# The Importance of Public Participation in the Conservation of Our Natural Resources



**Todd Schaller Chief Conservation Warden** 

# Some things to think about and discuss today.....

- What is "conservation"?
- Why does it matter? Do you think this is an important issue for us as a society?
- What concerns do you have about our natural resources today?
- What are our the biggest challenges we face today in conservation?
- What is your role in conservation?
- How can you get involved in conservation decision making?

#### What is conservation?

What mental models do we use to think about conservation?

Where did they come from?

# North American Model of Wildlife Conservation How it came to be - let's follow the trail...



### 1850 - 1900 Era of Decimation

Wildlife viewed as inexhaustible in supply....buffalo is emblematic...

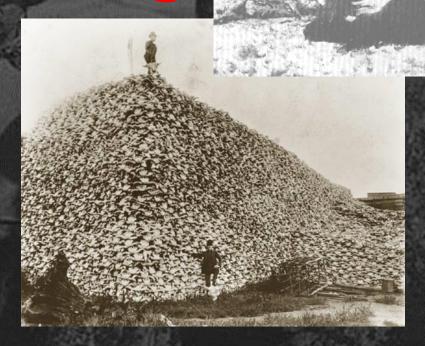




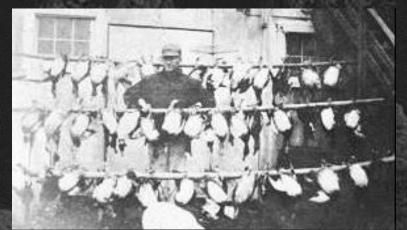
Early 1800's = Estimated 30 Million











# **Extinction of Passenger Pigeon**



"The scale of the operation can be judged by figures that seem almost incredible but which were carefully recorded as part of a perfectly legal and highly profitable commerce. On just one day in 1860 (23 July) 235,200 birds were sent east from Grand Rapids in Michigan. During 1874 Oceana County in Michigan sent over 1,000,000 birds to the markets in the east and two years later was sending 400,000 a week at the height of the season and a total of 1,600,000 in the year."

- Clive Ponting

The dramatic decline of species such as the buffalo and the passenger pigeon, and man-made impact on the land challenged previous beliefs in the inexhaustibility of natural resources

Appreciating our past, assessing the present, and determining the future

"Our natural resources are not limitless, our own self interest dictates we can not afford to be short-sighted in how we use those resources, and if we believe that future generations deserve a natural inheritance undiminished by present generations, we must conserve those resources through sustainable practices that strike an appropriate balance between human industry and nature's capacity".

#### The North American Model of Conservation

A conceptual framework that guides conservation:

- Wildlife is a public resource. It's the governments responsibility to hold wildlife in trust for all citizenry in perpetuity.
- Democratic Rule of Law. Wildlife is placed in the arms of our democracy – not in the hands of a few. Everyone can participate.
- Prohibitions on commerce in wildlife. Wildlife would be harvested for individual use in a regulated manner, not for commercial or market purposes.
- Scientific Management of Wildlife. Decision making regarding wildlife management should guided by science.
- Wildlife is an International Resource. Boundaries of states and nations are of little relevance to wildlife, requires international cooperation.

"The conservation of natural resources is the fundamental problem. Unless we solve that problem, it will avail us little to solve all others."

-Theodore Roosevelt U. S. President Memphis, TN, October 12, 1907

Why did President Roosevelt say this?

Do you agree conservation of our natural resources an important issue for society?



# What concerns do you have about our natural resources?



# What do you see as the biggest challenges we face today regarding our natural resources?





June 22, 1969

On August 1, 1969, *Time* magazine reported on the fire and on the condition of the Cuyahoga River.

#### **Getting older.....**

"Every eight seconds for the next 17 years, one more baby boomer will turn 60 years old"

"People aged 65 and older made up 12.4 percent of the population in 2000. They will make up 16.3 percent of the population by 2020. In 2030 nearly 1 and 5 Americans will be 65 and older".

**Funding Conservation Programs?** 

As seen on PBS's Now with Bill Moyers and CBS News Sunday Morning

One of Barron's 25 Best Books of 2004

A Forbes.com Top Ten Business Book for 2004

LAURENCE I. KOTLIKOFF AND SCOTT BURNS

#### GENERATIONAL S T O R M

What You Need to Know about America's Economic Future

"Brilliant insights on the me generation versus the next generation. Better still, smart advice on equally vexing questions like whether to invest in a 401(k) or a second mortgage."

—Sylvia Nasar, author of A Beautiful Mind

THOROUGHLY REVISED AND UPDATED



Sunday, April 16, 2006 • A1

#### Demographic differences, by age

People living in the Madison School District who are younger than age 18 are much more likely to be racial minorities than the population as a whole.

TOTAL 2000 data, the most recent year available

81.0% White 66.4%

6.1% Black 12.2%

4.8% Hispanic 7.7%

5.6% Asian 7.6%

217,677 people

UNDER AGE 18 POPULATION

90PULATION

39,199 children

**SOURCE: National Center for Education Statistics** 

State Journa



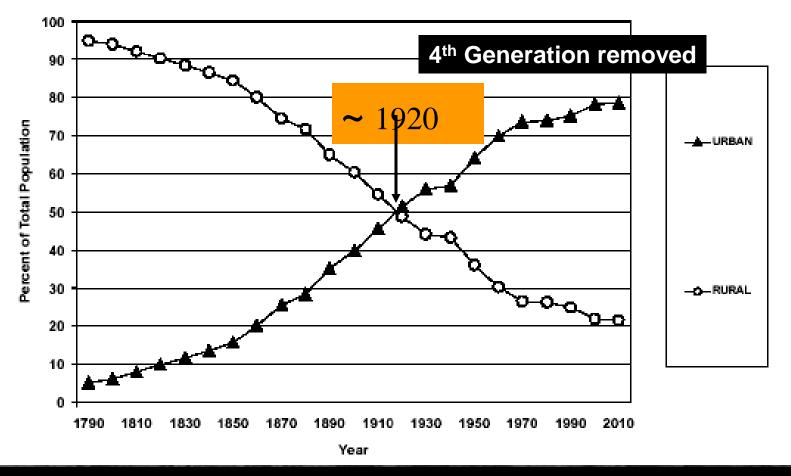


The future stewards of our natural resources will be more diverse......

Figure 1.

The Percent of Population (All Ages) in Urban Versus Rural Housing

Data from U.S. Census Bureau



#### **Becoming more urbanized.....**

"You begin to believe that your water comes from the faucet, gas comes from the gas pump, your heat comes from the stove, your food comes from the store". - Cal Dewitt

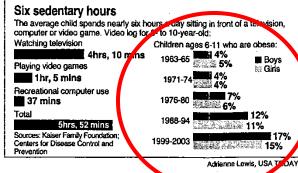
#### Childhood increasingly moving away from outdoors

#### Video interests overwhelmingly keep kids home

By Dennis Cauchon **USA Today** 

BELLBROOK, Ohio -Being a kid isn't what it used to be.

Dakota Howell, 9, went fishing here the other day with his mom, dad and little brother. "It's fun," he says, happily reeling in sunfish from Spring Lake during a fishing derby



them because he was afraid of he relationship octween being kidnapped. kids and their bikes is especial-

percent decline, according to cer camps are in full bloom Bicycle Industry and Retailer News, an industry magazine.

"Bikes used to be empowering for children," says Marc Sani, publisher of the magazine. "My parents didn't care where I went as long as I was home for supper. Now, parents are afraid to let kids out of their sight,'

Many children have substituted skateboards and scooters to get around. But skateboards and scooters travel short distances and their use peaked in 2001 and 2002 respectively, according to the NSGA survey.

this summer, although non-organized soccer games are un-

Organized outdoor activities have kept children moving. They are declining, but much more slowly that unstructured outdoor play.

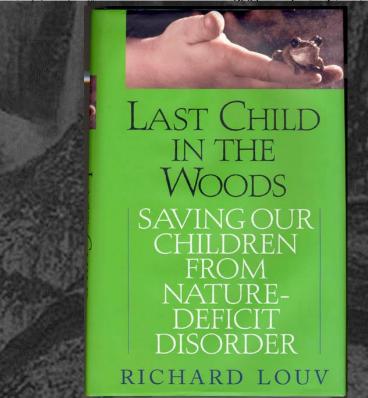
Little League participation has fallen to 2.1 million children, down 14 percent from its peak in 1997. But overall baseball playing - pick-up games, catch, pickle - has declined nearly twice as fast, the NSGA surveys show.

Pa. "That doesn't appeal to kids as much today. They have many other choices - and not iust video games."

In generations past, children's play tended to be opinended, following whatever game or adventure a child's imagination could generale. Children and parents now prefer structured entertainment. whether it's a video game o a day at the pool.

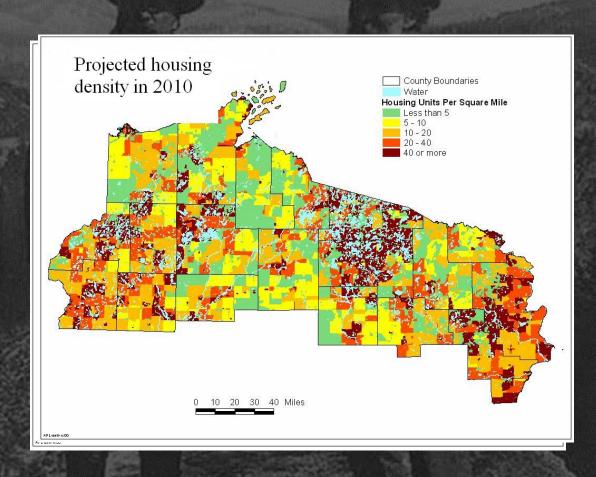
Spring Valley Pool in Grinville, Ohio, closed this year after 70 years.

"Kids expect entertainment "As a kid, I'd throw my at a pool, not just pleasure or



#### Land Use and Ownership Patterns

- Fragmentation of large tracts into numerous smaller tracts
- Forest owners aging largest intergenerational transfer of private forest lands in history in the next 20 years.
- 60% of all forested land in US currently owned by people over 55.



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Source: Applied Population laboratory, University of Wisconsin

#### **ECONOMIC SNAPSHOT**

#### Principal farm operators approaching retirement age

In 2002, Dane and Sauk counties had a higher percentage of principal farm operators age 55 and over, compared to other top agriculture-producing counties in the state. As these farm operators approach retirement, many farmers could be presented the opportunity to sell their land, potentially for uses other than agriculture.

Part 3 of this month's series on Wisconsin agriculture

Next week: Farming and the cost of petroleum

Percent of principal farm operators age 55 and over, 2002

Dane 44.5%

Clark 30.9%

Dodge 40.9%

Marathon 36.3%

Sauk 44.9%

State avg. 42.0%

Economic Snapshot is a weekly feature provided by the Center for Community and Economic Development, University of Wisconsin-Extension.

SOURCES: 2002 Agricultural Census

Additional statistics are available at http://www.nass.usda.gov/Census\_of\_Agriculture

QUESTIONS: Contact Matt Kures, Center for Community and Economic Development, University of Wisconson Extension at matthew.kures@uwex.edu.



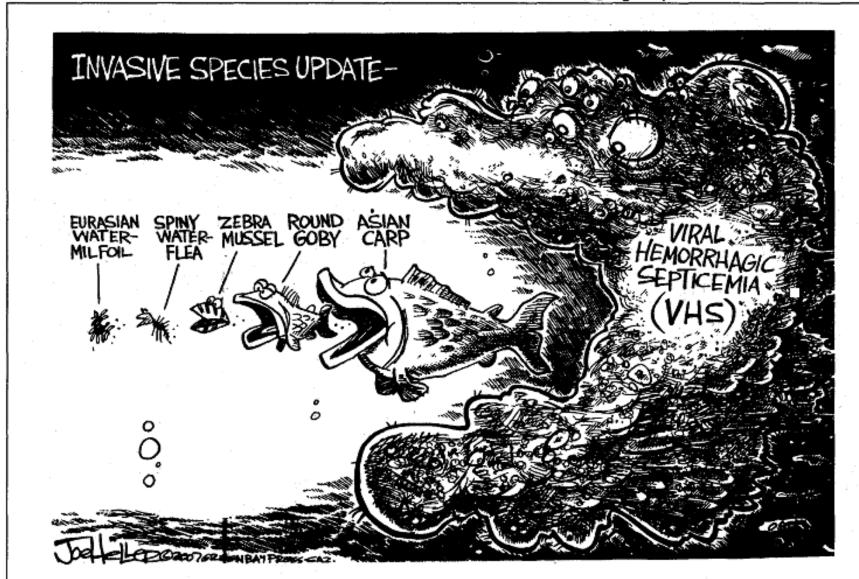


#### **Biodiversity**

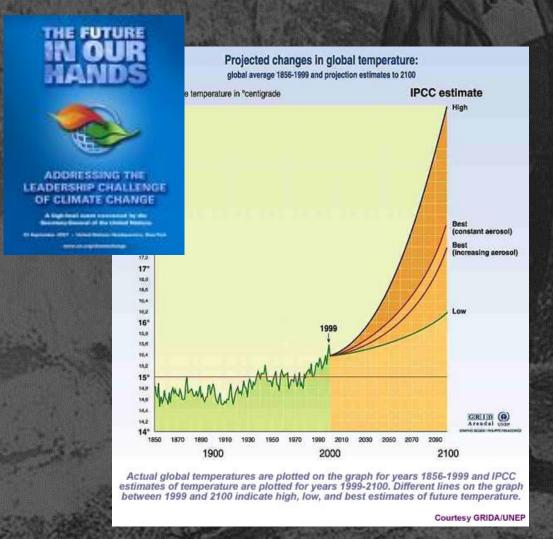


## Future Challenges...Biological Pollution Invasive and Exotic Species

VILAS CO.NEWS-REVIEW 6-6-07



# Climate Change — Mitigation and Adaptation



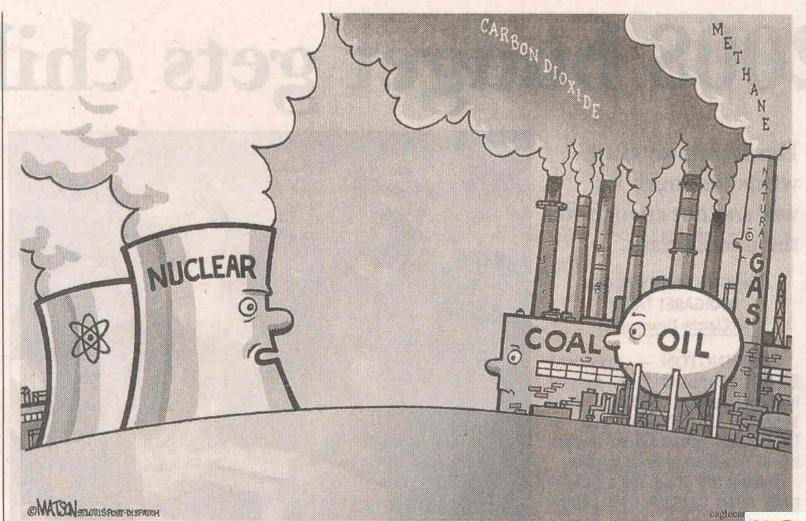
Change Biodiversity Thomas I. Lovejey and Lee Namuch Climate change CLIMATE CHANGE **Subservated Statements** and WILDLIFE

Report on

National Symposium on

Climate Change \_\_

Food Production



"THERE'S NO SAFE PLACE ON EARTH TO STORE YOUR WASTE, EITHER!"





#### How You Can Get Involved



**Conservation Cadets** 

- Individually
  - Personal practices
  - Career Choice?
- Organizationally
  - Form/Join an organization
  - Participate in a conservation organization or project.
- Participate in the public policy making process.
  - Stay informed
  - Join an organization
  - Participate in the legislative process
  - Go to legislative and Commission hearings and present your opinions and views on issues















#### **Examples of Conservation Organizations**





# Sturgeon Patrol

#### **Outdoor Skills Events**



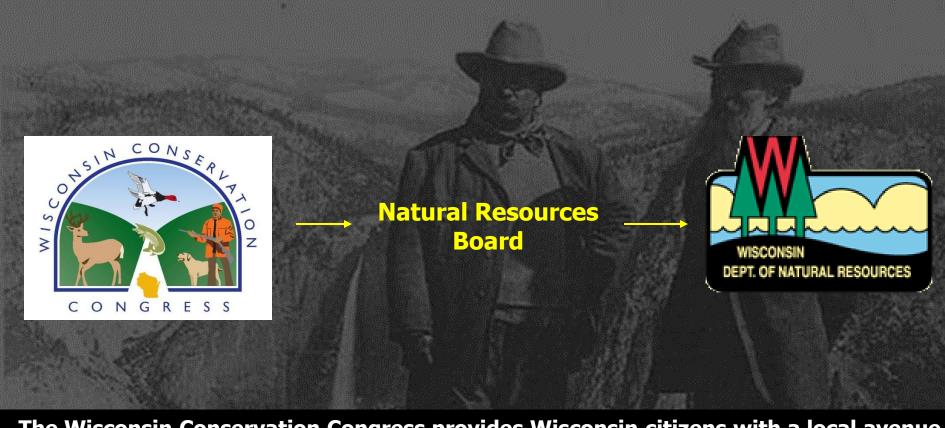
#### **Learn to Hunt Events**





# Where and how does conservation decision making take place?

- Federal Level Congress
  - Your local Senator and Congress person
  - House Committees
  - Senate Committees
- State Level Legislatures
  - Your local state legislators
  - House/Assembly Committees
  - Senate Committees
- State Fish and Wildlife Agencies
  - Commission Model of Decision Making (Natural Resource Boards)
  - Other means of input Conservation Congress, Round )
- NGO Non Governmental Organizations
  - National National Wildlife Federation, National Wild Turkey Federation, Sierra Club, etc
  - State
  - Local Conservation Organizations local clubs and organizations



The Wisconsin Conservation Congress provides Wisconsin citizens with a local avenue for input and exchange concerning conservation issues.



#### Conservation-the Last 130 Years

- Restored game populations.
- Significantly cleaned our air, land and waters.
- Benefited an array of other species and habitats and landscapes.
- Diverse public and political sectors began to realize the enormous value – culturally, recreationally, and economically – of a sustainable use approach to our natural resources.
- Increased the demand for recovery and protection of our natural resources resulted in creation of state agencies staffed with professionals.
- Partnerships with land owners and a proliferation of non-profit conservation organizations who engage in political action and raise money to preserve habitat and restore wildlife.
- International Treaties were established.
- Devised funding mechanisms for conservation.

# The Next Chapter in Conservation History.....

A defining moment...how will you participate in the this moment in history?

Conservation of our natural resources is critical to the future vitality of our country. Everything is ultimately a subsidiary of the natural world.

Outdoor experiences and participation in conservation are a means for an increasingly urbanizing society to remember we do not weave the web of life, we are merely a strand in it.

It's important we have experiences in the natural world – to experience an element in the human existence that is critical to perpetuating a world that is both sustaining and sustainable.



How Rich Will We Be When We Have Converted All Our Forests, All Our Soil, All Our Water Resources and Minerals into Cash?

"The ultimate test of a person's conscience may be their willingness to sacrifice something today for future generations whose words of thanks will never be heard."

- Gaylord Nelson