RAPID RESPONSE & CONTROL POLICEMAN'S HELMET

Town of Richmond Shawano County, WI

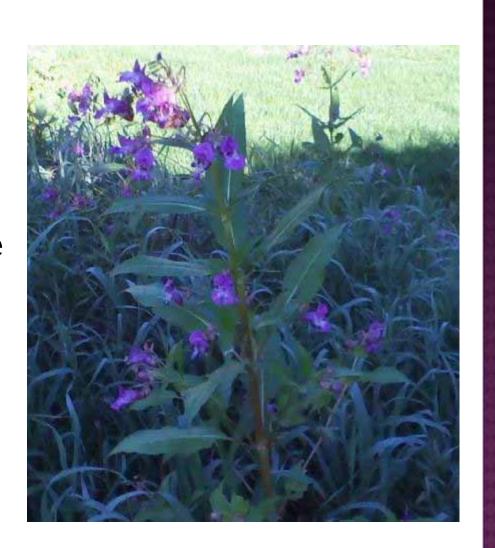
Jon Motquin Shawano County AIS Coordinator **Upper Midwest Invasive Species Conference** October 30, 2012

OUTLINE

- Identification
- Biology
- Ecological Impacts
- Distribution / Habitat
- Response Protocol
- Treatment Evaluation
- Lessons Learned

POLICEMAN'S HELMET

- Impatiens glandulifera
- First known WI occurrence
- Himalayan native



DESCRIPTION

- Annual
- Grows 3 7 feet tall
- Stout plant





DESCRIPTION

- Hollow upright stems with red/purple tinge
- Prominent Nodes
- Large lanceolate leaf with serrated edges







DESCRIPTION

- Irregular 5-part flower
- Resembles English
 Policeman Helmet

Flower can range from white to pink to

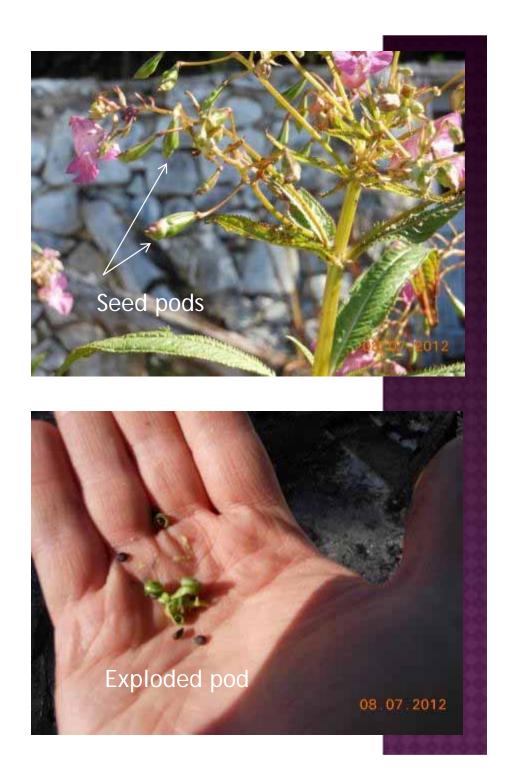
k flowers

purple



BIOLOGY

- Flowers mid-June to October
- Reproduces by seed
 - Capsules "explode" with slightest touch



BIOLOGY

- Seeds can remain viable for 2 growing seasons
- Float and can germinate elsewhere
- Evidence of deer browse on and transport of species





IMPACTS

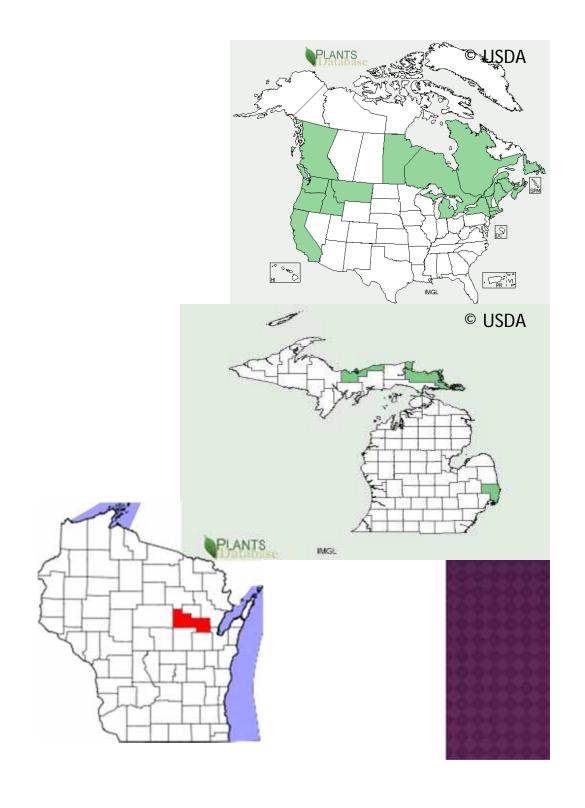
- Classified as "highly invasive" in England and several US states
- Displaces beneficial native species
- Displaces lawns and other landscaping plants
- Contributes to both flooding & erosion





DISTRIBUTION

- Found throughout northern US and Canada
- Found in similar climate (and colder) to WI
- Pioneer population in Shawano County
 - Introduced by seeds from United Kingdom



HABITAT

- Riparian areas
- Gardens
- Moist/wet woodlands
- Tolerant of many soil types
- Thrives in both partial shade & sun



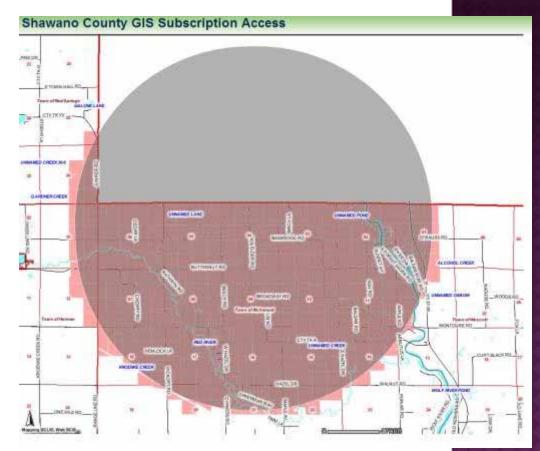


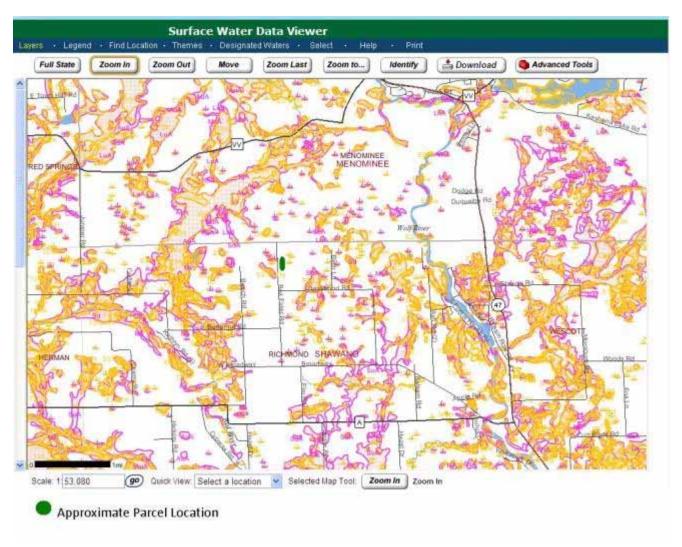


- Shawano County received U.S.
 Forest Service Suppression Grant for control
- PH colony on 20 acre parcel
- Three mile radius survey area established



- Survey roadsides in 2011 & 2012
 - County staff
 - Town of Richmond mowing operations
- Surveyed river corridors where possible
 - Managed Forest Law properties
 - Land Trust properties
 - Land owner permission





- Direct mailing to ~500 property owners
- Town board presentations
- Offered plant ID services
 - Electronic photos
 - Plant samples to office
 - On-site visits



- Menominee Tribe of Indians surveyed tribal properties
 - Game trails GPS-ed
- Entire parent parcel survey w/ 3 yard transect survey



TREATMENT EFFECTIVENESS



- Mechanical methods most efficient
 - Hand pulling
 - Mowing
 - Burning
- Chemical treatments
 - Proved ineffective

OTHER LESSONS LEARNED

- Great method to map other invasive species
- Aggressive 'hands on' approached resulted in high public participation



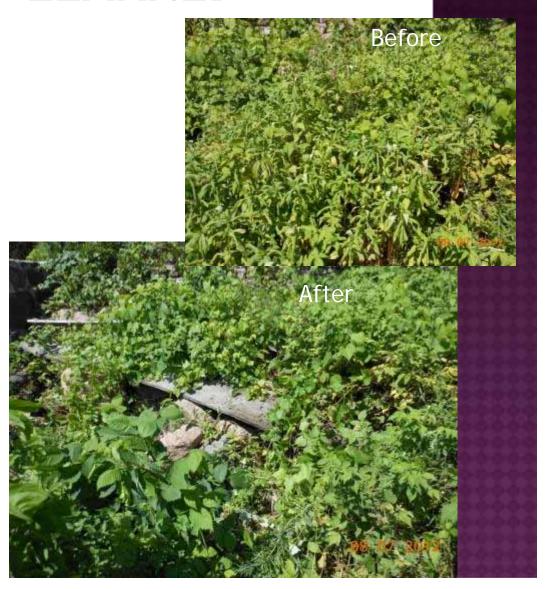
OTHER LESSONS LEARNED

- Second treatment year anticipated
 - Small plants missed
 - Dense growth
 - Woodlot not as heavily infested in '12
 - Small population left



OTHER LESSONS LEARNED

- Which other invasive species will invade?
 - Dame's rocket (Hesperis matronalis)
 - Burdock (Arctium minus)
 - Garlic mustard (Alliaria petiolata)
 - Buckthorns (Rhamnus sp.)
 - Bush honeysuckles (Lonicera sp.)



ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

- U.S. Forest Service
- Wisconsin DNR
- Menominee Tribe of Indians of Wisconsin
- Town of Richmond
- Northeast Wisconsin Land Trust
- Rawhide Boys Ranch
- Property owners



QUESTIONS

