

# **2019 WI Lakes Convention**

## **Technical Session**

### **Surface Water Grants**

#### **NR 193 Rule Consolidation**

Carroll Schaal

Bureau of Water Quality

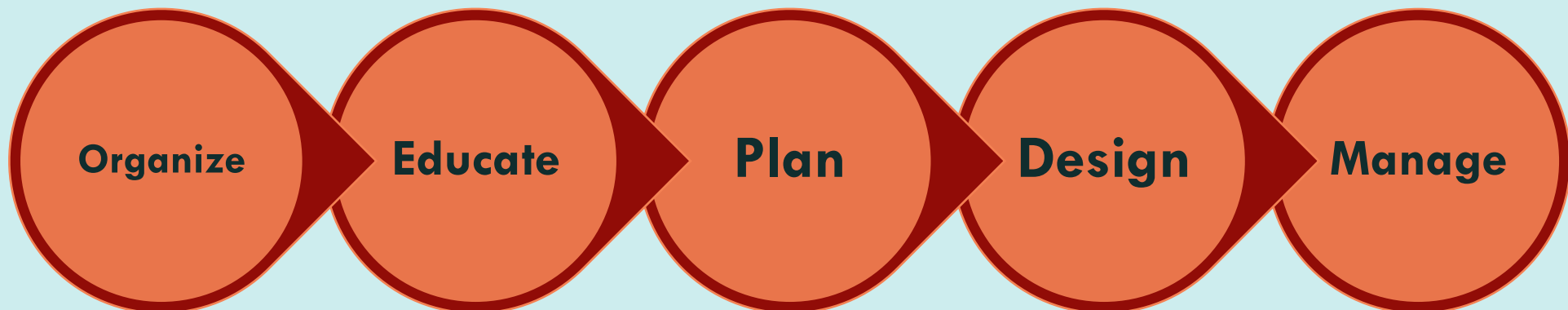
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Bureau of Community Financial Assistance

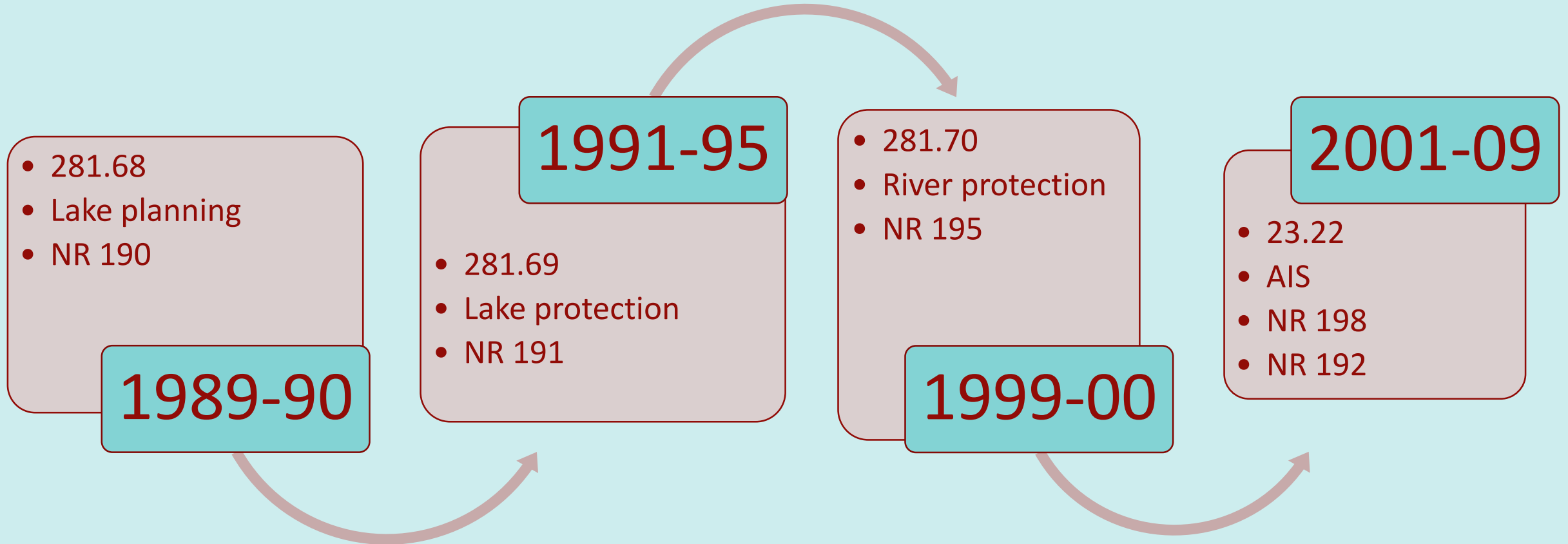
## The surface water grant program

Helps communities protect and improve waterbodies,

by supporting surface water management, from start to finish



# Statutory and Administrative Code History





## Current Program 5 related rules

- NR198** AIS Prevention & Control
- NR195** River Protection
- NR190** Lake Planning
- NR191** Lake Protection
- NR192** Lake Mon. Contracts & Citizen Monitoring Network



# Current Program

## Planning

- Lake Planning
  - \$3,000
  - \$10,000
  - \$25,000
- River Planning
  - \$10,000
- AIS Education, Prevention & Planning
  - \$10,000
  - \$50,000
  - \$150,000
- Clean Boats, Clean Water (Watercraft Inspection)
  - \$4,000 (per 200 hours)

## Management

- Lake Protection
  - Land Acquisition \$200,000
  - Plan Implementation \$200,000
  - Wetland/Shoreland Restoration \$100,000
  - Healthy Lakes \$1,000 per practice
- River Protection
  - \$50,000
- AIS Control
  - \$200,000

\$6.5M  
 Boat Fuel Tax

# Goals of NR 193

190 + 191 + 192 + 195 + 198 = 193

- **Unite** programs under a consistent set of rules
  - E.g. eligible grantees, cost-share rates, align activities across programs
- Streamlined, predictable, flexible processes
- Support management at the **watershed** scale

## Lakes + wetlands + rivers = Surface Water

- **Update** program to current standards
  - Methods, management practices, statutory changes, science based
- Enhance accountability, allow for **performance** standards

# Many Things Remain the Same

## Planning

- Help communities understand the condition of lakes, rivers and wetlands
- Plan management actions to protect and restore lakes, rivers and wetlands

## Management

- Help communities improve water quality and lake, river and wetland condition
- Control aquatic invasive species

Eligible Applicants (Sponsors) Same (Essentially) – Alignment not perfect

Projects and activities largely same - re-organized with updated language



# **FLEXIBILITY: Lakes & Rivers and Wetlands = Ecosystems**





# Organization of Chapter NR 193

Subchapter 1	General Provisions	pp 07 – 45
Subchapter 2	Education & Planning	pp 45 – 49
Subchapter 3	County Lake Grants	pp 49 – 51
Subchapter 4	Surface Water Management	pp 51 – 57
Subchapter 5	AIS Control	pp 57 – 60
Subchapter 6	Monitoring/Protection Contracts	pp 60 – 64
Subchapter 7	Land Acquisition	pp 64 – 74

# General Provisions: Financial Administration & Applicant & Department Responsibilities

## Goals:

- Stream line and improve program consistency
- Increase flexibility of grant funds - spent responsibly
- Codify current practices
- Simplify and make language consistent between grant programs
  - Examples: Applicant, grantee, DNR cost-share rate, grantee match, and grant award amount used throughout

# Grant Max, Cost Share & Advance Payments

## Planning & Education

Education	\$ 5,000*
River Planning	\$10,000
Lake Planning	\$25,000
County Grants*	\$50,000
Clean Boats, Clean Waters*	\$24,000*

\* Change

- 67% State Share / 33% Grantee
- 75% Advance
- No partial reimbursements
- 25% Final payment
- Remove \$100,000 lifetime lake planning cap

# Management = 75% State Share

25% Advance\* w/ \$25,000 max Partial Payment OK

## Water Quality & Habitat

Healthy Lakes & Rivers*	\$ 25,000
Wet/Shore/Stream*	\$100,000
Wetland Incentive	\$ 10,000
Lake Plan Imp & Land Acq.	\$200,000
River Plan Imp & Land Acq	\$ 50,000

## AIS

Early Detection & Response	\$25,000
Small-Scale*	\$50,000
Large-Scale	\$150,000*
Research & Demonstration	\$500,000

# Applications & Project Selection

- Application deadline out of code
  - Publish in Guidance post on website 90 days before deadline
- DNR staff to determine best funding source and assign applications to appropriate subprograms
- May return applications below a minimum scoring threshold
- May request additional information as part of a complete application
- Priorities out of code and published in Guidance 90 days advance
- Ability to deny all or part of a request for funding



# General Provisions – Clarifications

Depreciation - Capital Assets = equipment costing  $\geq$  \$5,000

- Includes customized equipment where the sum of the components is equal to or exceeds \$5,000.
- Established approved methods of disposal for equipment and capital assets
- Specifies when repayment may be owed to the department
- Standard grant agreement conditions now in code
- Permits must be submitted with 1<sup>st</sup> reimbursement
  - Previously before project implementation
- Scope amendments will require signatures

# Performance & Consistency

- Minimum training requirements for collection of water quality and aquatic plant some project implementation activities
- Require contracts between grantee and service providers for some services
- Projects must use department-approved protocols or submit plan for approval for some activities e.g. monitoring, modelling, assessments
- May request progress reports outside of reimbursement submissions to assure progress
- Standardized projects and reporting

# Performance

- Limit administrative costs to 10% of grant award amount
  - Administrative costs: salary/fringe of immediate supervisor of staff implementing the project, grantee accountant, payroll, purchasing agent, legal counsel.
  - Hold all administrative costs for final reimbursement

## Cost Containment Section

- Grantee required to implement a cost containment measure defined in code for practices identified in grant agreement.
- Grantee must identify the cost containment method used at reimbursement
  - e.g. bids, quotes, flat rates, average costs, etc.

# General Provision – Misc

- Audits may be conducted
- Standard equipment installation costs
- Volunteers must be at least 14
- Sets rates for some equipment costs not covered under WI DOT Guidelines

# Education & Planning

## EDUCATION PROJECTS

- Surface water information & education
- AIS information, education and inspection programs
- Training & skill development
- Organization development
- River management organization formation



# Education & Planning

## PLANNING PROJECTS

- Preparing to plan
- Organization & community assessment
  
- Water quality assessment
- Watershed assessment
- Aquatic life assessment
- Management plan development

SOCIAL

TECHNICAL

# County Lake Grants – “retooled”

PURPOSE: Support **Lake Classification Projects** for counties to update and improve lake information, allow use classifications, and implement protection activities.

## Two Project Types

1. “Classification” becomes a lake mapping and information project to improve County information about lakes and identify protection needs and priorities i.e. a “lake protection plan”
2. “Implementation” of identified protection projects

# Surface Water Management

**PURPOSE:** Implement protection or improvement projects in surface waters and aquatic ecosystems.

- Healthy lakes and rivers
- Shoreland projects
- Littoral and in-stream projects
- Wetland restoration
- Management plan implementation projects

# What's different?

- Shorelands & Wetlands Littoral & In-Stream
  - **Expanded Updated** list of activities that don't require a plan.
  - Establishes technical standards
- Management plan implementation projects
  - Same application and plan approval process
  - **Streamlined** approval process focusses on recommendations, not the whole plan
    - Expanded plan eligibility.
  - “Applied implementation” projects support science-based management
- Lake and River Land Acquisition merged in subchapter

# Aquatic Invasive Species Control

## Early Detection & Response (\$25,000)

- One grant per population (restricted species) Planning included.
- Department control approved when likely to be effective

## Established AIS control projects (\$50,000)

- Small-scale population management
- Actions unlikely to affect the entire lake, stream reach or wetland

## Large-scale management (\$150,000)

- Long-term multi-season control in a substantial portion of lake, stream reach or wetland



# **Aquatic Invasive Species Control**

## **Manage AIS populations via integrated pest management” (IPM)**

- Effective ecosystem-based management strategy
- Focus on long-term control
- Consider all available control methods
- Informed by ecological info on life cycles and interactions
- Practices include more than one of the following:

Prevention

Biological Control

Herbicide application

Biomanipulation

Nutrient Management

Habitat Manipulation

Water Level Manipulation

Mechanical Removal

Population Monitoring

Other approved methods

# Lake monitoring & protection contracts AKA “Protection Network”

**PURPOSE:** Administer contracts for the creation and support of a statewide lake monitoring and protection network.

- 20% of grant funds may be used
- Support volunteer network
- Replaces need for grants
- Continuous coverage and more reliable funding sources
- Annual contracts based on an Allocation model

# Lake monitoring & protection contracts

## Provide Oversight & Support for Network Activities

- Method development and training
- Tracking, coordination
- Data management
- Laboratory analyses

## Network activities include:

- WQ monitoring
- AIS detection
- Watercraft inspection
- Technical assistance to AIS grantees
- Purple Loosestrife Bio Control
- Outreach training and communication

**PAUSE**

# Rule promulgation timeline

Economic Impact Analysis Comment

Mar

Comment period ended 3/26

Revise and Finalize EIA

April

NRB Passive Review for Hearing Approval

May

Leg Council Review of Rule (20 working days)

June

Public Comment/Hearing

June-July

Comment period ~30 days

NRB Adoption

Fall

Governor Approval

Fall

Legislature review

Winter

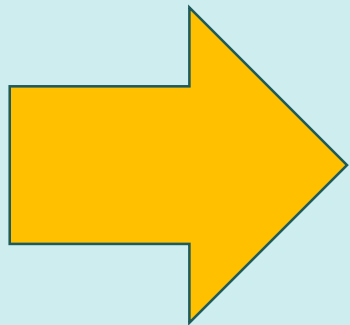
Published

Spring, 2020

**Scope**  
**expires 04**  
**Feb, 2020**

# Thanks!

## Questions and Discussion



[NR193 Website](#)



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