Erosion Vulnerability Index

Evaluating the Vulnerability of Forested Lands to Erosion in the Upper Couderay River Watershed at the Parcel Level

Presented by

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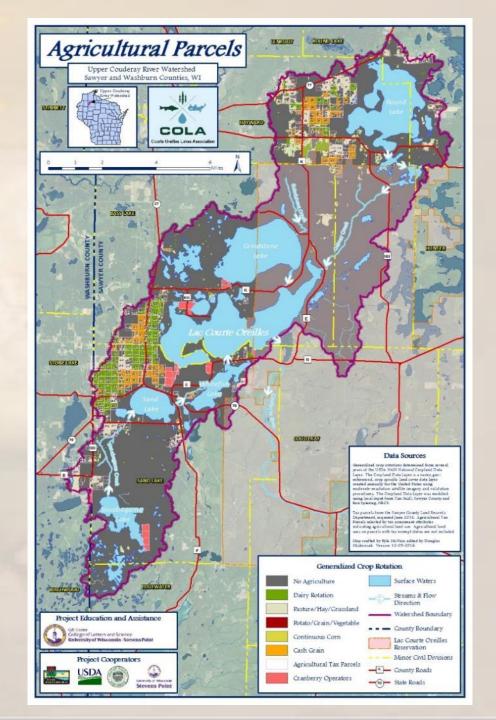






Lac Courte Oreilles

- Upper Couderay River Watershed
 - 125 square miles
 - Five Cranberry Bogs
 - > 8,000 Acres of Agriculture
 - >4,600 Acres of Development
 - > 30,000 Acres of Forest
- All water flows to Lac Courte Oreilles –
 All share/contribute nutrients to the commons.



LCO: A Two-Story Fishery



70+ F

9 ppm



O ppm

< 50 F



2nd Story
Warm Eplimnion





1st Story

Cold Thermocline (Metalimnion)



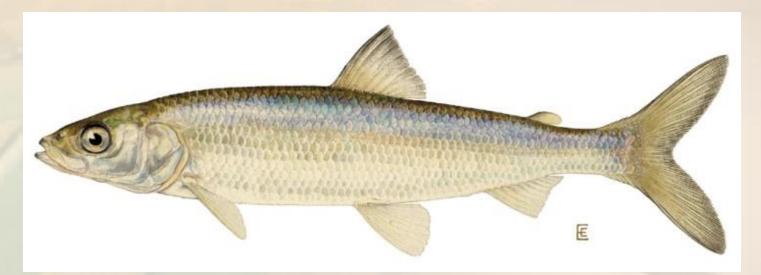


Basement
Super Cold Hypolimnion



Cisco (aka Tulibee or Lake Herring)

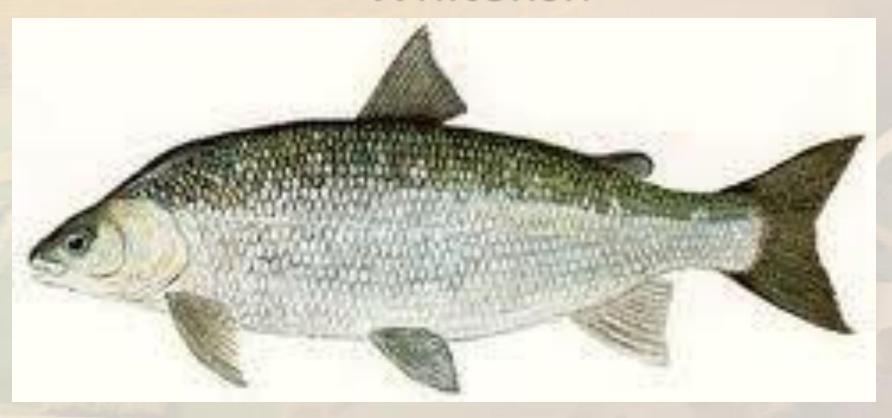




<u>Cisco</u> are suspending planktivores- found through-out the thermocline (all of 1st story, including center of the room, and not just along the walls.) Moderately abundant and smallish in LCO. Small cisco tend to be long and look very smelt-like. Size is usually an index of density. Big cisco come from small populations. Excellent forage fish for just about anything. Move upstairs to 2nd story, in evening, to feed, and to be preyed upon by warm water fish.

Whitefish





<u>Lake Whitefish-</u>Cold, well-oxygenated water, close to bottom. Live a long time and grow big in LCO. Not abundant. Deep-bodied. Summer habitat is already severely limited- perimeter of thermocline (walls of 1st story). More omniverous than cisco, but also capable of eating zooplankton. Considered one of the world's best eating fish. Commercial fisheries in some waters.

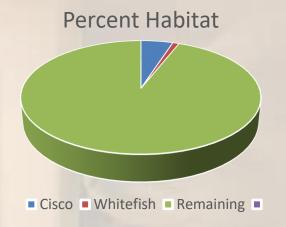
How Rare is the LCO Fishery?



- Wisconsin has...
 - 15,089 lakes
 - 7,000+ lakes with fisheries
 - 200 two-story fisheries (3%)
 - 100 self-sustaining two-story fisheries (1%)
 - –5 Outstanding Resource Waters with Cisco AND Whitefish

Cold Water Habitat in LCO

- Existing Habitat
 - 5.0% of LCO Volume is Suitable to Cisco
 - 0.25% of LCO Volume is Suitable to Whitefish



- Factors Threatening Cisco and Whitefish Habitat
 - Temperature
 - Warm September No Escape Hatch for Cold Water Fish
 - DO₂ and Excessive Nutrients
 - Phosphorus Fosters Excessive Plant Growth
 - Anerobic bacteria breaking down decaying plants consume O₂



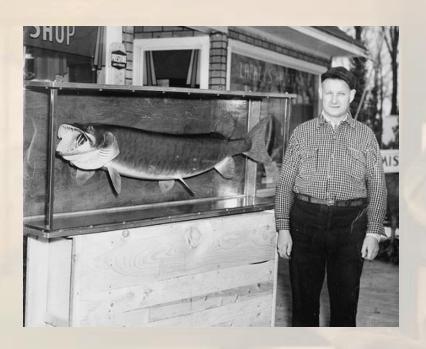
What's at Risk up the Foodchain?



Lac Courte Oreilles 1940 Louie Spray World Record Muskie 61 lbs. 13 oz.

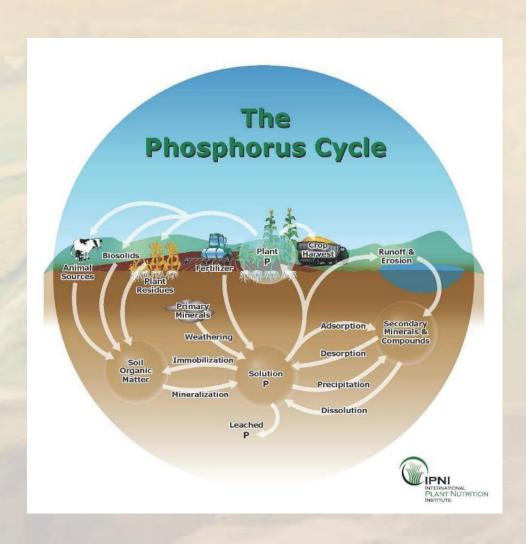


Lac Courte Oreilles 1949 Cal Johnson World Record Muskie 69 lbs. 8 oz.



http://www.gmmoorebooks.com/portfolio?lightbox=i41wss http://www.freshwater-fishing.org/

Phosphorus



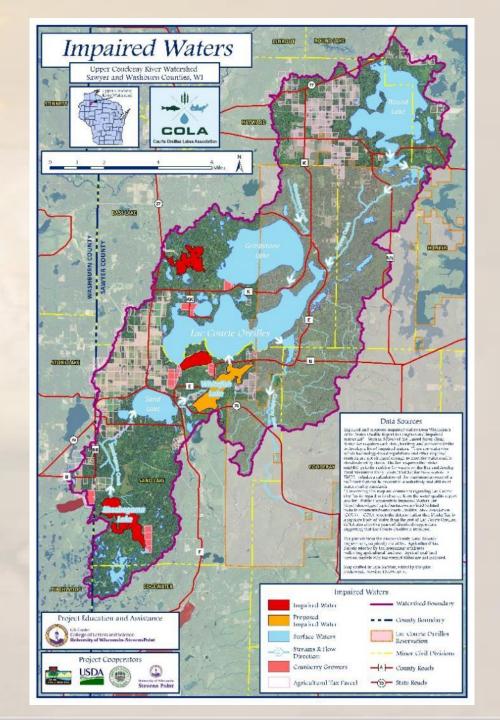
- A nutrient essential to plant growth (including aquatic plants)
- A nutrient generally bound
 - Microorganisms break down organics (plant residue, manure etc)
 - Mineralization
 - Mineralization released by sediments
 - Inorganic P can be dissolved in water
- Excessive P leads to eutrophication in water bodies

Phosphorus, Clean Water Act and LCO

- Clean Water Act Objective: restoration and maintenance of the chemical, physical and biological integrity of the country's water.
- Section 303(d) requires states to identify waters within their state where current pollution control technologies alone cannot meet the water quality standards set for that waterbody.
 - Two-story stratified fisheries have a current standard of 15ppb total phosphorus (TP)
 - NR102.06 (4)(b)1 (2010)
 - EPA Approved the Rule in 2012

Phosphorus, Clean Water Act and LCO

- Musky Bay and Sissabagama Lake declared impaired waters
- Whitefish Lake is a proposed impaired water
- Musky Bay falsely separated from Lac Courte Oreilles
 - Shares a lake number WBIC 2390800
 - Shares over .33 miles
- Dissolved O₂ shown impaired on LCO



COLA



- Courte Oreilles Lakes Association
- Long term goal for TP for all LCO and natural bays is 10ppb (2014-proposed to WDNR)
 - Work with cranberry growers to eliminate discharges
 - Investigate dredging or chemical treatments (Technical Fixes)
 - Shore land development (buffers and septic tanks)
 - Land use in the LCO watershed
 - Forestry
 - Agricultural
 - Impervious surfaces

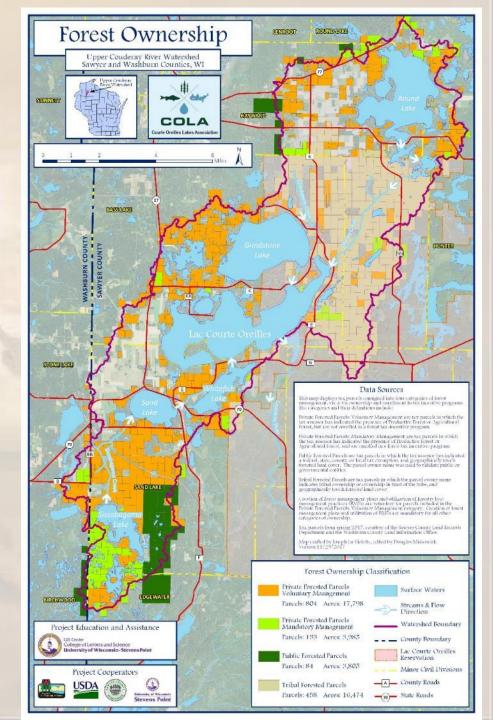
Project Phases

- 1. Inventory Forest Ownership
- 2. Inventory Erosion Vulnerability Factors
- 3. Landcover Classification and Even-Aged Timber
 Management Inventory
- 4. Development of Internet Tools
 - A) Mapping Tools for Foresters
 - B) Story Mapping

1. Inventory Forest Ownership

Forest Ownership Classification

- Creation and use of forest management plans are voluntary for parcels included in the Private Forested Parcels: Voluntary category
- Creation of forest management plans and use of BMPs are mandatory for all other ownership categories
 - Private Forested: Mandatory
 - Public Forested Parcels
 - Tribal Forested Parcels



2. Inventory Erosion Vulnerability Factors

Forestry Best Management Practices

- Forestry BMP Factors of Consideration
- <u>Sensitive Species Habitat</u>: includes forest, wetland, and aquatic habitat, all affected by forest practices
- <u>K-factor</u>: an encompassing soil erosion vulnerability index
- <u>Percent Slope</u>: steep slopes are prone to erosion
- <u>Trout Streams</u>: streams designated by the DNR, water temperature is critical
- <u>Lakes/Rivers/Streams</u>: The water quality found in these resources is a reflection of the management of our forests
- <u>Wetlands</u>: provide fish and wildlife habitat, flood protection, pollutant storage, other ecosystem services
- Additional Buffers: Riparian Management Zones and Wetland
 Filter Strips designed to further protect
 against runoff pollutants





Timber Management Sensitivity Index &

Hydrologic Sensitivity Index for Timber Management

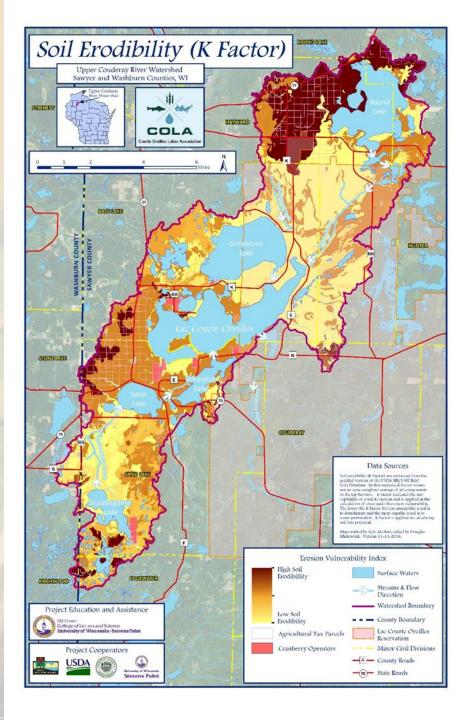
- Vulnerability Assessments for Forested Lands
 - designed to prioritize parcels within the watershed which may be vulnerable to the effects of timber management practices
 - Highlight parcels in a similar way but focusing on hydrologic features
 - Especially important to identify sensitive areas where management is not mandatory.



Data Sources

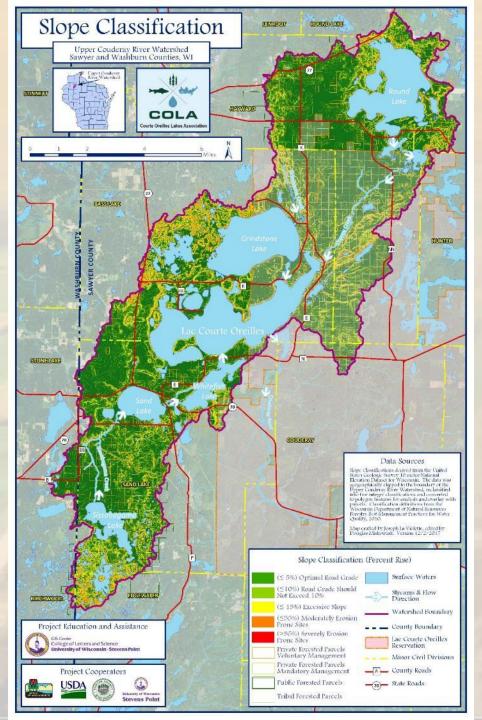
- Boundary
 - Upper Couderay River Watershed, LimnoTech.
- Parcel Boundaries
 - Sawyer County Land Records Dept. and Washburn County land Information office
- Digital Elevation Model
 - 10 Meter National Elevation Dataset,
 Natural Resources Conservation Service
- Soils (K Factor)
 - SSURGO Soils, Natural Resources
 Conservation Service
- Sensitive Species Presence
 - Natural Heritage Index, WI DNR

- Designated Trout Streams
 - WIDNR
- Lakes/Rivers/Streams
 - WI DNR hydrography geodatabase, central GIS data repository
- Landcover
 - WISCLAND2 from the WI DNR open GIS portal
- Wetlands
 - U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service and National Wetlands Inventory Index
- Ortho Imagery
 - Wisconsin View DOQQ for Sawyer and Washburn County 2005, 2010, 2015



K factor

- Indicates the susceptibility of a soil to erosion
- Examples
 - Clay rich soils are resistant to detachment
 .05 to .15
 - Sandy soils, though easily detached, have low runoff potential .05-.2
 - Silty soils are most easily erodible .25-.4
- Our Binary Classification
 - Parcels containing soils with K factor scores ≥.25 assigned a "1"

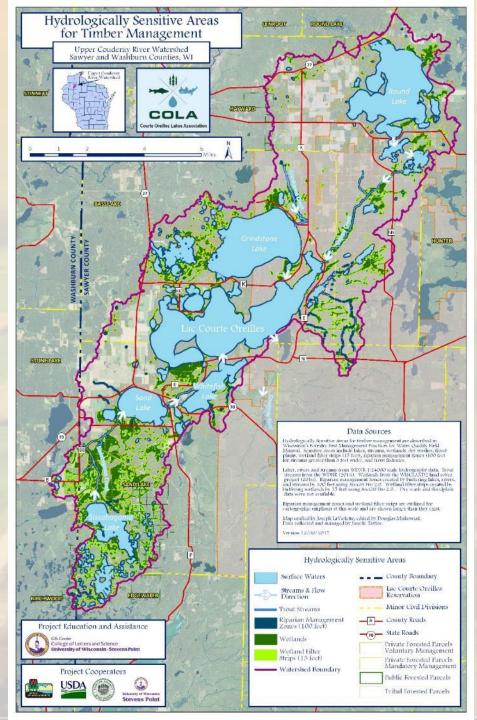


Slope

 Slope is an important factor of consideration not only for the risk of runoff potential, but also when planning access road construction

- BMPs

- Optimum road grades are ≤ 5%
- Road grades should not exceed 10%
- Forest soils occurring on 15%-35% slopes have a moderate erosion vulnerability rating
- Soils occurring on slopes ≥35% have a severe erosion vulnerability rating
- Our Classification considers 4 breaks as individual factors and assigns a binary "1" or "0" for each



Hydrologic Factors

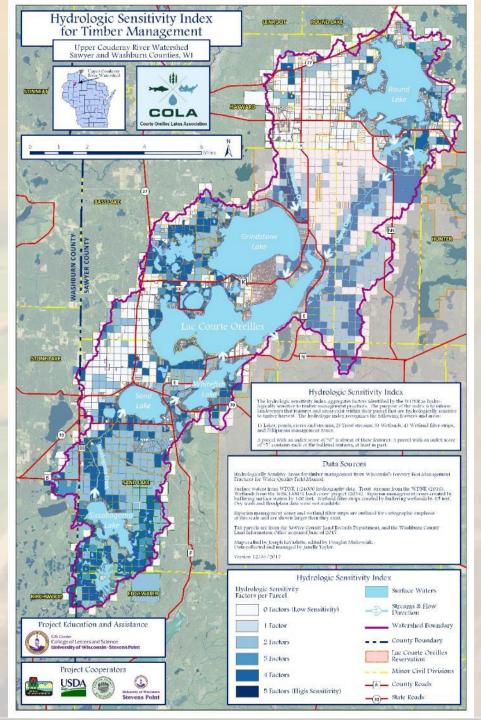
- Lakes/rivers/streams
 - Water features ≥3' in width must have a 100' buffer area we designate as a riparian management zone

Trout streams

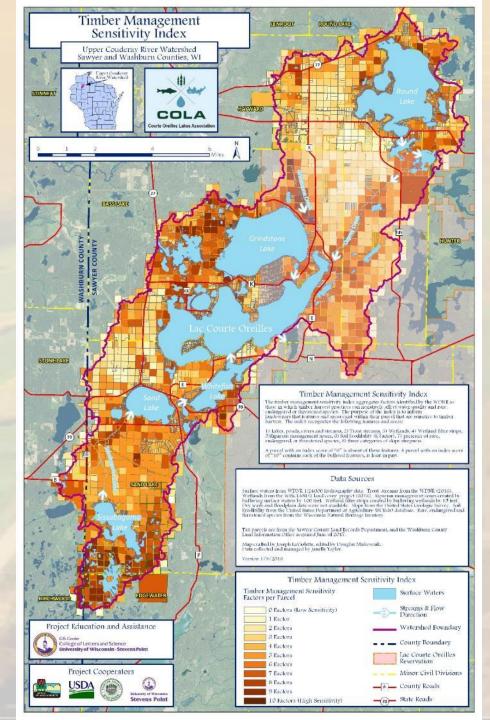
 Designated by the DNR, must have a 100' buffer area regardless of width

Wetlands

- Especially important habitat as well as ecosystem service provider
- Wetlands must have a 15' designated buffer area called: wetland filter strips

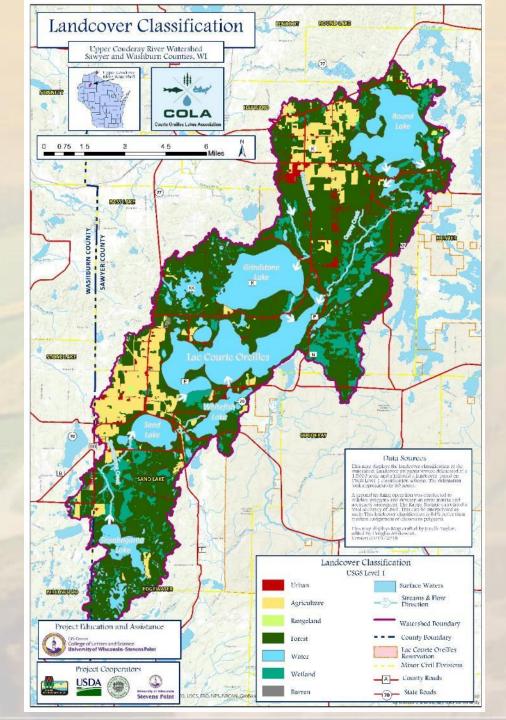


- Hydrologic Sensitivity Index for Timber Management
 - An ordinal representation of the number of sensitive hydrologic factors within parcels
 - Lakes/rivers/streams
 - Trout streams
 - Wetlands
 - Riparian management zones
 - Wetland filter strips
 - Intended to highlight parcels of concern and promote landowners to take a closer look at their own properties



- Timber Management Sensitivity Index
 - An ordinal representation of the number of sensitivity factors within parcels
 - Four ranks of percent slope
 - K factor
 - Wetland filter strips
 - Riparian management zones
 - Wetlands
 - Rivers/lakes/streams
 - Trout streams
 - Sensitive species presence
 - Intended to highlight parcels of concern and promote landowners to take a closer look at their own properties





- Landcover assessment
 - Digitized at 1:5,000 scale
 - Level 1 USGS classification
 - Approx. 80 hours of digitizing
 - Ground truthing and accuracy assessment using Kappa stat
 - 84% Total accuracy





Even-Aged Timber Management Year & Ownership Upper Couderay River Watershed Sawyer and Washburn Counties, Wi COLA Management (156.92 acres) Private Forested Mandators Lae Courfe Oreilles Public Forested (12.21 seres)

- · Identifying Areas of Even-aged Timber Management
 - Even-aged management types include:

Coppicing Seed-tree Clear-cuts







- Tested various remote sensing and visual techniques and ground truthing
- Looked at both year, and forest ownership class

Forest Ownership Class	Acres	Proportion
Null	165.319169	0.136534114
PRVM	34.86654105	0.028795646
PUB	12.20740779	0.010081877
PRV	156.9243136	0.129600954
TRB	841.5094068	0.694987409
Total	1210.826838	1

Year	Acres	Proportion
2005	235.1076389	0.194171149
2010	335.1433673	0.276788849
2015	640.5758322	0.529040001
Total	1210.826838	1

Timber Mangagement Clear Cuts	
Assessment	
Owner Name	
l	

Assessment	
Owner Name	
AMOS E & MABEL B MAST REVOC LIVING TRUST	
BARRY R & DIANA J DELANEY	
BENJAMIN S & DEBRA G HERSHEY	

BENJAMIN S & DEBRA G HERSHEY

BENJAMIN S & DEBRA G HERSHEY

CARLSON REVOCABLE LIVING TRUST

DAROLD G & MARY E PETERSON

BERNARD P KADLEC

COLLEEN D PRESBREY

CARL LANGHAM

CARL LANGHAM

DAVID C ADAMS

DAVID C ADAMS

DAVID J QUADERER

DWIGHT M METCALF

DWIGHT M METCALF

DWIGHT M METCALF

DWIGHT M METCALF

DWIGHT M METCALF

DWIGHT M METCALF

FVEINC

F V E INC

F V E INC

F V E INC

F V E INC

FVEINC

FRISCH TRUST

GARY ROSSBACH

GRANDMA'S FARM LLC

GRANDMA'S FARM LLC

GRANDMA'S FARM LLC

GRANDMA'S FARM LLC

ESTATE OF VINCENT A FROEMEL

ESTATE OF VINCENT A FROEMEL

GERALD E & DEANNE FROEMEL

GERALD O & CHRISTINA A FROEMEL

Acres

0.0013154

0.7450680

1.2688500

0.7921340

1.6337500

0.0082877

8.2013900

20.4784000

0.0137615

8.3896300

0.0019567

0.1212550

0.1287100

0.0412540

2.1403800

0.0107771

12.0041000

0.2127770

8.7770600

0.2388730

0.2260570

4.4787900

1.5998400

2.4366700

1.7005900

0.0003951

0.0004733

0.0020293

0.0017916

0.0000358

14.3480000

3.0765800

0.0107677

0.0747700

0.0003547

0.0038780

1.8682400

1.4187000

0.1119920

Year

Sensitive

Species

Lake/River/Strea

m

Riparian

n

n

n

Mgmt Zone Filter Strip

Wetland

Wetland

Slope \geq 5% Slope \geq 10% Slope \geq 15% Slope \geq 35% T.M.S.I.

Trout

Stream

n

K factor

n

n

n

Forest Ownership | Parcel ID

String

Class

PRV

PRM

PRM

PRM

PRM

H.S.I.

n

4. Development of Internet Tools

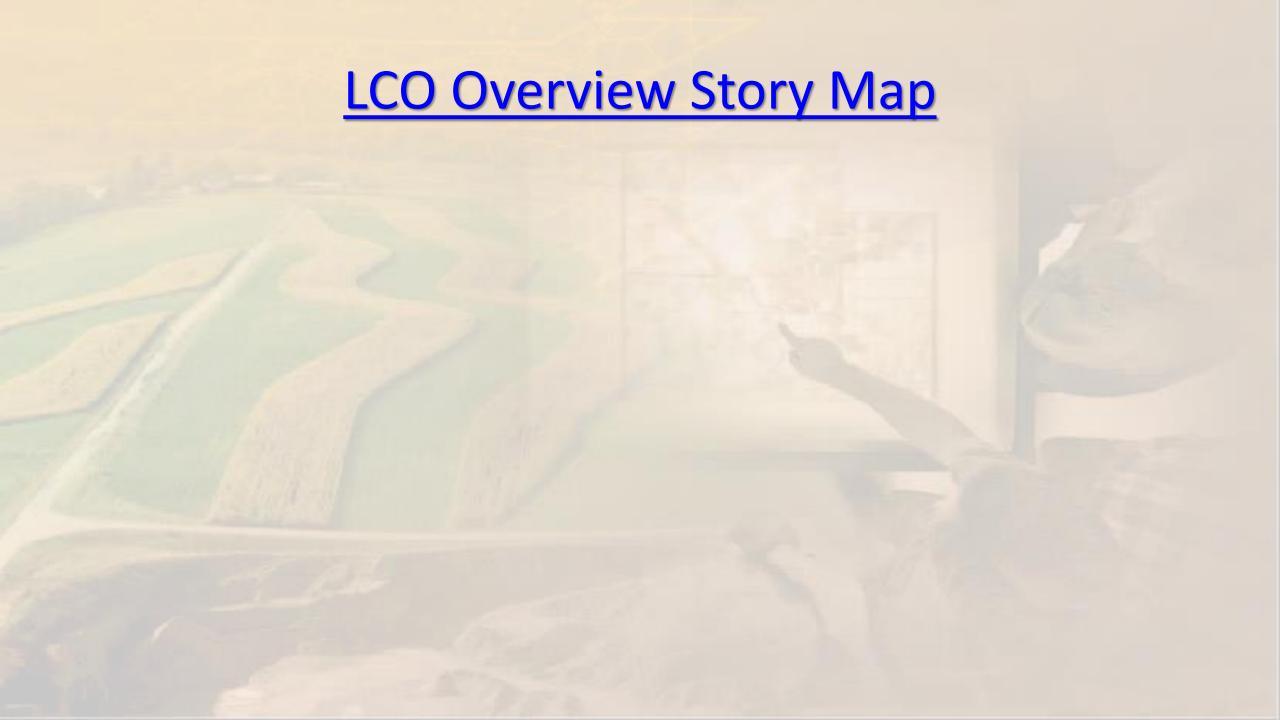
Internet Tools

Story Mapping

- Share the story of LCO
 - Water quality/hydrologic aspects
 - Fishery
 - Effects of land management
 - Improvement strategies
- A tool to engage with the public and promote personal stewardship of common resources

Mapping tools for Consulting Foresters

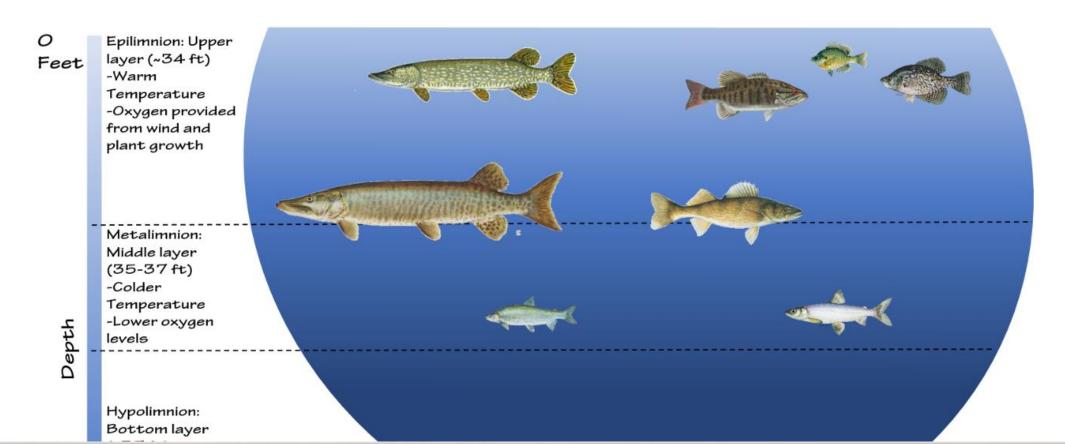
- Access to online maps to facilitate forest planning with BMPs
- User friendly for landowners
- Information available for individual parcels





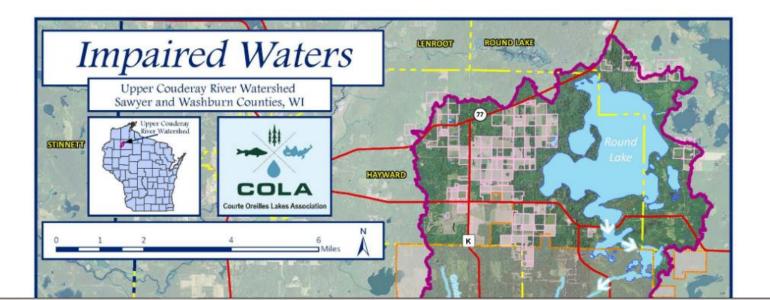
Lake Lac Courte Oreilles is a Two-Story Fishery

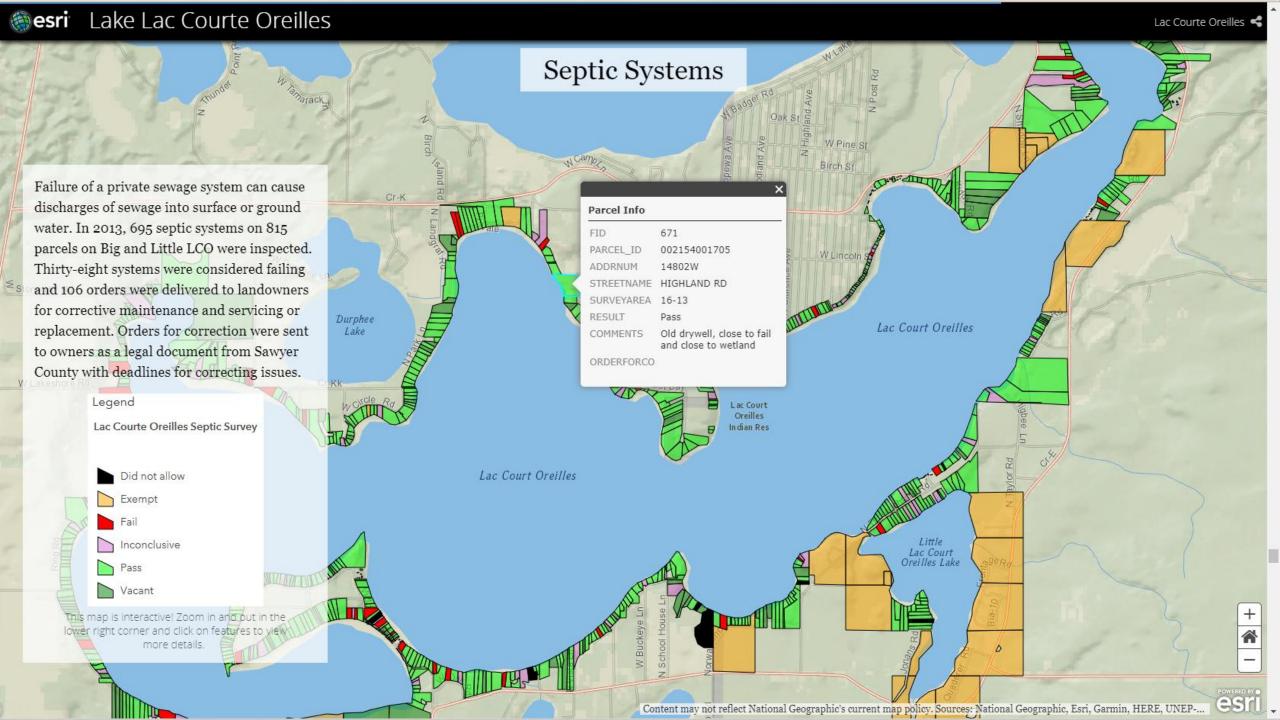
In two-story fisheries, warm-water and cold-water fish species coexist in the same water body.

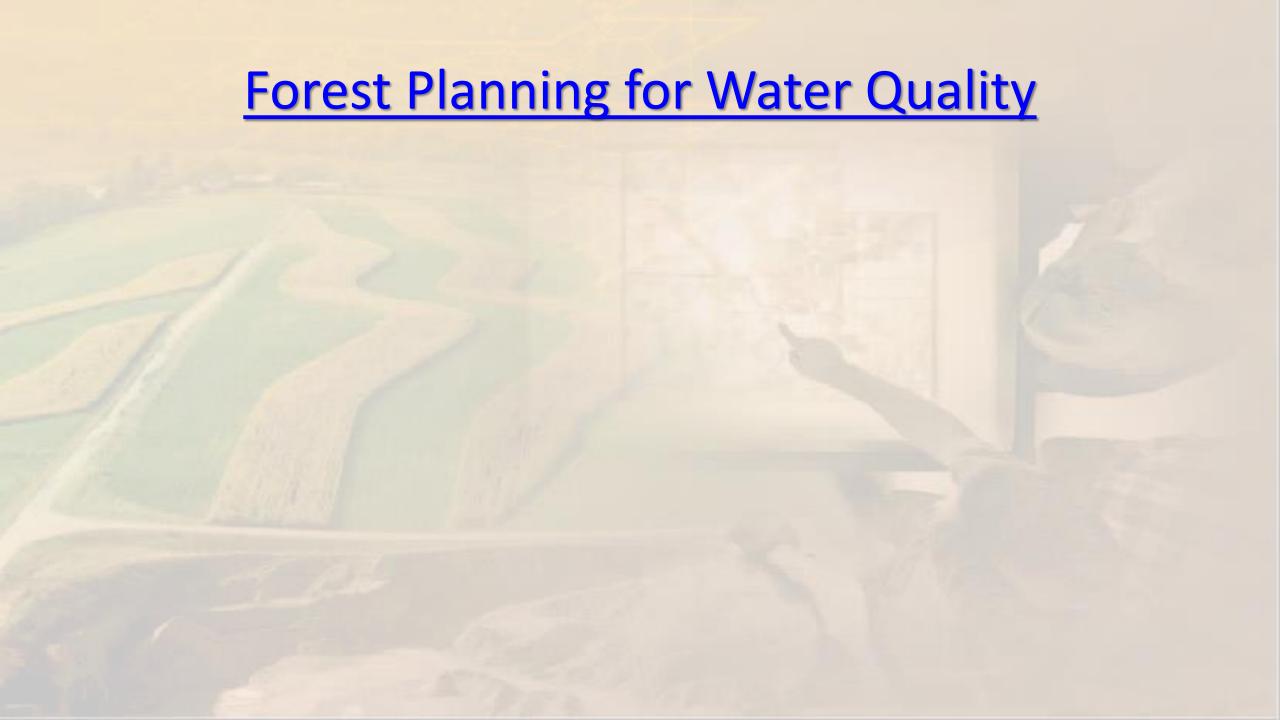


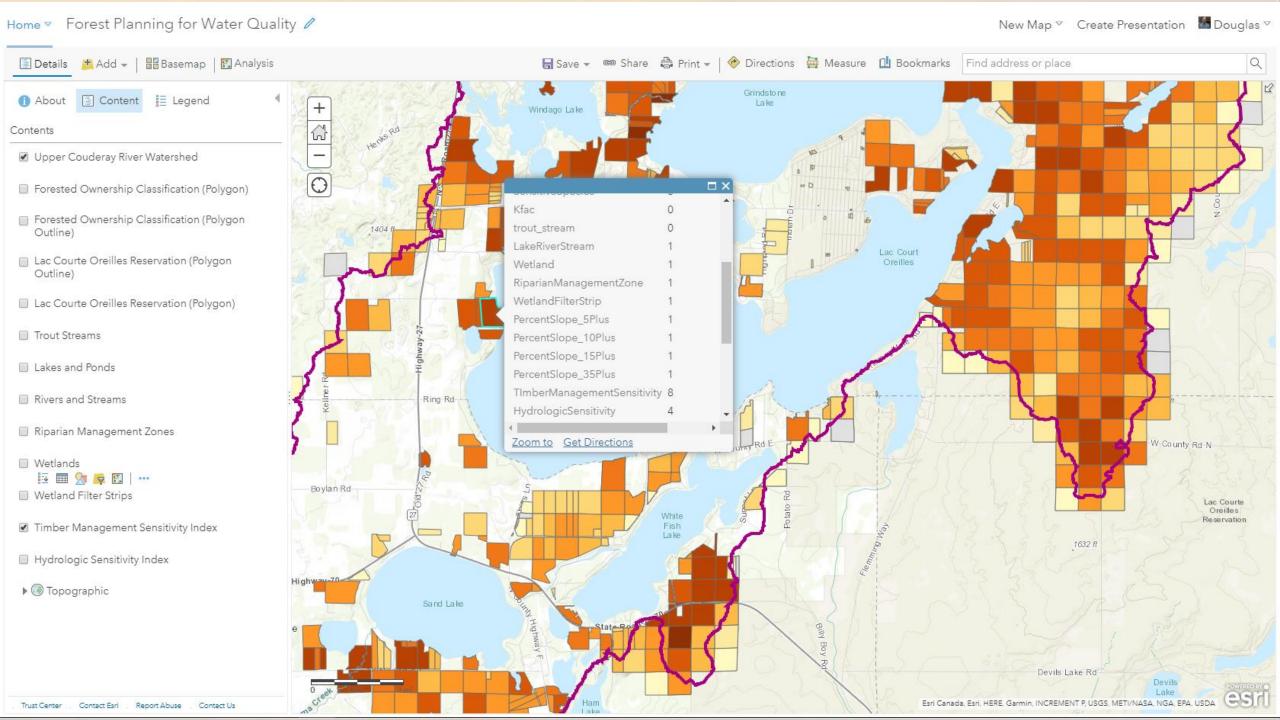
Impaired Water Status

Impaired water status means that a waterbody does not meet water quality standards and prompts action to restore conditions. Under the Clean Water Act 303(d), impaired waters are assigned priority for analyzing its Total Maximum Daily Load (TMDL) for phosphorus. A TMDL identifies the maximum amount of pollution that a water body can receive while still meeting water quality standards. LCO's watershed contains various surface waters that have been declared impaired. These waters include Windigo Lake, Sissabagama Lake, Whitefish Lake, and Musky Bay of LCO.









Forest Planning for Water Quality Forested Ownership Classification (Polygon Outline) Private Forest Mandatory Management Private Forest Voluntary Management Public Forest Tribal Forest **Riparian Management** Zones Wetlands **Wetland Filter Strips** 1341 ft esri

This map is designed for landowners and consulting foresters working in the Upper Couderay River Watershed to assist with forest planning for best practices and water quality protection.

300ft

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