



Upper Mississippi River  
Basin Association

# Resiliency in the Upper Mississippi River Basin

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LAUREN SALVATO

(VIRTUAL) WISCONSIN WATERS CONFERENCE

APRIL 3, 2020

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# Today's Topics

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About the Upper Mississippi River Basin (UMRBA)

UMRBA's role on the River

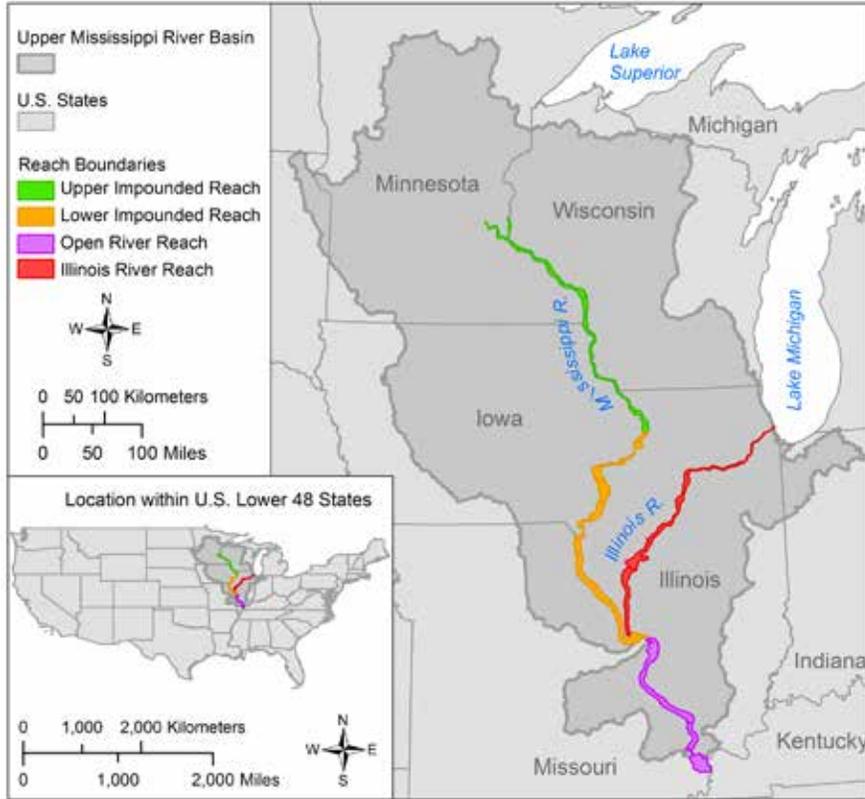
Resilience in practice

- A new vision for flood, sediment, and drought
- The UMRR program
- Water level management
- The UMR Water Quality Improvement Act

Opportunities for collaboration

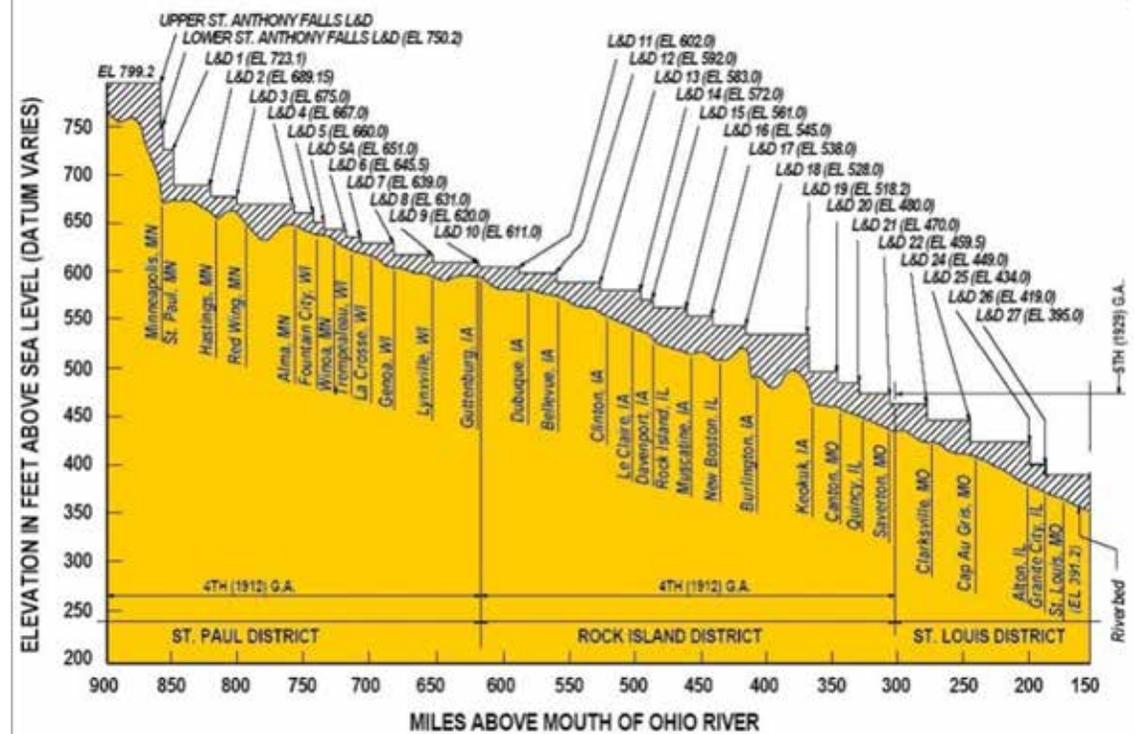
Q&A



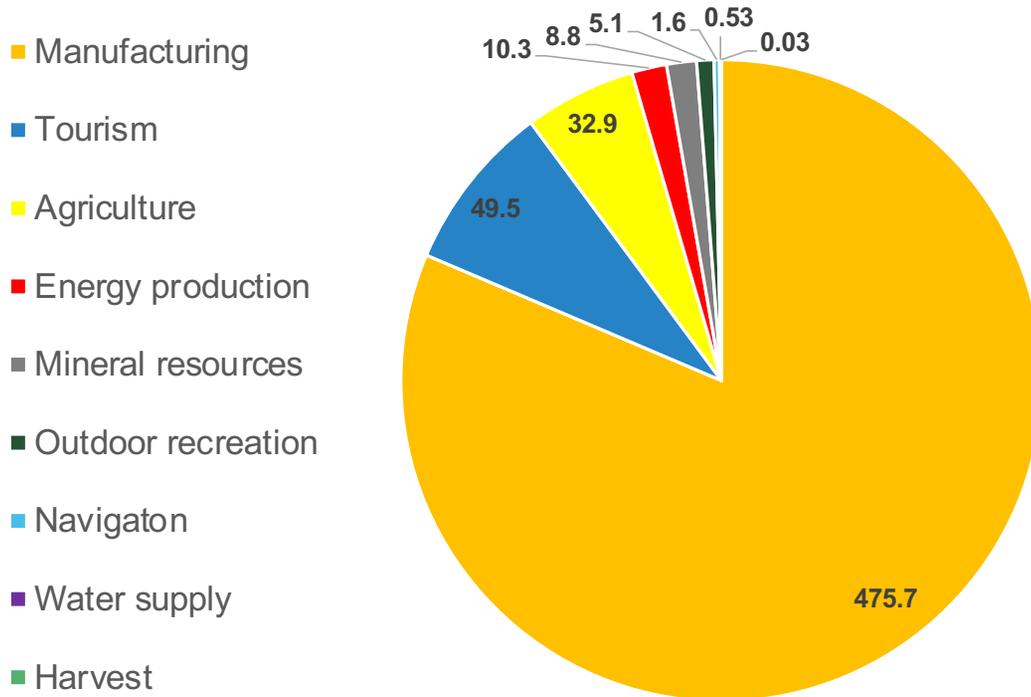


≈1,600 miles long

≈1,100 navigable miles  
37 locks and dams



# The Upper Mississippi River is a vital resource for regional economic prosperity.



Economic sectors in the UMR and IWW corridors generate more than **\$548 billion annually, supporting over 1.86 million jobs.**

**\$54.6 billion from tourism and recreation, supporting over 686,000 jobs.**

# The UMR has ecological value too

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127 species of fish - 30 species of freshwater mussels - 300 species of birds

# Multi-Purpose River Management

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In 1986, Congress declared the Upper Mississippi River Basin a “**nationally significant ecosystem and nationally significant commercial navigation system.**”



# About UMRBA

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Regional interstate organization formed in 1981 by the **Governors of *Minnesota, Wisconsin, Illinois, Iowa, and Missouri***

**Facilitate dialogue and cooperative action** regarding water and related land resource issues on behalf of the five basin states



# UMRBA Issue Areas



# UMRBA Water Quality Groups

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## Water Quality Executive Committee and Water Quality Task Force

- Tier I:
  - Nutrient reduction strategies
  - Interstate water quality monitoring
- Tier II:
  - Harmful algal blooms
  - Emerging contaminants (e.g., PFAS)
  - Chloride



# The case for building resilience in the UMRB

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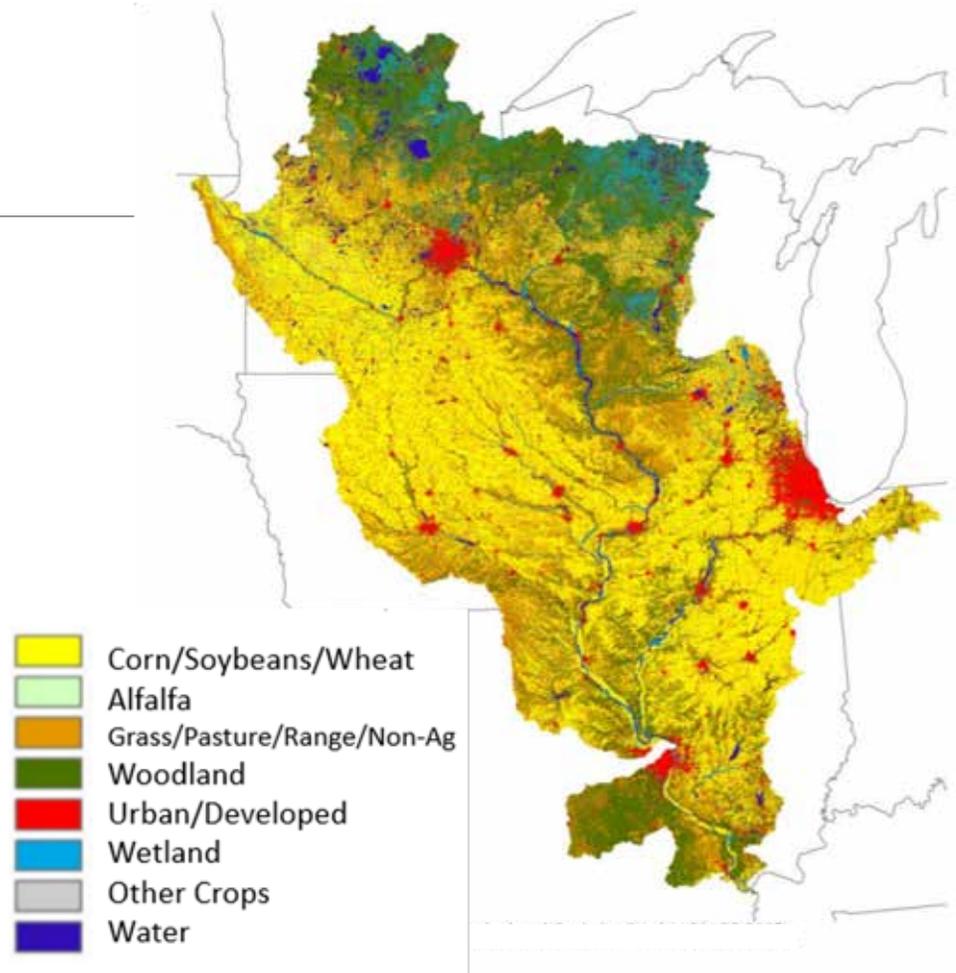
Photos: [Indiana Public Media](#) and [St. Paul Corps of Engineers](#)

# UMRB Land Use

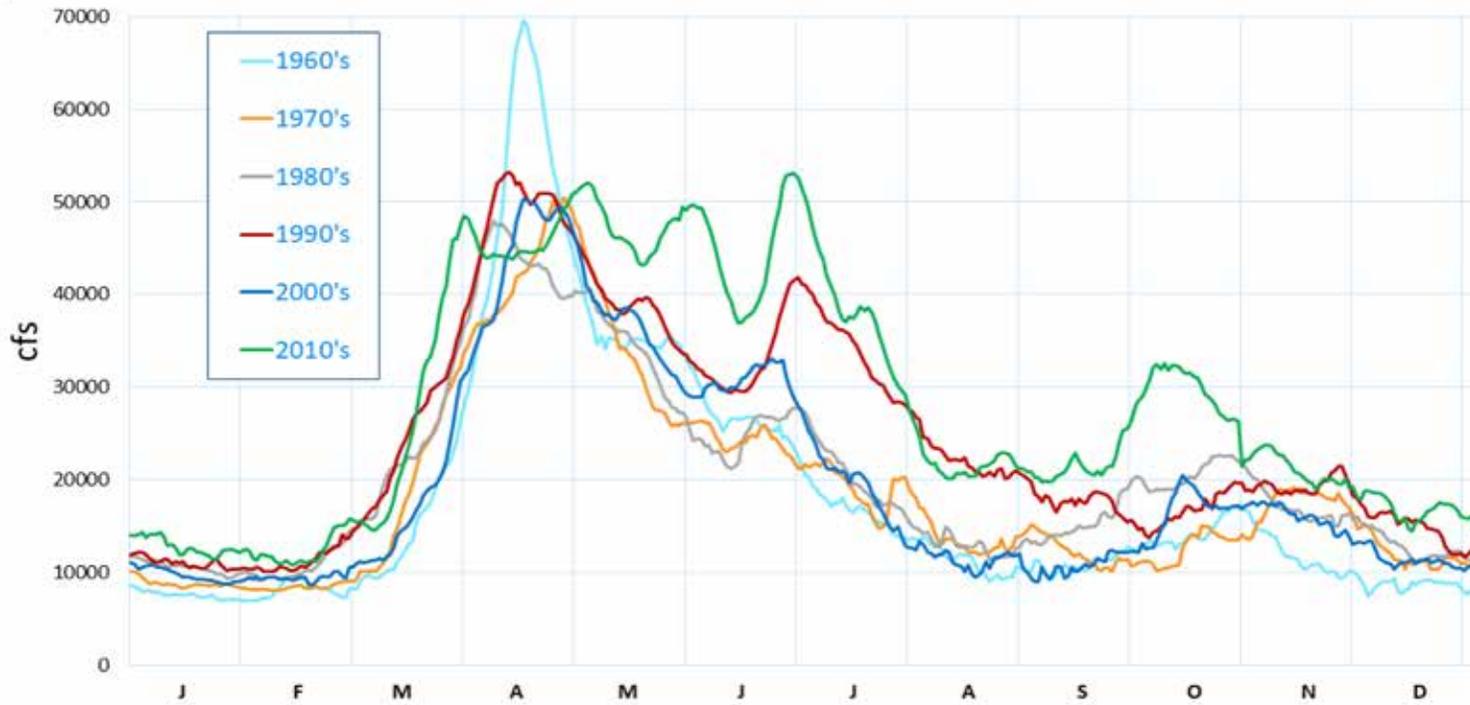
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Urban and agricultural uses have contributed to high levels of nutrients and suspended sediments

Source: National Agricultural Statistics Service (NASS 2007).



# The River is changing

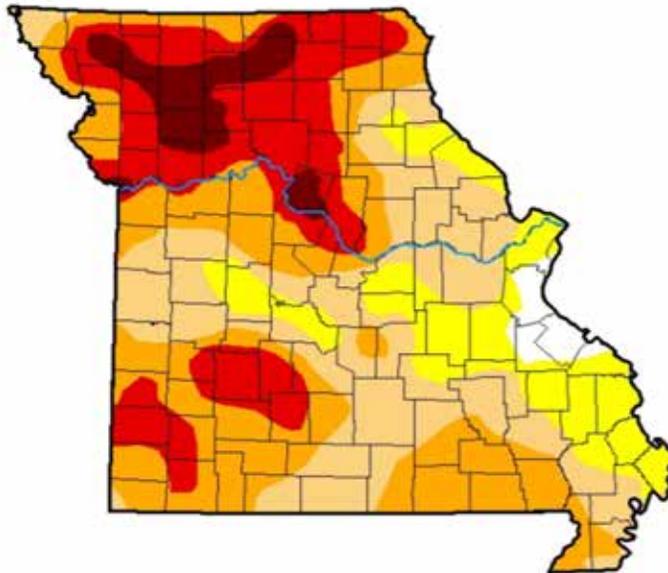


Mean daily discharge by decade (1960-2019) at L&D 3



During summer 2019, the navigation channel was closed for **130 days**.

# U.S. Drought Monitor Missouri



**August 14, 2018**  
(Released Thursday, Aug. 16, 2018)  
Valid 8 a.m. EDT

Drought Conditions (Percent Area)

	None	D0-D4	D1-D4	D2-D4	D3-D4	D4
<b>Current</b>	2.24	97.76	83.33	54.45	25.45	5.54
<b>Last Week</b> 08-07-2018	2.24	97.76	78.37	43.70	19.39	0.23
<b>3 Months Ago</b> 05-15-2018	47.55	52.45	15.25	0.00	0.00	0.00
<b>Start of Calendar Year</b> 01-02-2018	1.49	98.51	46.34	23.68	1.29	0.00
<b>Start of Water Year</b> 09-26-2017	35.49	64.51	8.80	0.00	0.00	0.00
<b>One Year Ago</b> 08-15-2017	82.31	17.69	4.69	0.00	0.00	0.00

Intensity:

- D0 Abnormally Dry
- D1 Moderate Drought
- D2 Severe Drought
- D3 Extreme Drought
- D4 Exceptional Drought

The Drought Monitor focuses on broad-scale conditions. Local conditions may vary. See accompanying text summary for forecast statements.

Author:

Richard Heim  
NCEI/NOAA



<http://droughtmonitor.unl.edu/>

# Resilience in Practice

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# A new vision for the UMR floodplain

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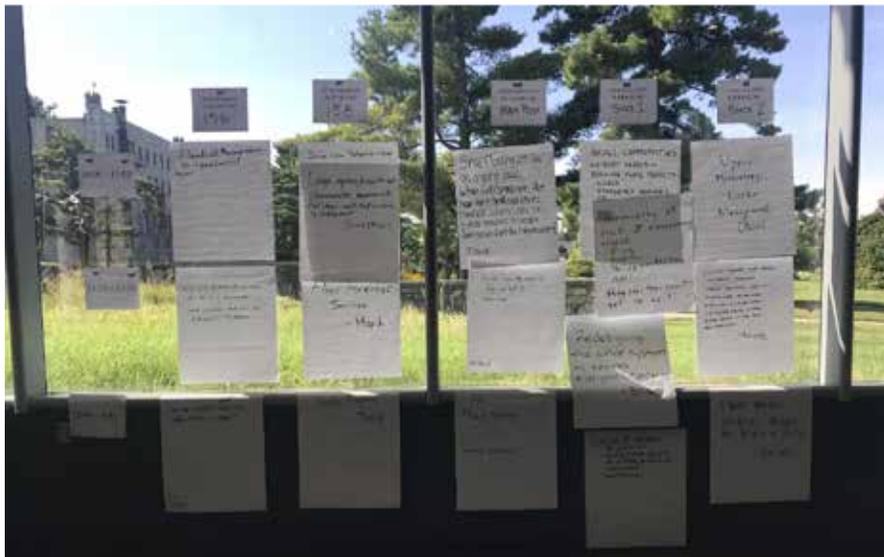
UMRBA and the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers will engage communities, river-reliant industries, and other organizations within the floodplain community **to create a commonly-held vision with goals, objectives, and an implementation strategy** for ensuring that the Upper Mississippi and Illinois Rivers are thriving and resilient.



# Open Sessions

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Six sessions across the watershed July to September 2019 led by participants



# “Keys to the River 2020” report

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The report will offer two things:

- A suite of actions that can be pursued
  - Drought
  - Sediment/Channel Management
  - Flooding
- A detailed proposal for creating comprehensive, long-term strategies



# Example Actions

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- **Flooding** – Develop HEC RAS models for the entirety of the UMRS
- **Drought** – Inventory critical infrastructure on the floodplain that would be negatively affected by drought
- **Sediment/Channel Management** – Develop opportunities to use dredged material as a resource material in beneficial ways





# UMRR program

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The first comprehensive program for ecosystem restoration, scientific research, and monitoring on a large river system in the Nation and the world

**Two elements** – Long Term Resource Monitoring (LTRM) and Habitat Restoration and Enhancement Project (HREPs)





# Long Term Resource Monitoring

The LTRM element:

- Environmental monitoring
- Research
- Systemic data acquisition
- Modeling

<https://umesc.usgs.gov/>





# Habitat Restoration and Enhancement Projects

Restoration projects to fight ecosystem stressors and degrading influences.

UMRR has improved critical fish and wildlife habitat on **106,000 acres through 56 projects.**



# Building Islands





Photo: WIDNR

# Floodplain Forest Induced Mortality Following the 1993 Flood

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Species	Percent mortality (%)	Percent stressed (%)
Hackberry	95.6	0.7
Silver Maple	46.8	3.4
American Elm	42.0	2.3
Pin Oak	41.0	3.8
Eastern Cottonwood	33.3	1.9
Green Ash	30.8	3.8
Pecan	3.7	7.4



# Audubon

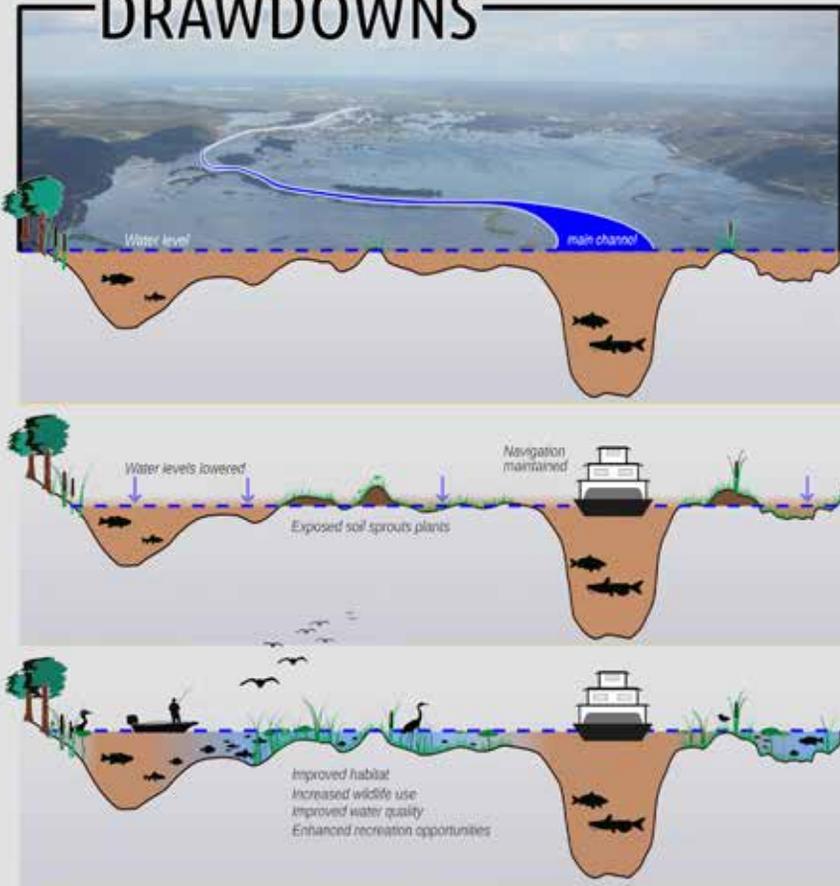
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MINNESOTA

[mn.audubon.org/drawdowns](http://mn.audubon.org/drawdowns)

BENEFITS  
of growing season

# DRAWDOWNS



## TYPICAL DRAWDOWN CYCLE

*These figures show how a drawdown improves the river for humans, plants, and animals.*

### EXISTING CONDITIONS

Elevated, controlled water levels lead to large areas of shallow, open water



### DRAWDOWN

Water levels are lowered during the summer to increase variation in water levels and expose soils, while accommodating navigation



### RESULTS

Water levels are restored. Seeds germinate, plants filter water and provide habitat for fish and wildlife

# Water Level Management (WLM)

# History of WLM

WLM activities  
have been  
ongoing for 25  
years

2005

Pool 5 drawdown  
in Milton, WI



**Before**



**After (7 weeks)**

# But WLM has not been implemented uniformly...

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## Challenges:

- Dredged material management and placement
- Corps authorities and policy
- Stakeholder outreach
- Impacts to recreation, industry, etc.



# UMR WQ Improvement Act

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A federal-state collaborative **to improve and sustain the availability of clean water** in the UMRB, **propelling investment in the reduction of nutrient and sediment runoff** as well as other pollutants.



# Components of the Act

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- Sediment and Nutrient Runoff Reduction
- Monitoring Network
- Modeling and Research
- Communications Strategy
- Establishment of a Mississippi River National Program Office



# Components of the Act

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Sediment and Nutrient Runoff Reduction - Implementation of agricultural and urban non point source BMPs



*Upper Mississippi River  
Clean Water Act Monitoring Strategy 2013-2022*  
**RECOMMENDED MONITORING  
PLAN**



February 2014



Funding for this project provided by the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency through Section 106 of the Clean Water Act.

# Components of the Act

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## UMR Interstate Water Quality Monitoring

### Scope

- Full longitudinal extent and main channel
- Four major designated uses – aquatic life, drinking water, recreation, fish consumption
- Chemical, physical, and biological parameters

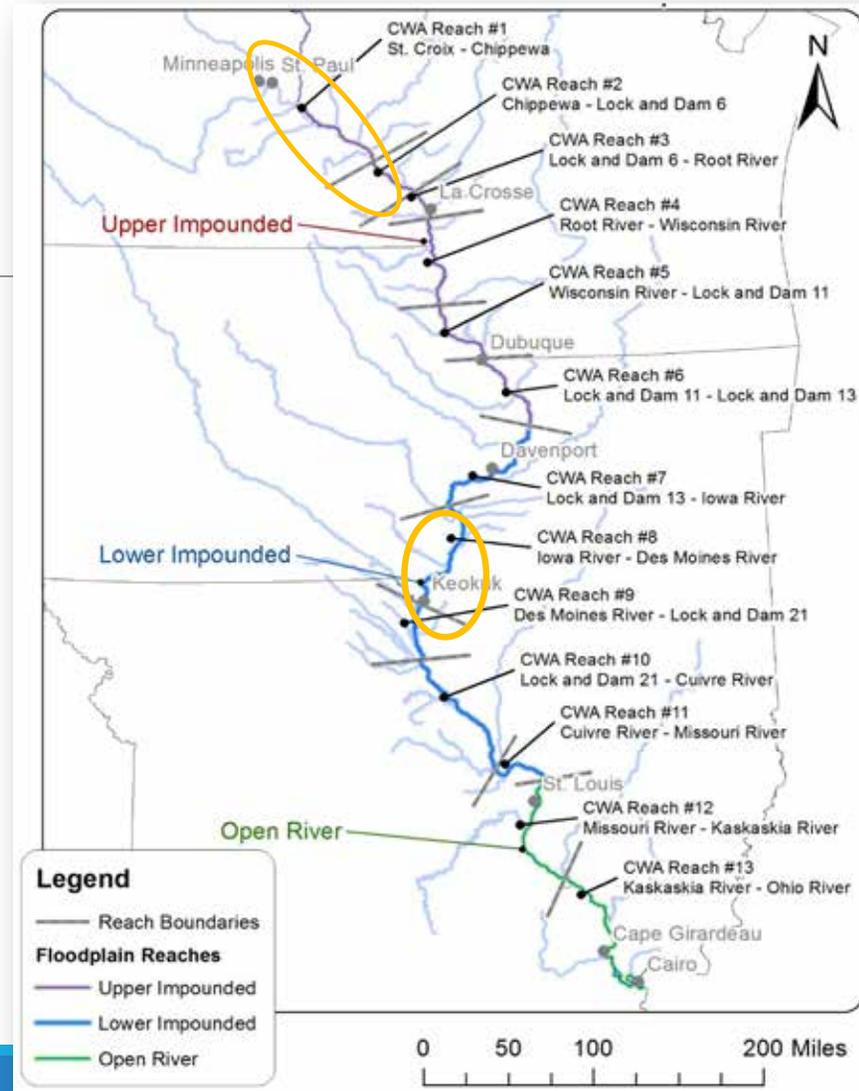
# Components of the Act

## Monitoring Pilots

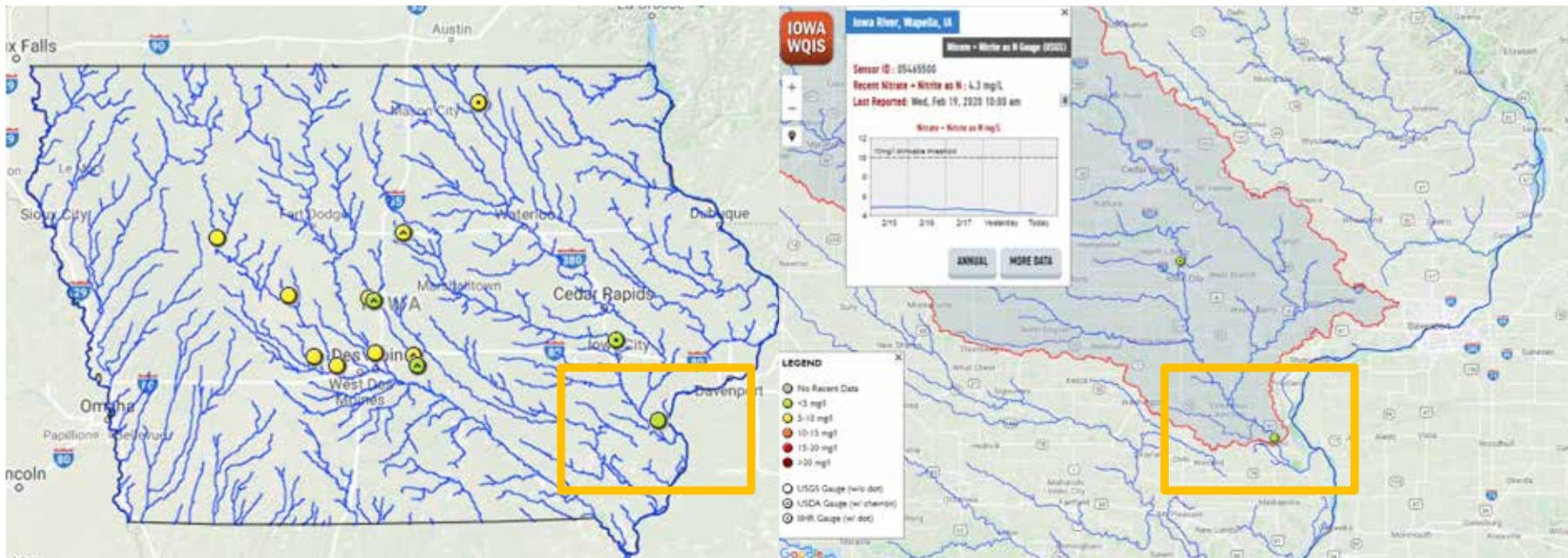
- Reaches 0-3 - May 2016 to April 2017



- Reaches 8-9 – December 2019 to December 2020



# Components of the Act - Nutrient Monitoring Network



<https://iwqis.iowawis.org/app/>

# Components of the Act

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## Mississippi River National Program Office -

A national program office  
jointly administered by  
USEPA and USDA-NRCS



# Opportunities for Collaboration

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- Advocate the need for the UMR WQ Improvement Act to your U.S. Congress person
- Get involved in your local watershed
- Participate in UMRBA or UMRR quarterly meetings



# Thank you!

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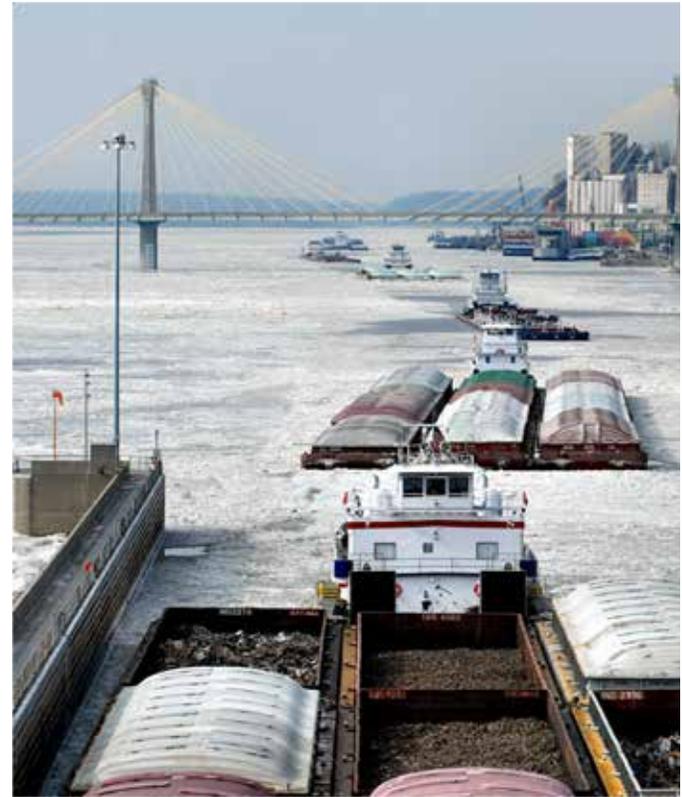
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<http://umrba.org/wq.htm>



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Questions?