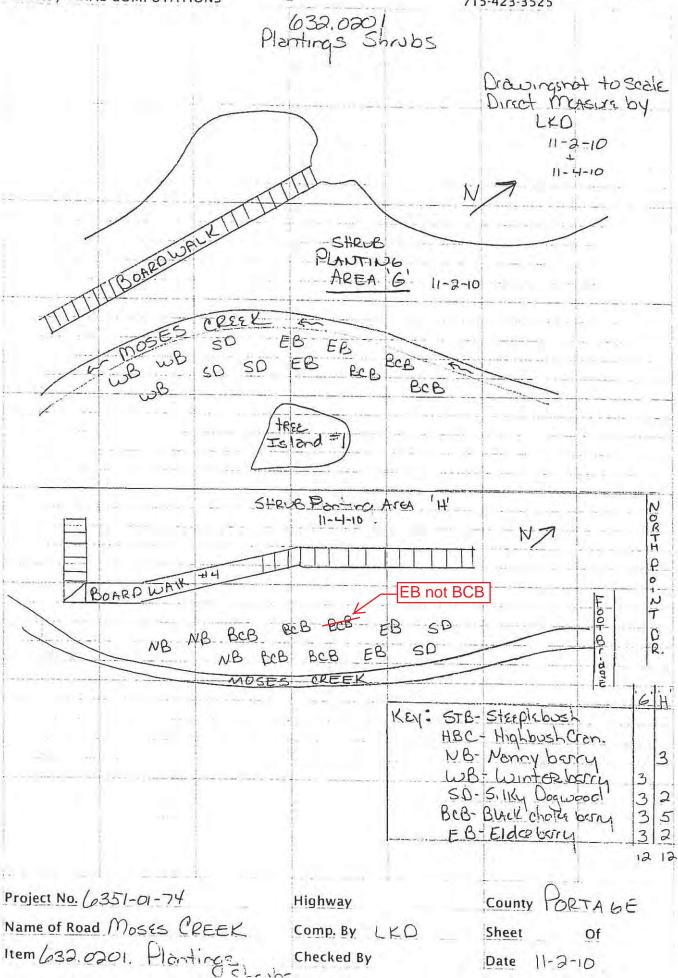
BS- BLACK Spruce BF- RALSAM FIR

SWO- SWAMPLUNTEGAK

Date 11-4-10



2811 8th Street South, Suite 8 Wisconsin Rapids, WI 54494 715-423-3525



2811 8th Street South, Suite 8 Wisconsin Rapids, WI 54494 **DESIGN / FINAL COMPUTATIONS** 715-423-3525 632,0101 Plantings Trees DIRECT MEASURE BY LKD 10-21-10+ NA 11-3-10 STABEL TREE Planting ARA # 10 SM SWO PLANTED 10-21-10 FOOT KEY: SM-SILVER MAFIE .64 11-3-10 2 Bridge 2 TM-TAMAREC BS- BLICKSPILCE 100 RF Balsam Fie Swo-swamp White BS SCRAPE BF SWO SM SWO Stage 1 TREE Planting AREA # 8 11-3-10 Project No. 6351-01-74 Highway County FORTAGE

Name of Road MUCEC (REE K Item 632,0101 Flattings

Comp. By LKD Checked By

Sheet Date 11-3-10



2811 8th Street South, Suite 8 Wisconsin Rapids, WI 54494 715-423-3525

Plantings TREES

Drawing NOT TO SCALE Direct MKASUR BY LKD

NN

	1			1	N	
	- North	Point Dr	IUE -			H 14450
		TREE	PLANTING 19th Entrance	€ BF	Bridg∈	W O O
	******			BF BS		<u>Р</u>
			- Sw	- /		A- L
			20	sm //		ΞΕ
			Sm	sw/2/		
			SW0	() () () () () () () () () ()	: 10 000 aga esta	
	+ 1=	97-9	18			
			(3)	TREE	4	7
			[2]	Planting	A(SA # 20_	(STAGE 1)
			/-/5	m sm sm	# 27 1	
			// S	صد کسی		
			550	sm BF		
BOA	eñ walk			5000		
	1		500		Scrape	
		#20 N.E	NT -		()	- = 1
KEY: Sm. Silve		4 2				
BS-BLAC	L'SDOWS	= = =			-	
BF-BAL	K Sprice SAM FIR	1 3 5	10.4			
SW0-50	Amp White CA	10 11				
					1	

Project No. 6351-01-74

Name of Road Moses CREEK

Item 632, 0101 Planting

Highway

Comp. By LKO

Checked By

County PORTAGE

Sheet Of

Date 11-3-10

2811 8th Street South, Suite 8 Wisconsin Rapids, WI 54494 **DESIGN / FINAL COMPUTATIONS** 715-423-3525 632.0101 Planting 3 TREES Drawing Nor To Scale Direct Measure by BWK+LKD AREA 41 10-7-10 SM EF BF B5 SWO Swo Suro AREA HU BS (TM) (Suc) (TM) KEY: SM - Silver Maple 2 BF. Balson Fir 2 2 RESTRICTED ZONE SWC- SWAMP CAK BS. PLACK SPINCE TM- TAMARACK

Name of Road MOSES CREEK Item 6:30,0101 Plantings

Highway

Comp. By LKD

Checked By

County FORTAGE

Sheet

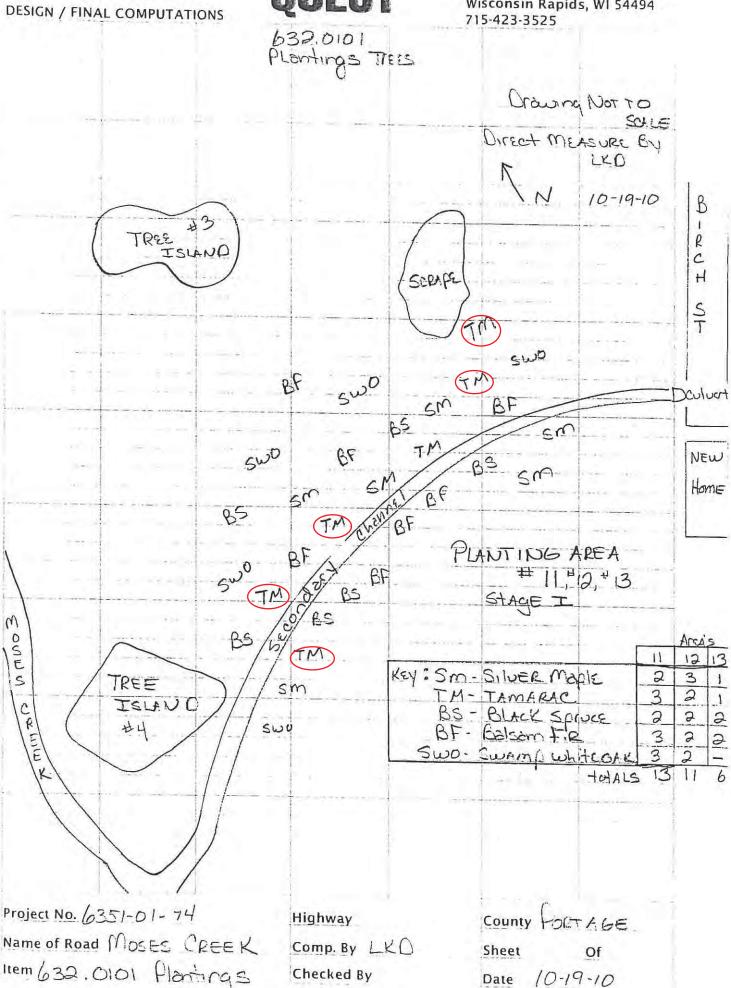
Of

Date 11 -7-16-

2811 8th Street South, Suite 8 Wisconsin Rapids, WI 54494

10-19-10

Date



Checked By

2811 8th Street South, Suite 8 Wisconsin Rapids, WI 54494 **DESIGN / FINAL COMPUTATIONS** 715-423-3525 Plantings 632,0101 TREES 632.0201 SHRUES DRYWING NOT TO SCALE BY LKO 10-19-10 TREE PLANTING TM AREA #5 STAGE I BORRO 3M & BF Channel BS SWO BS SM Lood EC + CC+ Sm PED BS SWO BS MOSES Bridge Swo KEY: SM- SILVER MAPLE 4344 TM- TAMARAC BS- BLACK STICKE P.F. Balsamfie 18 Project No. 6351-01-74 Highway County FORTAGE Name of Road Moses CREEK Comp. By Sheet Of Item Plantings 632,0101 TREES Checked By Date 10-19-10

QUEST

2811 8th Street South, Suite 8 Wisconsin Rapids, WI 54494 715-423-3525

plantings Trees

Drawing Not TO STATE Direct Micksur 10-21-10 TM TH Construction, R C BF TREE AREA ST Island -6 STAGE ! É. Ë. Wet Land AIGA Sm-sm BF Su BF AREAS 193342 TREE AREA 5m- SilvER MAPK 419 TM-TAMARAE STAGEL BS-BLICKSPILLE BF-Balsam Fir Swo-Swamphuhite DAIC 7613

Name of Road MUSES Creek Item 632.0101 Plantings

<u>Highway</u>

Comp. By LKO

Checked By

County FORTAGE

Sheet

Of

Date 10-21-10



2811 8th Street South, Suite 8 Wisconsin Rapids, WI 54494 715-423-3525

PLOTTINGS TREES

Sm

5m

BF

DRAWING NOT TO SOULE DIRECT MEASURE BY LKD 11-4-10

TREE PLANTING ARA \$ 15 MOSES CREEK

> #3 # 16 # 17 KEY: Sm-SILVER Maple TM-TAMERCE
> BG-BLICK STILKE
> BF-BALSAM F.R
> SWO-SLAMP WHITEORK 1 2

TREE Planting Arga # 16 + #18 + #17
Stage T

BOARDWALK SWO BE

> TREE AIFA # 16 STABE 1

Highway

Comp. By LKD

Checked By

BRTAGE

2

BOAPD WALK #3

TREE AREA

STAGE 1

Sheet Of

Date 11-4-10

Project No. 6351-01-74 Name of Road MOSES CREEK

Item 632.0101 Flantings

2811 8th Street South, Suite 8 Wisconsin Rapids, WI 54494

DESIGN / FINAL COMPUTATIONS 715-423-3525 632.0201 PLANTINGS STRUES Prawing NOT TO SOLLE DIRECT MEASURE CHEDE PLANTING AREA EN FKO 10.90-10 STAGE I 3 S STE N 6 STE m 00 STE ES ELB ELB E SD ELG SCI 50 HBC HEC HEC Total KEY: STB- Ctepk loveh 632.0201.01 HEC- High bush Cranberry 632.0201.02 BUN MON B 50- Silky Dogwood 1632.0201.05 00000

Project No. 6351-01-74

Name of Road 11 mes 01:27 Item 632,020 Plantings Highway

Comp. By LKD

Checked By

County PORT LOE

Sheet

Of

Date 10-20-10

Ininiestin fue



2811 8th Street South, Suite 8 Wisconsin Rapids, WI 54494

715-423-3525 632.0201 FLANTINGS SHEVES Crawing Not TO SCALE LKC 10-20-10 TREE ISLAND SHENE FLYNING AREA 'J' SLOET X. 95 SO m HBC STE HRC C STE HEC KEY STET CHEEPIE KUEY 632.0201.01

HBC- High bush Clerior (1) 622.0201.02

SC - Chiky Cogwood 632.0201.05

ELB- ELDER BERTY 632.0201.07 NOTE: - FB- These shrulos were damage D from Buck Publing on them before shrulo Browse was installed. 11-8-10 LKD Project No. 6351-01-74 Highway County PORTAGE

Name of Road MOSES Creek Item 632.0201 (Ditirat

Comp. By LKD

Checked By

Sheet

10-20-10 Date

Of

2811 8th Street South, Suite 8 Wisconsin Rapids, WI 54494 DESIGN / FINAL COMPUTATIONS 715-423-3525 632.0101 Plantings Trees XX X TREE X Big Willow TREE M Half-alive 3 N Swo. Sm Dead tamarack AREA #26 SWO X X BS BF X X. TOTALS KEY: #27 #30 W.D.D.D SM- SILVER MADIE TM-TAMARAC BS-BUCK SPINCE BF-BALSAM FIR - These TAMARACS WERE Rubbed by Bucks Pre 11-8-10 befored on mas installed Project No. 6351-01-74 Highway County Name of Road MOSES Creek Comp. By LK Sheet Item 632,0101 Plantings Checked By Date 10-18-10

2811 8th Street South, Suite 8 Wisconsin Rapids, WI 54494 715-423-3525

Plantings Trees

Drawing Not TO

KEY: Sm. SILVER Maple 3 TM. TAMARAC I I BS. BLACK Spixe I BF. BALSAM FIR 2 6 SWO. Swampwhite I I	-ī			S(1-10)-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-		Direct Field	d mo	SCALE ASURE 10-13-10
WSO BF BF SM BF TM E NEW AREA # 29 SIAGE II CA CA CA CA CA CA CA CA CA	- 0			1.77.00	i i	< IV	ļ	
WSO BF BF SM BF TM E NEW AREA # 29 SIAGE II CA CA CA CA CA CA CA CA CA				ā				e nal
TM BF BF SM SM R TM E NEW AREA # 299 NEW MORES NEW STAGE II CONTROL CO					hurch LOCAT	igo ¥	-	
TM BF BF SM BF SM R SM R E SMO BE E SMO BS SMO BE E SMO BS SMO BF TM E STAGE IT CREED AREA # 28 SMO SWAMPWING I I		EV.52 1007	Mc Canan	4				
BS SM BS SWO E NEW AREA #29 STAGE II CR CR CR CR CR CR CR CR CR	-		w	SO		0.5		
BS SM BS SMO BF TM E NEW MAREA # 29 STAGE II CA CA CA CA CA CA CA CA CA		TM	-BP-	BF		m - pt		$\frac{T}{0}$
TOTAL STAGE II CREED STAGE II CREED STAGE II CREED STAGE II AND CREED SUBMINISTING IN TOTAL				Sm	0.0	Suzo	Sm	- K
TOTAL STAGE II CREEK STAGE II L AREA # 28 STAGE II L A N Ch	-	NEW			62	C ~~	MI	E
REA # 28 STAGE IT U AN N Character of the stage of the	-		MO STAC	- 29. 5€ II .	Accept to Section	101		-
KEY: Sm. SILVER MAPK 3 TM. TAMARAC 1 BS- BLAK Space 1 BF- BALSAM FIR 3 SWO- SUAMPWHISE 1 1			123		7	AREA # 28 STAGE II		C) J A
Total KEY: Sm- SILVER Maple 3 TM. TAMARAC 1 BS- BLAK Spaxe 1 BF- BALSAM FIR 2 SWO- SWAMPWHIE 1				-	1 1 1 2 2			2
KEY: Sm. SILVER Maple 3 TM. TAMARAC I I BS. BLACK Spixe I BF. BALSAM FIR 2 6 SWO. Swampwhite I I				C 2 2 2				
KEY: Sm. SILVER Maple 3 TM. TAMARAC I I BS. BLACK Spixe I BF. BALSAM FIR 2 6 SWO. Swampwhite I I								
KEY: Sm. SILVER Maple 3 TM. TAMARAC I I BS. BLACK Spixe I BF. BALSAM FIR 2 6 SWO. Swampwhite I I	-	403444			1	-	1000	130 000
KEY: Sm. SILVER Maple 3 TM. TAMARAC I I BS. BLACK Spixe I BF. BALSAM FIR 2 6 SWO. Swampwhite I I				hi-becom				Totals
BS- BLACK SPIXE 1 1 BF- BALSAM FIR 2 6 SWO- SWAMPWHIE 1 1		i	7 W		V 0 S		1 2	8 = 29
011/2 8 1 6					TM. BS-	BLACK Sprx	£ 1	1 2 1 6

Project No. 6351-01-74 Name of Road MOSES CREEK Item 632,0101 Plantings

Highway

Comp. By LKD

Checked By

County PORTAGE

Sheet Of

Date 10-13-10

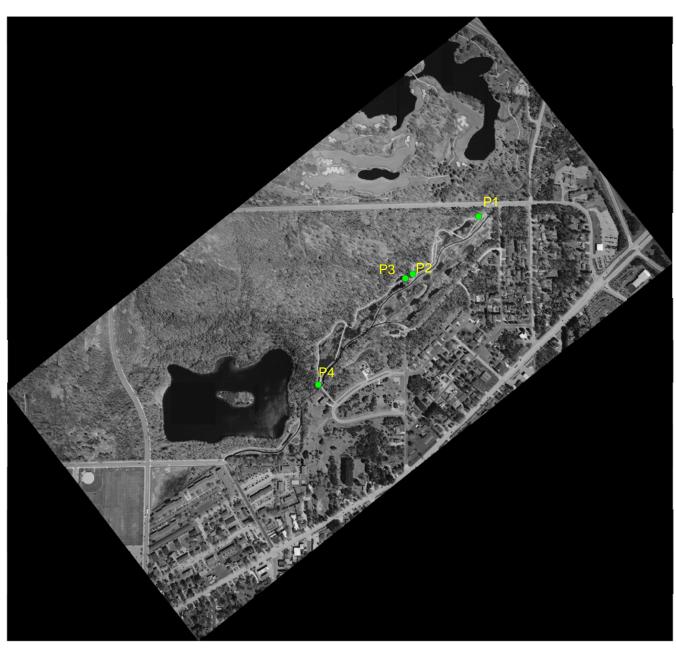
Appendix H

Site Photographs

- Monitoring Photograph Map
- Monitoring Photograhs

Moses Creek Photopoints

2011



1:12,000

Legend

Photopoint



Moses Creek

Monitoring Photopoints, 2011

Wisconsin Department of Transportation



Figure 1. Photopoint 1 from the North section of Moses Creek looking south.



Figure 2. Photopoint 2 midway through Moses Creek looking north.



Figure 3. Photopoint 2 midway through Moses Creek looking south.



Figure 4. Photopoint 3 midway through Moses Creek looking west.



Figure 5. Photopoint 3 midway through Moses Creek looking southeast.



Figure 6. Photopoint 4 at the Milano-Sciarrone crossing looking east.



Figure 7. Photopoint 4 at the Milano-Sciarrone crossing looking northeast.



Figure 8. Photopoint 4 at the Milano-Sciarrone crossing looking north.



Figure 9. Photopoint 4 at the Milano-Sciarrone crossing looking west.