

Tackling Barriers to Green Infrastructure
One Code at a Time

Underwater video of an urban stormwater outfall

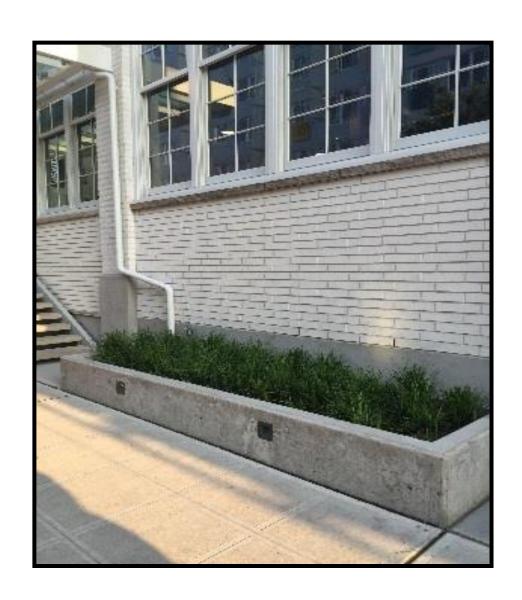




Permeable Pavements and Pavers



Planter Boxes



Green Walls



Green Roofs



Stormwater Trees

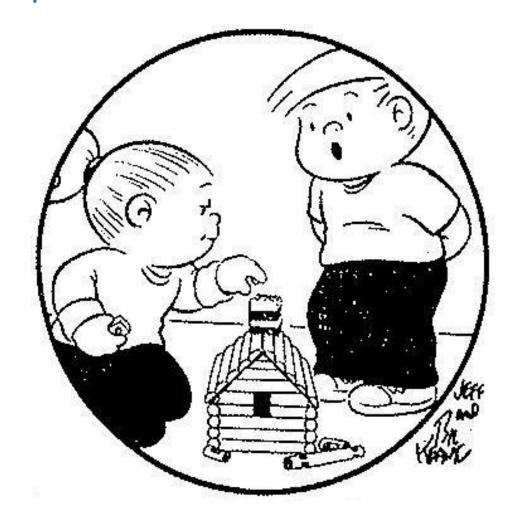


Native and Deep Rooted Plants



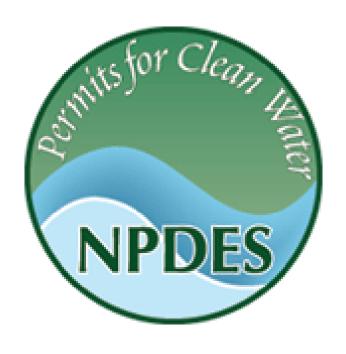


Why are Codes & Ordinances important for Green Infrastructure?

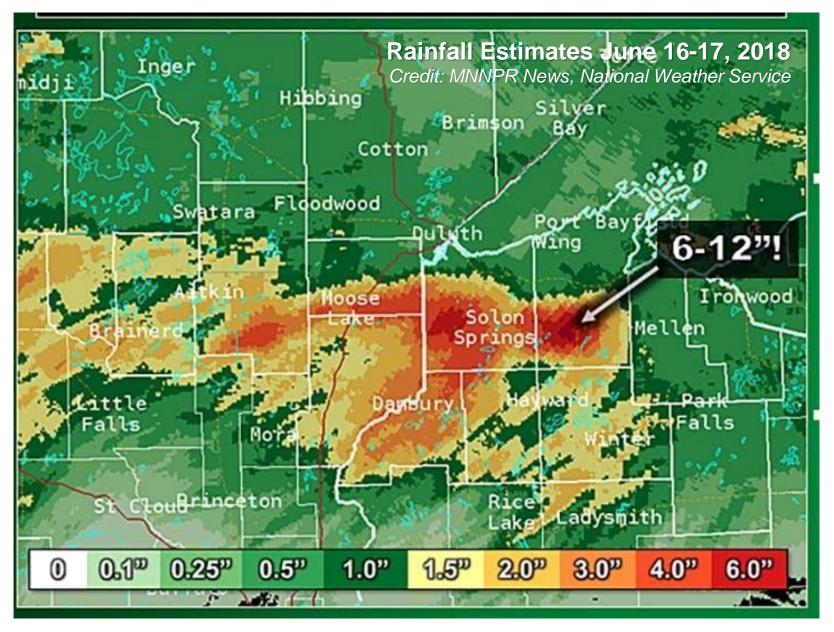


"The building code doesn't allow a LEGO chimney on a Lincoln Log cabin."

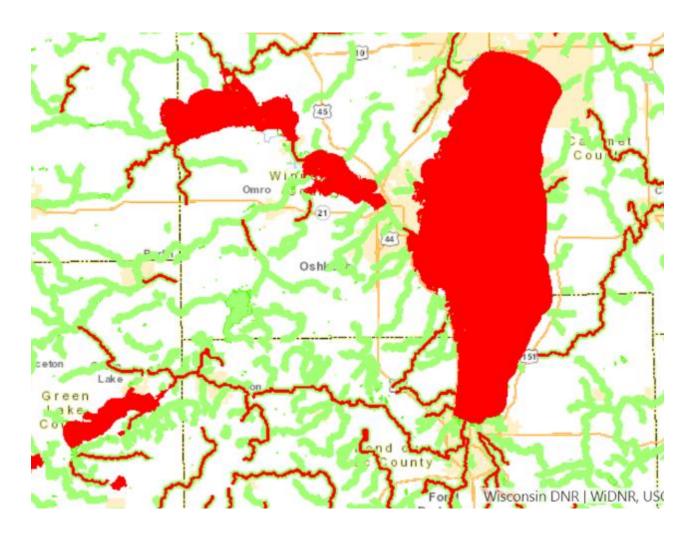




Stormwater permit updates



Intense storm events



Environmental Protection Agency Total Maximum Daily Loads (TMDLs)

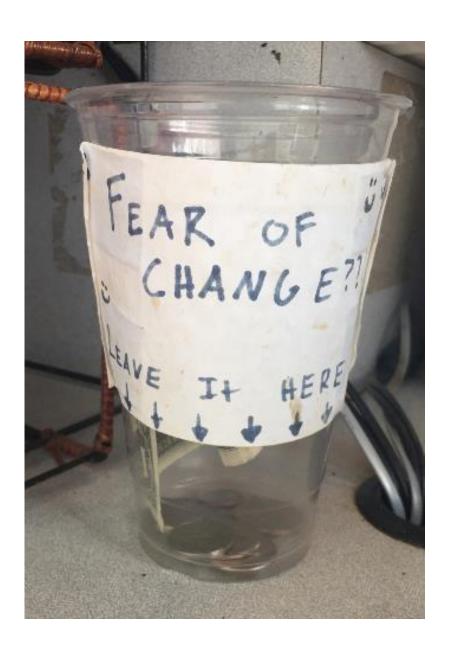
Changing technical standards



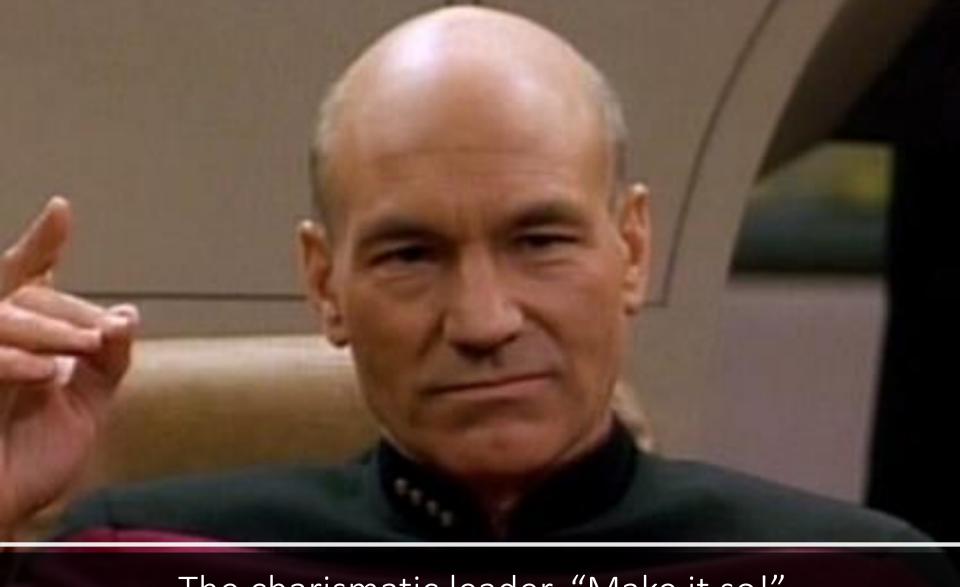


New products & technology

And Finally: The Discretion & Decider Barriers

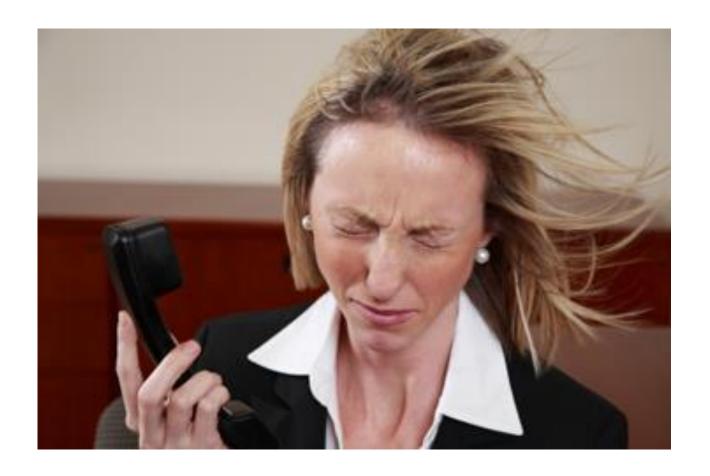


WHO'S IN CHARGE HERE?!



The charismatic leader, "Make it so!"

Discretionary approval needed...



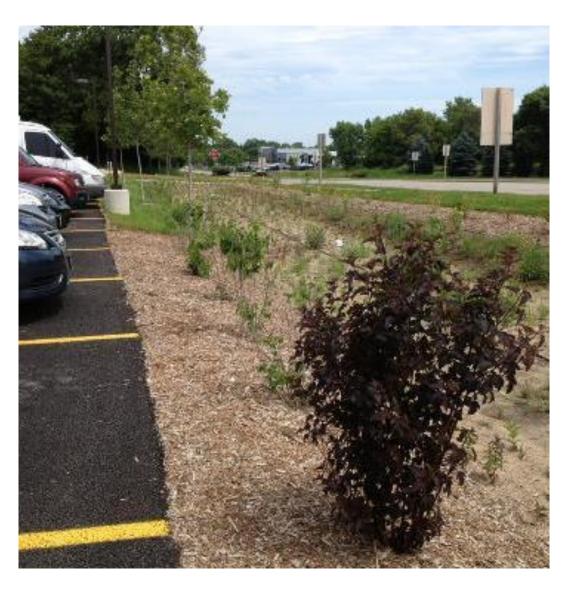
"The applicant shall incorporate the comments of the..."

Aesthetic Habits



"Because we've always done it that way."

When no one is deciding

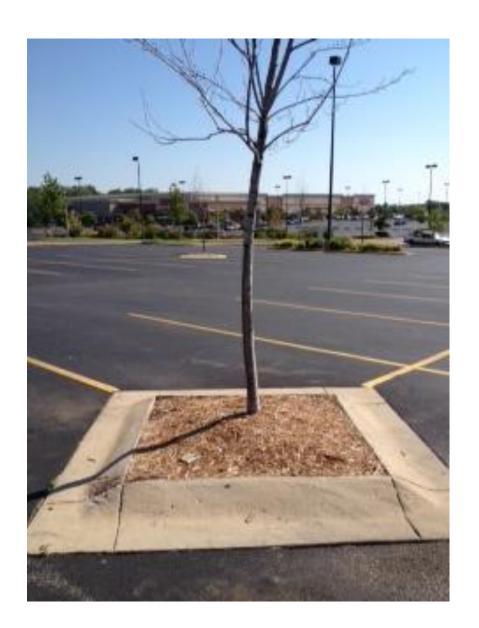


What's missing here?

"I heard it failed in..."



So what? We comply with the state stormwater standards....



Why are Codes and Ordinances Important?

If the code language is not clear that green infrastructure is an acceptable or preferred approach to managing stormwater, green infrastructure will not likely be considered in development proposals, design plans or capital projects.

It's not about more regulation or cost!





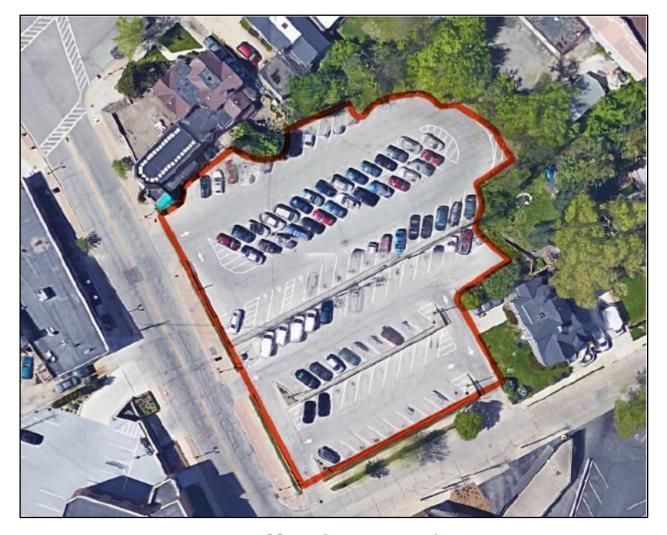
Code Revision: Encouraging use of bioretention areas with curb cut inlets as parking lot landscaping

24.12.020 Perimeter Vehicular Use Area Landscaping and

24.12.030 Interior Vehicular Use Area Landscaping

The integration of <u>depressed</u> bioretention areas used for landscaping and stormwater management is <u>are</u> strongly encouraged. Where <u>perimeter</u> areas are designed specifically for stormwater management, the planting and dimensional requirements of **24.12.020(B)(1)** above may be varied as necessary to ensure that the area functions effectively for stormwater treatment, so long as in the judgment of the [plan commission, city engineer] an equivalent amount of landscaping, planting or screening is provided.

What's the Impact: New Standards For Parking Lot Landscaping



46% runoff volume reduction

59% total suspended solids reduction

Code Revision: Encourage use of natives in lawn areas and limit total percent of site in turf grass

CODE OF ORDINANCES Chapter 122 – ZONING

7. Landscaping. A general description of landscaping standards, screening, and parking lot treatments. Naturalized landscaping, the use of native vegetation, preservation of existing trees and wooded area, and tree planting that will provide additional tree canopy on the site are encouraged. The use of turfgrass should be limited to those areas intended for outdoor recreation or gathering areas.

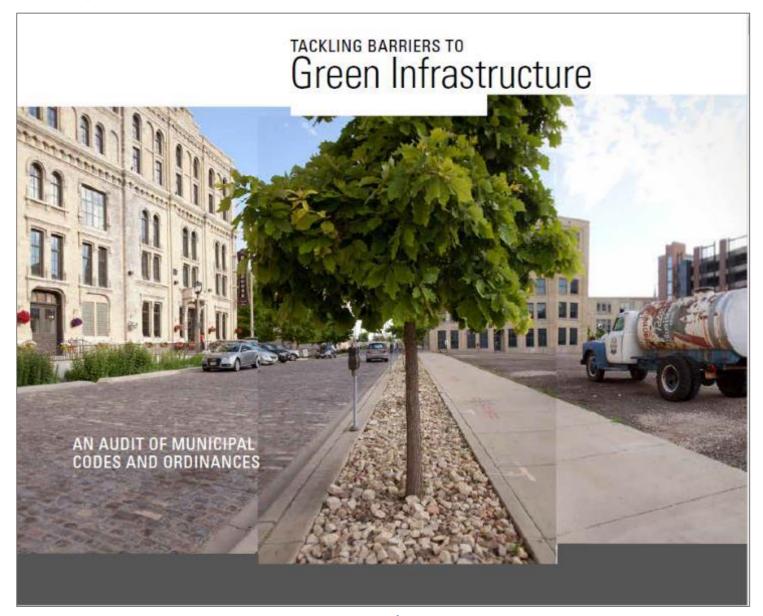
What's the Impact: Substituting Deep Rooted Plantings for Turf



74% runoff volume reduction

64% total suspended solids reduction

...Yes, codes matter and we can do better!



www.seagrant.wisc.edu/greeninfrastructure

What makes this audit unique?



One code to rule them all....

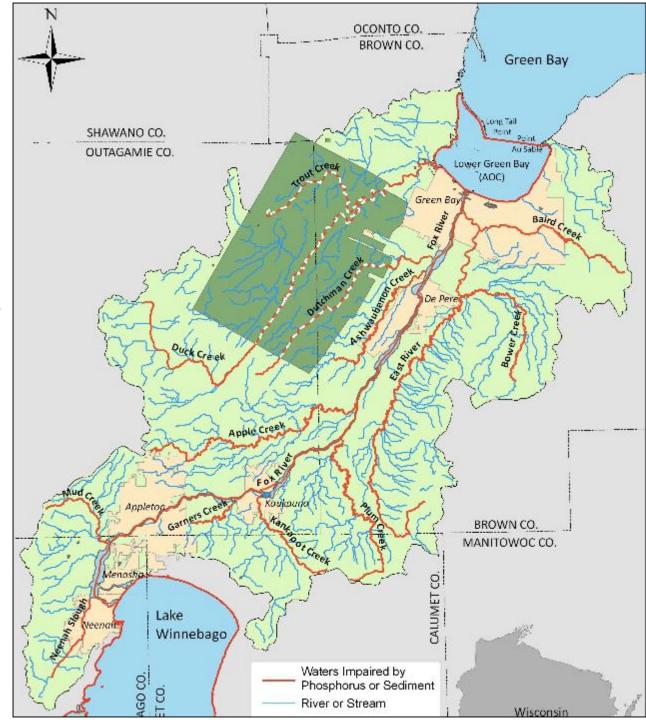






Stormwater Permit?

Pollution Limit? (e.g., TMDLs)



Hazards?



Community Identity and Character?











Green
Infrastructure
Usage?

Acceptance?



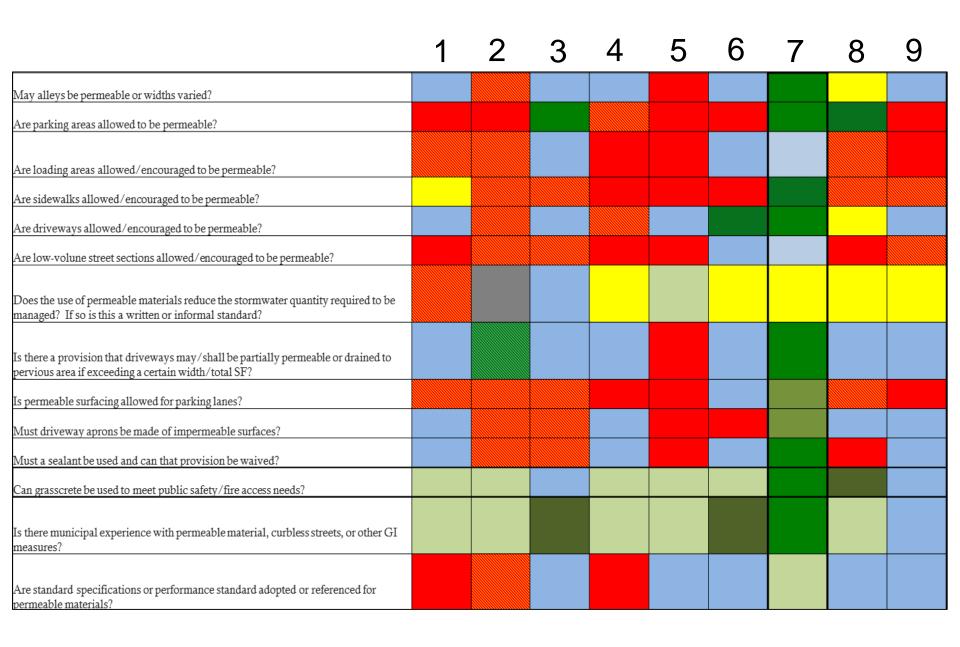
Down in the weeds



Nuanced Code Ranking

GI Limitations GI GI GI GI No policy practice practice practice or practice practice clearly allowable prohibitive prohibited or allowed mentioned allowed standards but some language, or with but w/o ambiguity adopted, but could prevented and discretion standards approved potentially but not by or ary or disallowed conflicting as-ofpotential be guidance approval right conflict code approved

Permeable Materials



- ✓ ARCHITECTURAL DESIGN STANDARDS
- ✓ COASTAL COMMUNITIES
- ✓ COMMUNITY OUTREACH AND EDUCATION
- ✓ CONSTRUCTION AND POST-CONSTRUCTION MANAGEMENT
- ✓ LANDSCAPING
- **✓ PARKING**
- ✓ PERMEABLE MATERIALS
- ✓ POLLUTANT REDUCTION THROUGH SITE PLAN REVIEW
- ✓ POST-CONSTRUCTION STORMWATER STANDARDS AND LONG-TERM MAINTENANCE

15 Code Topics

- ✓ PUBLIC WORKS STANDARDS
- ✓ PURPOSE STATEMENTS AND COMMUNITY PLANS
- ✓ SANITARY AND STORM SEWER DISCONNECTIONS
- ✓ STORMWATER MANAGEMENT STANDARDS
- ✓ SUBDIVISIONS AND NEW "GREENFIELD" DEVELOPMENT
- **✓** ZONING

Nuanced Code Ranking



Juli Beth Hinds, Birchline Planning, LLC

A +	Practice is enabled and described specifically; clearly allowed and approved as-of-right
А	Practice is specifically allowable/ as-of-right approval, but some ambi- guity or potential conflict
A –	Practice is enabled or encouraged, with discretionary approval
В	Practice is mentioned but without standards or guidance for use
С	No policy or standards adopted, but not disallowed
D	Limitations or prohibitive language in the code, but could potentially be approved
F	Practice prohibited by code language, or an active conflict would prevent approval

Landscaping

Audit Question	Type of Barrier	Tips	Grade
Is the use of deep- rooted or native plants, plants with habitat value, or edibles allowed or encouraged in the landscaping standards?	Landscape standards Design guidelines	Explicitly listing desired types of landscaping in the regulations tells site planners up front that the community encourages these types of plantings.	Α-

Green Infrastructure Audit Tool Report Card

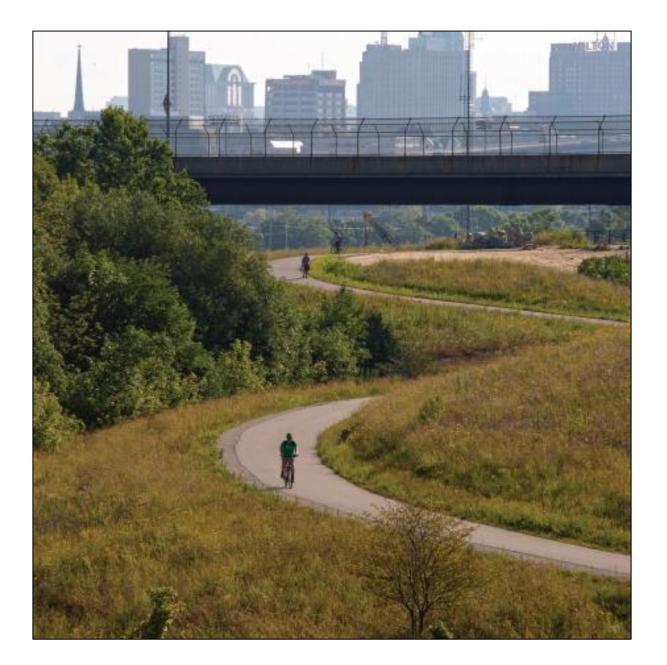
ARCHITECTURAL DESIGN STANDARDS

- A Are rainwater-harvesting and stormwater-control elements acknowledged in design standards?
- B Are green infrastructure practices suitable for high-density areas (e.g., planter boxes, cisterns) allowed to extend into the right-of-way or onto sidewalks?
- C Do design standards allow siting of stormwater-control measures along façade?
- B Do standards allow for the waiver of design or architectural provisions to accommodate stormwater-control measures (planters, cisterns, green roofs, etc.)?
- D Are pitched roofs required? If so, is a waiver or provision for green roofs or rainwater harvesting made?
- C Are green infrastructure practices suitable for high-density areas allowed or encouraged in streetscapes (e.g., tree boxes, sidewalk bioretention areas, curb bump-outs)?



"How do I choose?!"

What code changes will meet the community's goals?



Current and future development?





No Near-term Development or Redevelopment?



Thank you!

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